A Secure Toolchain Competition

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Lee Badger Christopher Johnson

Computer Security Division NIST

Shawn Webb G2 Inc.

Carl Landwehr

GWU/LeMoyne College

Note: Any mention of a vendor or product is not an endorsement or recommendation.

Credit: The proposed competition is based on one of the ideas developed during the Designing a Secure Systems Engineering Competition (DESSEC) workshop run by NSF in 2010: Secure Development Tool Chain.

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Team and Idea Provenance

NIST	Lee Badger Christopher Johnson Murugiah Souppaya	Larry Keys Michael Bartock Jeffrey Cichonski
G2, Inc.	Daniel Shiplett Scott Wilson Shawn Webb	Roger Chapple Sean McGinnis
GWU/LeMoyne College	Carl Landwehr	
Provenance	Based on an idea from Designin Engineering Competition (DESS NSF in 2010: Secure Developm	SEC) workshop run by

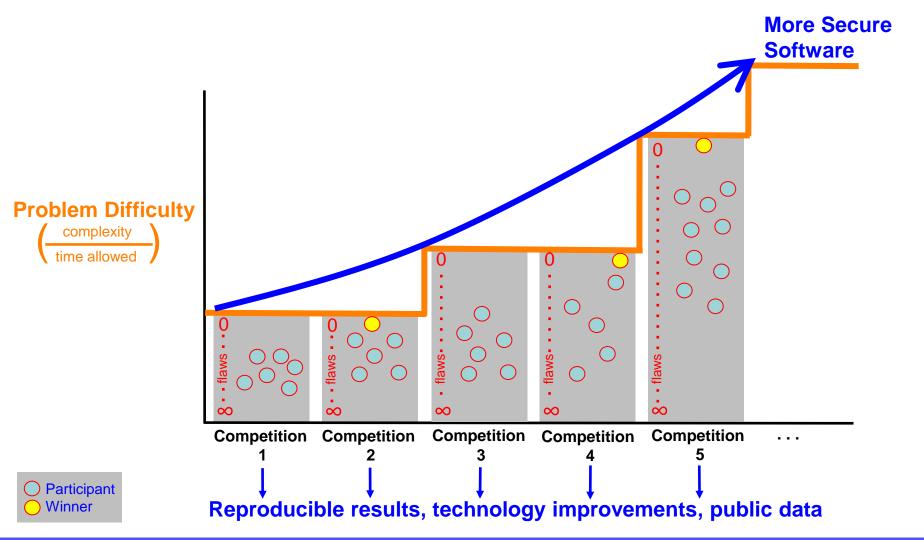


Agenda

- Overview and rationale slides.
- A worked example.
- Feedback from a dry run.
- Live Demonstration.
- Status and future plans.

