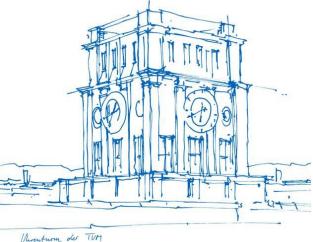


# A Detailed Report on the Overhead of Hardware APIs for Lightweight Cryptography

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API	Design	LUT	FF
CAESAR	Ascon128 [1]	1595	818
	SpoC-64 [2]	2136	876
LWC	Ascon128 [2]	1802	539
	SpoC-64 [2]	1565	728
	Gimli <mark>[3]</mark>	946	235



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• What do absolute numbers tell us?



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- Common API → fair comparison?



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- What do absolute numbers tell us?
- Common API → fair comparison?
- What about different API implementations?

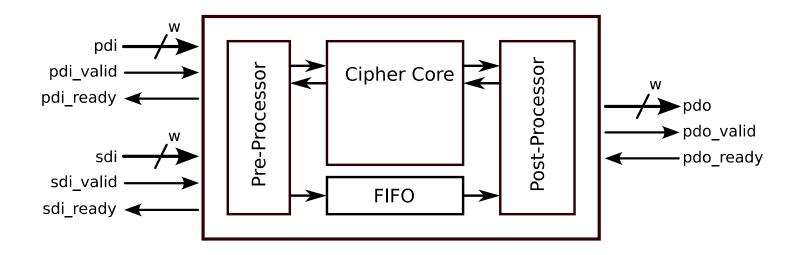


#### Why?

- "FPGA Benchmarking of Round 2 Candidates..." by GMU [4]
- 24 submissions:
  - 13 using unmodified dev. Package
  - 8 using modified dev. Package
  - 3 not using dev. Package
- $\rightarrow$  What does that mean for comparison?



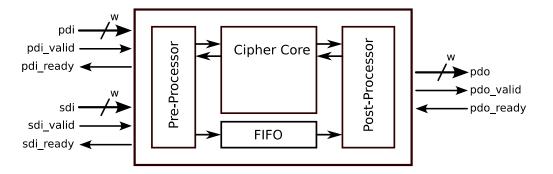
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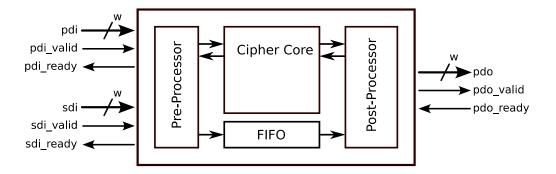
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  - 1. Hash support
  - 2. Extended width conversion
  - 3. Multi-Segment messages





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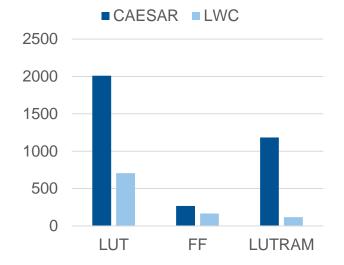


- → Benchmark: common interface
- → Pre-/PostProcessor, FIFO included!



#### Resource Comparison of CAESAR and LWC

LWC outperforms CAESAR



E.g. 32-bit designs with default configurations

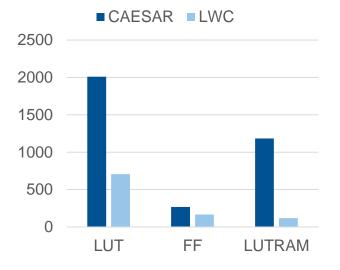


#### Resource Comparison of CAESAR and LWC

LWC outperforms CAESAR

• Exception: 8-bit design with minimized FIFO

• Feature cost constant (e.g. hash, multi-segment)



E.g. 32-bit designs with default configurations



# **CAESAR FIFO** configuration

- Optional tag buffering
- E.g. 32-bit implementation, 128-bit tag  $\rightarrow$  8 entries sufficient



# **CAESAR FIFO** configuration

- Optional tag buffering
- E.g. 32-bit implementation, 128-bit tag  $\rightarrow$  8 entries sufficient
- Default: 1024 entries



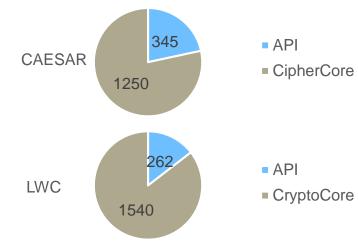
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<sup>1</sup> HeaderFifo:	4 x 24-bit