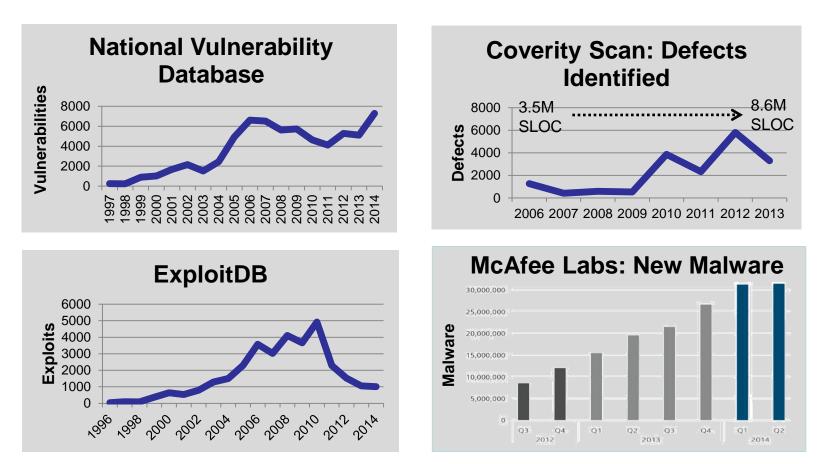


Objective: Secure Software Through Development Toolchain Competitions



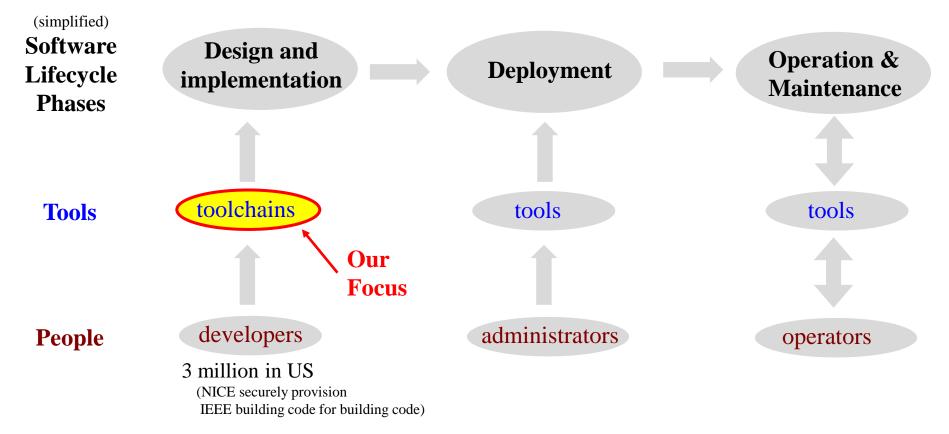
The Problem

- Vulnerabilities are routinely produced by millions of software developers.
- The resulting attacks undermine US competitiveness and security.



Credit: nvd.nist.gov, <u>www.exploit-db.com</u>, www.coverity.com, McAfee Labs, 2014.

Opportunities for Vulnerability Suppression/Mitigation



- Security-focused toolchain enhancements could have large downstream benefits.
- Developer training is also important, but **our focus is on the tools**.



What is a Toolchain?

toolchain A collection of software or hardware mechanisms that a software developer may use to produce a software entity that can execute on a specific platform.

Our working definition. Wikipedia has one too.

Some kinds of mechanisms:

Build environments	Libraries	Version control systems			
Compilers	Debuggers	Modeling tools			
Languages	Editors	Code generation tools			
Interpreters	Testing tools	Media authoring tools			
Frameworks	Linkers	Static analyzers			
Integrated development	t environments	Reverse engineering			



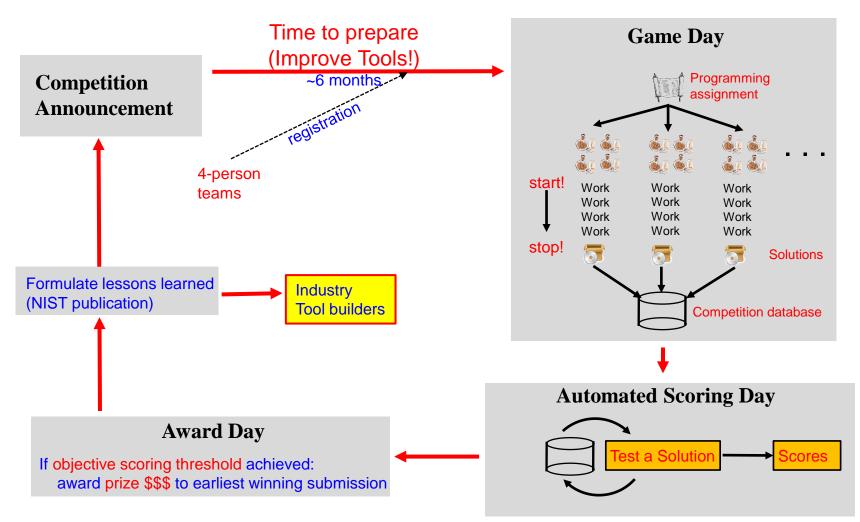
Some Toolchain Platforms

Android	iOS	Blackberry	MS Windows Version X	OS X	Linux
Solaris	Java Virtual Machines	MS .Net	Adobe Flash	Web Browser (e.g., ajax)	Arduino
Embeded	App X Loadable Modules	OS command line	and many	more	

- Improvements could reduce vulnerability production.
- But, how can we incentivize security improvements?



An Iterative Competition to Foster Improved Software Toolchains



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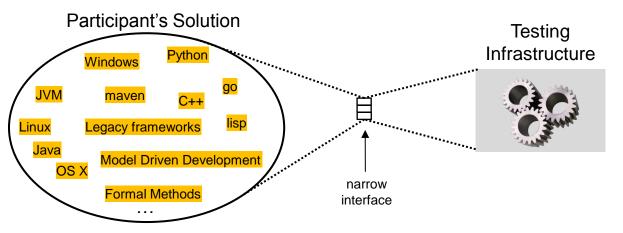
By Pearson Scott Foresman [Public domain], via Wikimedia Commons, gnome icon artists

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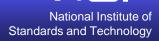
Start Demo

Goal: Identify and Measure the Most Effective Kinds of Development Tools

- To discover what works well, allow nearly all possibilities:
 - Any programming language
 - Any operating system (except in cell phones)
 - Any development methodology
 - Any test/analysis approach or tools
 - Any building-block components
 - E.g., existing frameworks, libraries, custom utilities



(Implies large submission packages)



Goal: Maximize Objectivity

- Mechanical scoring
 - All tests are formulated before game day
 - All solutions subjected to the same tests
- Public bulletin board for questions
- Scoring infrastructure source code published after the testing
- Goal: test results will be reproducible
 - (better than repeatable)
- Requirement: all test infrastructure software components must be free and available



A Challenge Problem (CP)

- Developed (but not disclosed) before Game Day
- Comprised of 3 parts:
 - Functional Specification of the program to develop. A white paper (<= 20 pages) with diagrams, <u>in English</u> (including major application states, protocol and data format descriptions).

2. Required Security Policy.

Confidentiality and integrity requirements, function availability requirements, authentication and access control requirements, <u>in English</u>. Rules of Engagement specifying permitted/prohibited actions.

Problem-specific Test Suite (revealed after Game Day)
 20 fully-automated application-specific pass/fail functional tests.
 20 fully-automated application-specific pass/fail security tests.
 Fuzz tester configured for the required external interfaces/features.



Initial Challenge Problem Types

• Command Line Interface (CLI)

- Standalone program, launched from an interactive session
- Can receive file, network, and user keyboard input
- Perform arbitrary functions; generate any data or protocol
- Few restrictions on implementing technologies

Mobile

- Android application, launched from Android home screen
- Can receive file, network, Android user interface input
- Perform arbitrary functions; generate any data or protocol
- Constrained to Android package format (.apk)

• Web

- Web application, listens to port 80
- Can receive file, network, browser user interface input
- Perform arbitrary functions; generate any data or protocol
- Constrained to support HTML5 web browsers

Web figure credit: GPL license from The GNOME Web Browser Developers, wikimedia commons.







(3)

Command-Line Interface (CLI) CPs

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• Participant provides:

- Deployable virtual machine (VM) image
 - SSH Daemon with user "testuser" and password "TestPass1!1"
 - Program "do-it" on the testuser's PATH
 - Any in-VM services needed by do-it already running

Test Infrastructure provides:

- Configuration files
- Network-accessible hosts and protocol definition
- Behavioral specifications (to implement)
- Sample terminal logs
- Security properties (to provide)
- Rules of Engagement
 - Actions that a participant must not take
 - · Actions that the test infrastructure will not take
- Known-answer and fuzz tests are run and scored automatically



Mobile App Challenge Problems



- Participant provides:
 - An Android Package file (.apk)
 - Specified SDK level

Test Infrastructure provides:

- GUI components, layout, menu XML files (required)
- Connected devices
- Network-accessible hosts and protocol definitions
- Behavioral specifications (to implement)
- Security properties (to provide)
- Rules of Engagement
 - Actions that a participant must not take
 - Actions that the test infrastructure will not take
- Known-answer and fuzz tests are run and scored automatically



Web App Challenge Problems



• Participant provides:

- A Deployable virtual machine (VM) image
- The web app must automatically launch when the VM boots, and host on port 80.
- The web app must support HTML5 web clients, including Chrome and Firefox.