<sup>2</sup> HeaderFifo: 512 x 32-bit



#### CAESAR Ascon128 [1] / LWC Ascon128 [2]

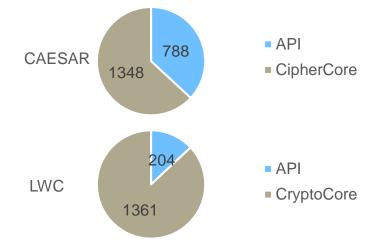


CryptoCore by different designers

 $\rightarrow$  Ideally: multiple designs per cipher



#### CAESAR SpoC-64 [2] / LWC SpoC-64 [2]

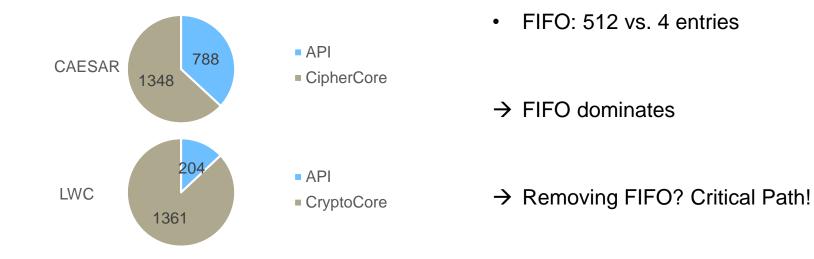


• FIFO: 512 vs. 4 entries

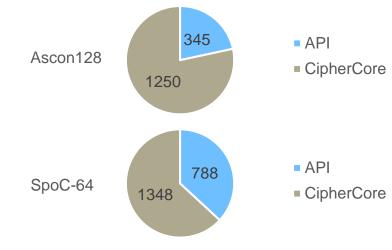
→ FIFO dominates



#### CAESAR SpoC-64 [2] / LWC SpoC-64 [2]



#### CAESAR Ascon128 [1] / CAESAR SpoC-64 [2]

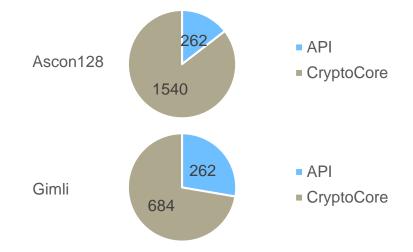


CipherCore difference not that huge

→ FIFO difference (API package)



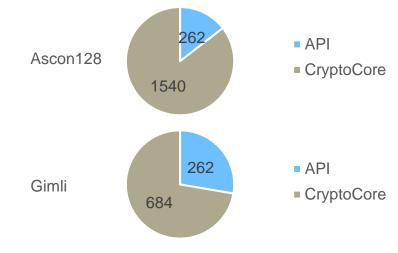
# LWC Ascon128 [2] / LWC Gimli [3]



• Equal assumptions for API implementation



#### LWC Ascon128 [2] / LWC Gimli [3]



• Equal assumptions for API implementation

→ Improved API implementation + config

 $\rightarrow$  Fair comparison possible



#### Conclusion

- Absolute numbers can lead to false impressions
  - Improvement of LWC over CAESAR package



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- Absolute numbers can lead to false impressions
  - Improvement of LWC over CAESAR package
- Compare ciphers only
  - Benchmark int. interface, i.e. CryptoCore?
- Ciphers require API
  - Include API implementation?



# Thank you for your attention!

Patrick Karl (TUM) | A Detailed Report on the Overhead of Hardware APIs for Lightweight Cryptography



#### References

- [1] Accessed:15.1.2020. Institute of Applied Information Processing and Communications (IAIK), Graz University of Technology. URL: https://github.com/IAIK/ascon\_hardware/tree/master/caesar\_hardware\_api\_v\_1\_0\_3/ASCON\_ASCON
- [2] Accessed: 13.1.2020. Signatures Analysis Laboratory, Virginia Tech. URL: https://github.com/vtsal?tab=repositories
- [3] Accessed: 13.1.2020. Chair of Security in Information Technology, Technical University of Munich. URL: https://gitlab.lrz.de/tueisec/crypto-implementations/tree/master/LWC/GIMLI
- [4] K. Mohajerani et al. FPGA Benchmarking of Round 2 Candidates in the NIST Lightweight Cryptography Standardization Process: Methodology, Metrics, Tools, and Results. Cryptology ePrint Archive, Report 2020/1207. https://eprint.iacr.org/2020/1207, 2020.