Test Infrastructure provides:

- Image and icon files and HTML templates including ID attributes.
- Network-accessible hosts and protocol definitions
- Behavioral specifications (to implement)
- Wire frame mockups of the intended interface
- Security properties (to provide)
- Rules of Engagement
 - Actions that a participant must not take.
 - Actions that the test infrastructure will not take.
- Known-answer and fuzz tests are run and scored automatically



Sample Mobile Challenge: News App

Security Policy

Protected preferences Responsiveness Inter-user access control, etc.

Attack Vectors

Malicious user GUI input Malicious/invalid input from News server Malicious/invalid input from other apps

Unauthenticated state

Provided XML views Account creation on server Persistence; password masking

Authenticated state

Authentication timeout File (story) saving, SD card or internal Story sharing, story filtering Toast message confirmations

Either state

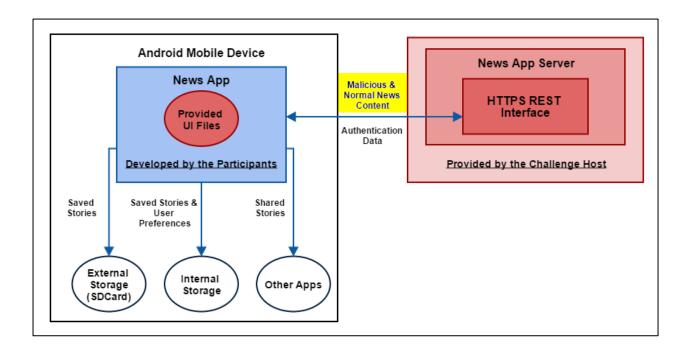
Toast error messages



- Participants to create an Android-based mobile news application
- 17-page informal specification

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Sample Mobile Challenge: News App

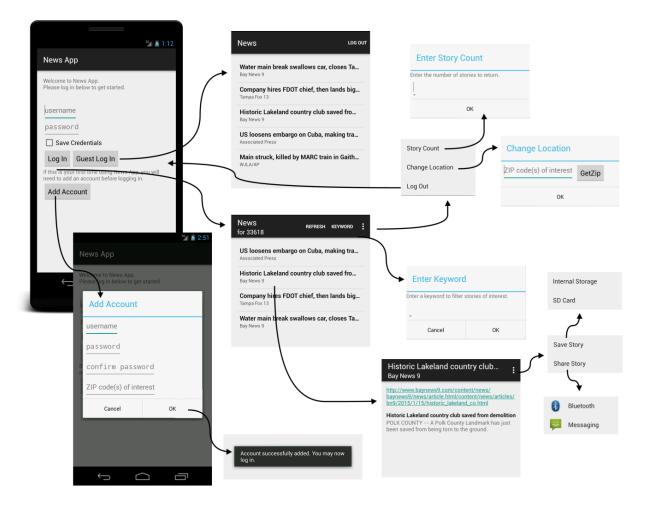


- XML UI files determine the layout of graphical elements
- Multiple storage locations for persistent data
- Server interaction



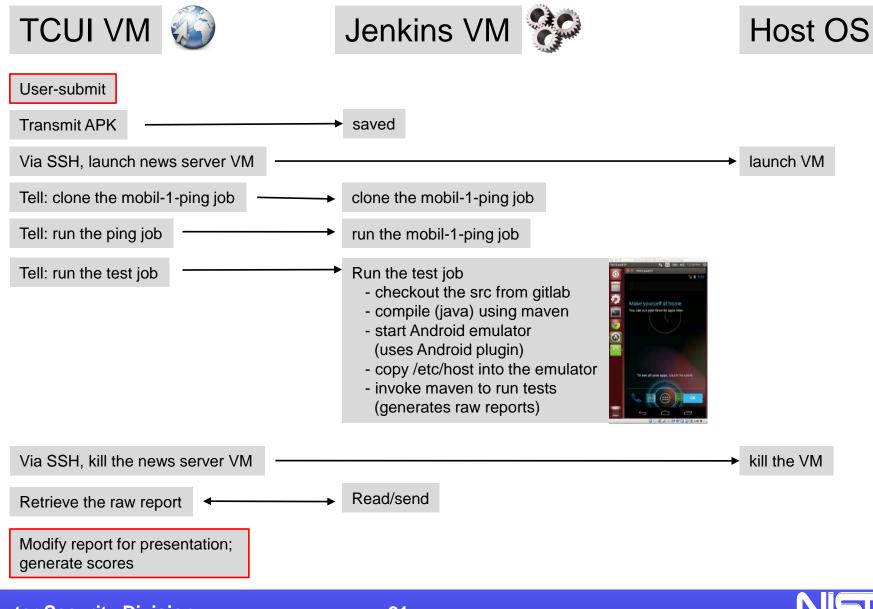


User Interface Behavior





Testing a Mobile App



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Abstract Measurement Results

Reference measurements

Average ~2,600 SLOC for 8 exemplar implementations (not participant submissions).

Excluding libraries and lib-generated code.

McCabe Cyclomatic complexity

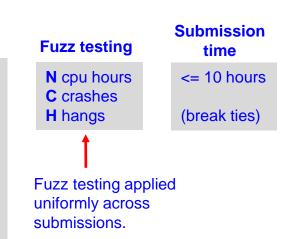
Halstead complexity

20 Pass/Fail Functional Tests

Pass join_table Pass list decks Pass take deck Pass release deck Pass shuffle deck Pass start_play Pass start turn Pass pop deck Pass take card Pass put_card Pass show hand Pass show table Pass save table Pass multiple players Pass search_player Pass search deck Fail remove_player Pass multiple decks Pass max players Pass history

20 Pass/Fail Security Tests

Pass authentication Pass buffer error Pass code injection Fail format string Pass command inject Pass race condition Pass credential fail Pass input validation Pass numberic error Fail privilage_error Pass path_traversal Pass link_following Pass info leak Pass access control Pass out_of_turn_play Pass join_order_used Pass invalid_deck_use deck ownership Fail Pass card visibility Pass random order



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Indicators on the complexity, or difficulty of the CP.

CP-specific functional tests (score displayed is notional).

Application-specific security tests, categorized when possible using the MITRE Common Weaknesses and Vulnerabilities types.

Credit: http://cwe.mitre.org/data/slices/2000.html



Actual Measurement Results: Functional Tests

OVERVIEW

Challenge Name:ANDROID-01 - News App Participant: User Submission File:mobile-01.apk Submission MD5SUM:81fb1dbf1f51772b45ea3 Submission Size:2,484,174 bytes Test Start:08/31/2015 14:55:38 Test Duration:34 minutes and 34 seconds Test Score:40/40 Functional Test Score:20/20 Security Test Score:20/20

		Scenario	s			Step	s			
Feature	Total	Passed	Failed	Total	Passed	Failed	Skipped	Pending	Duration	Status
Test 1 - Login view is presented	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	5 secs and 923 ms	passed
Test 2 - Add an account as John	1	1	0	8	8	0	0	0	21 secs and 316 ms	passed
Test 3 - Log in as guest	1	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	19 secs and 488 ms	passed
Test 4 - Test the Save credentials	1	1	0	7	7	0	0	0	1 min and 870 ms	passed
Test 5 - Log in as John	1	1	0	5	5	0	0	0	22 secs and 849 ms	passed
Test 6 - Check for proper titles for guest user	1	1	0	5	5	0	0	0	33 secs and 78 ms	passed
Test 7 - Check for proper titles for authenticated user	1	1	0	7	7	0	0	0	37 secs and 222 ms	passed
Test 8 - News stories are properly presented	1	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	16 secs and 6 ms	passed
Test 9 - Test the Refresh Item	1	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	14 secs and 179 ms	passed
Test 10 - Test the Keyword Item	1	1	0	5	5	0	0	0	20 secs and 642 ms	passed
Test 11 - Test the Cancel of Keyword Item	1	1	0	4	4	0	0	0	18 secs and 8 ms	passed
Test 12 - Test the Story Count Item	1	1	0	9	9	0	0	0	52 secs and 722 ms	passed
Test 13 - Test the Change Location Item	1	1	0	6	6	0	0	0	35 secs and 586 ms	passed
Test 14 - Test the Log Out Item	1	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	29 secs and 394 ms	passed
Test 15 - Test story content	1	1	0	7	7	0	0	0	27 secs and 974 ms	passed
Test 16 - Test story hyperlinks	1	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	15 secs and 993 ms	passed
Test 17 - Test the Save Story to Internal Memory	1	1	0	4	4	0	0	0	14 secs and 854 ms	passed
Test 18 - Test the Save Story to External Memory	1	1	0	4	4	0	0	0	14 secs and 672 ms	passed
Test 19 - Test the Share Story	1	1	0	4	4	0	0	0	30 secs and 411 ms	passed
Test 20 - Test for Unresponsive Backend	1	1	0	5	5	0	0	0	42 secs and 819 ms	passed
	20	20	0	97	97	0	0	0		



Actual Measurement Results: Security Tests

		Scenarios				Step	S			
Feature	Total	Passed	Failed	Total	Passed	Failed	Skipped	Pending	Duration	s
Test 21 - Check the android security permissions	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	5 secs and 523 ms	р
Test 22 - Attempt to add a new account with invalid username	1	1	0	8	8	0	0	0	58 secs and 582 ms	p
Test 23 - Attempt to add a new account with invalid password	1	1	0	8	8	0	0	0	57 secs and 963 ms	p
Test 24 - Attempt to add a new account with duplicate user	1	1	0	8	8	0	0	0	21 secs and 387 ms	p
Test 25 - Attempt to login with invalid account	1	1	0	5	5	0	0	0	12 secs and 934 ms	р
Test 26 - Test handling of invalid add account data from server	1	1	0	8	8	0	0	0	22 secs and 686 ms	p
Test 27 - Test handling of invalid login data from server	1	1	0	5	5	0	0	0	13 secs and 595 ms	p
Test 28 - Add a valid account2	1	1	0	8	8	0	0	0	21 secs and 224 ms	р
Test 29 - Log in as user2	1	1	0	5	5	0	0	0	23 secs and 621 ms	р
Test 30 - Test handling of invalid story data from server	1	1	0	12	12	0	0	0	45 secs and 161 ms	p
Test 31 - Test session expiration	1	1	0	4	4	0	0	0	2 mins and 19 secs and 975 ms	p
Test 32 - Attempt to enter an invalid keyword	1	1	0	9	9	0	0	0	34 secs and 587 ms	р
Test 33 - Attempt to enter an invalid story count	1	1	0	5	5	0	0	0	34 secs and 634 ms	р
Test 34 - Attempt to enter an invalid zip code	1	1	0	5	5	0	0	0	35 secs and 684 ms	р
Test 35 - Test the session close	1	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	26 secs and 407 ms	р
Test 36 - Test the persistence of account settings for user bob	1	1	0	18	18	0	0	0	1 min and 58 secs and 482 ms	p
Test 37 - Test the persistence of account settings for user john	1	1	0	18	18	0	0	0	1 min and 56 secs and 623 ms	p
Test 38 - Attempt username fuzzing	1	1	0	4	4	0	0	0	2 mins and 708 ms	p
Test 39 - Attempt keyword fuzzing	1	1	0	18	18	0	0	0	4 mins and 49 secs and 739 ms	p
Test 40 - Attempt GUI fuzzing	1	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	1 min and 25 secs and 525 ms	þ
	20	20	0	156	156	0	0	0		

Known-answer - testing

Fuzz testing





Actual Measurement Results: Detailed View

		Scenario	s	Steps						
Feature	Total	Passed	Failed	Total	Passed	Failed	Skipped	Pending	Duration	Status
@test22	1	1	0	8	8	0	0	0	58 secs and 582 ms	passed

View Feature File

	@test22
	Scenario: Attempt to add a new account with invalid username
	Given I am on the login screen 5 secs and 663 ms
	And I click the add_account button 2 secs and 946 ms
	And I enter a value in add_user_username of john\$\$% 3 secs and 278 ms
1	And I enter a value in add_user_password of password 2 secs and 417 ms
	And I enter a value in add_user_password_confirm of password 2 secs and 414 ms
	And I enter a value in add_user_zipcode of 33618 1 sec and 839 ms
	And I click the OK button 3 secs and 33 ms
	Then user creation failed with username john\$\$% and password password 36 secs and 990 ms

Cucumber scenarios

			Scenario	s			Step	S				Fuzzing
Featu	re	Total	Passed	Failed	Total	Passed	Failed	Skipped	Pending	Duration	Status	r azzing
@test	40	1	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	1 min and 25 secs and 525 ms	passed	

View Feature File

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Scenario: Attempt GUI fuzzing

Given I am on the login screen 5 secs and 373 ms

And I run the google exerciser monkey with 500 events and seed 103 19 secs and 909 ms

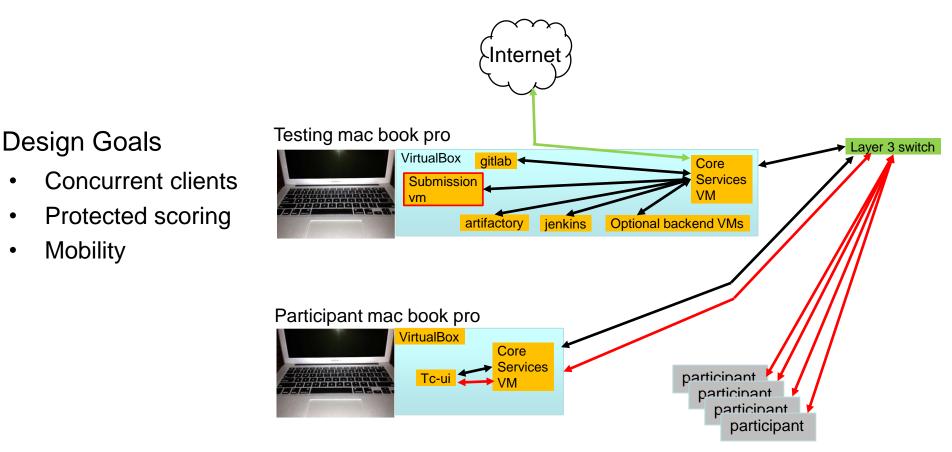
Then the app is responding properly after GUI fuzzing 1 min and 242 ms



Invalid

Input

Testing Architecture for Dry Run



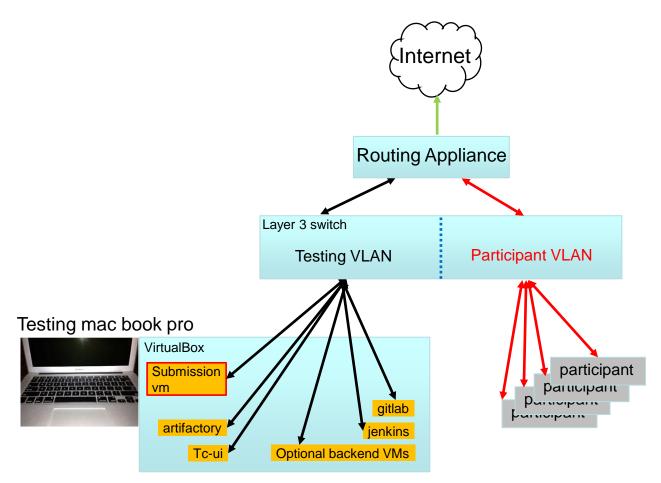
Note: NICs can be bottlenecks due to large submission size (2.5GB for VMs)

Credit: Pic by User:jpp44345 (Own work) [CC BY-SA 3.0 (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0)], via Wikimedia Commons

Mobility



Improved Testing Architecture

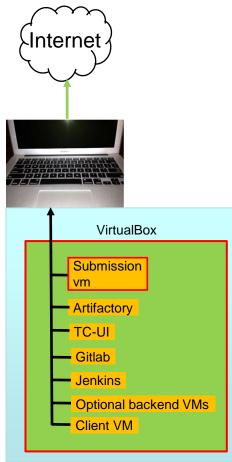


Locking issues for NICs avoided, but memory pressure still an issue.

Credit: Pic by User:jpp44345 (Own work) [CC BY-SA 3.0 (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0)], via Wikimedia Commons



Virtualized Demo Architecture (here at the CIF)



- Injected /System/etc/hosts file for Android
 - No Internet dependency
- Stack of interpreters:
 - Java bytecodes
 - MIPS instructions (QEMU emulator)
 - Guest virtual machine
 - Intel OS X base

Credit: Pic by User:jpp44345 (Own work) [CC BY-SA 3.0 (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0)], via Wikimedia Commons



Resume Demo

Dry Run Synopsis

- 8 tests
- 12 developers total
- Experience ranging from 2 years to 32 years
- Test1: no working submission made; networking issue
- Test2: incomplete submission; networking issues
- Test3: incomplete submission; networking issues worse
- Test4: incomplete submission; network functional
- Test5: submission did not pass tests
- Test6: no submission (one requirement judged too hard)
- Test7: more features; Jenkins job misconfiguration
- Test8: produced deliverable; test suite failure

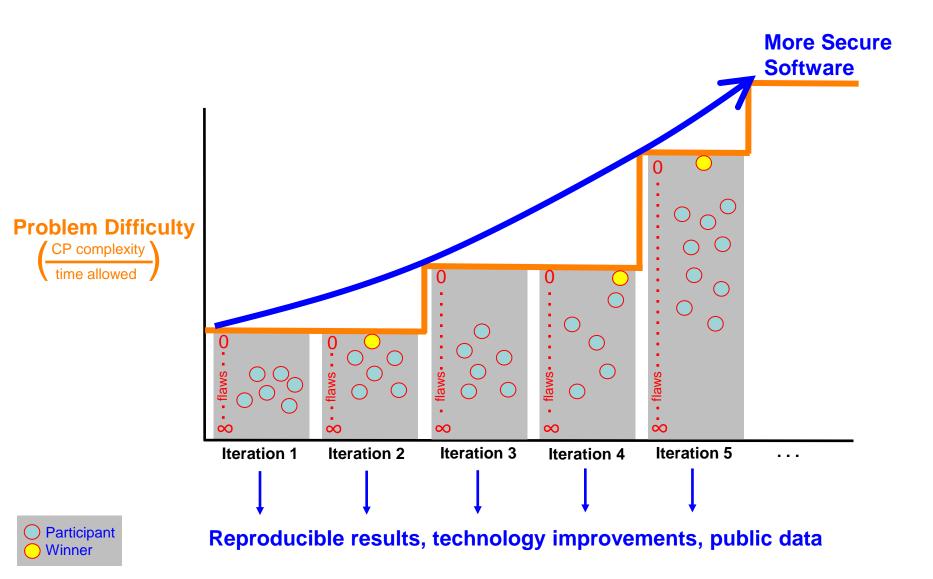


Lessons Learned

- It is important for teams to be warmed up.
 - Teams should choose languages, frameworks ahead of time
 - Teams should choose revision control systems ahead of time
- Prepared teams are a precondition for measuring toolchain differences.
- Provide more context prior to the testing
 As much detail as possible without "spilling the beans"
- Provide revision control software/systems
- Provide a trial-run submission portal
- Stress test the infrastructure prior to a competition



Anticipated Impact of Competition



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Status

Preparation Phase

Oct. 1	2014				S	ep. 30 201	5		
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Iteration 1 Competition

2015

Sep. 30 2016

-engineer competition testing infrastructure

cond competition simulation

onfirm participation of NSA, DHS, DARPA.

noose and refine first CP.

noose venue for competition.

Procure contractor support for competition event.

Perform steps of slide 9 ("an iterative competition...")

Plan iteration 2 competition.



Thank You

