

Yubico, Inc.

FIPS 140-2 Non-Proprietary Security Policy

Document Version: 1.5

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1. Introduction

This is a non-proprietary FIPS 140-2 Security Policy for the Yubico, Inc. YubiKey 5 Cryptographic Module. Below are the details of the product certified:

Hardware Version #: SLE78CLUFX3000PH, SLE78CLUFX5000PH

Firmware Version #: 5.4.2 and 5.4.3

FIPS 140-2 Security Level: 1

1.1 Purpose

This document was prepared as Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 140-2 validation process. The document describes how the YubiKey 5 Cryptographic Module meets the security requirements of FIPS 140-2. It also provides instructions to individuals and organizations on how to deploy the product in a secure FIPS-approved mode of operation. Target audience of this document is anyone who wishes to use or integrate this product into a solution that is meant to comply with FIPS 140-2 requirements.

1.2 Document Organization

The Security Policy document is one document in a FIPS 140-2 Submission Package. In addition to this document, the Submission Package contains:

- Vendor Evidence document
- Finite State Machine
- Other supporting documentation as additional references

With the exception of this Non-Proprietary Security Policy, the FIPS 140-2 Submission Package is proprietary to Yubico, Inc. and is releasable only under appropriate non-disclosure agreements.

1.3 Notices

This document may be freely reproduced and distributed in its entirety without modification.

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2. YubiKey 5 Cryptographic Module

The YubiKey 5 Cryptographic Module (the module) is a single-chip module validated at FIPS 140-2 Security Level 1. Specifically, the module meets the following security levels for individual sections in FIPS 140-2 standard:

Table 1 - Security Level For Each FIPS 140-2 Section

#	Section Title	Security Level
1	Cryptographic Module Specification	1
2	Cryptographic Module Ports and Interfaces	1
3	Roles, Services, and Authentication	1
4	Finite State Model	1
5	Physical Security	3
6	Operational Environment	N/A
7	Cryptographic Key Management	1
8	EMI/EMC	3
9	Self-Tests	1
10	Design Assurances	3
11	Mitigation Of Other Attacks	N/A

2.1 Cryptographic Module Specification

The module is the core component for authenticators in the YubiKey 5 product family and supports several functional units: FIDO/FIDO2, FIDO/U2F, PIV, OTP, OpenPGP, OATH, and YubiCrypt.

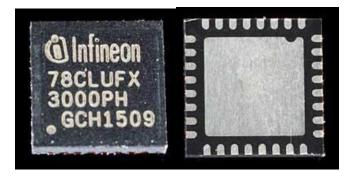


Figure 1 – YubiKey 5 Cryptographic Module (SLE78CLUFX3000PH – Front and Back)

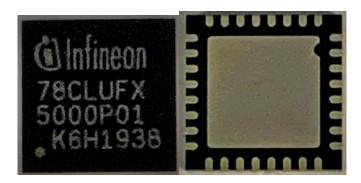


Figure 2 – YubiKey 5 Cryptographic Module (SLE78CLUFX5000PH – Front and Back)

2.1.1 Cryptographic Boundary

The cryptographic boundary is defined as the entire single-chip device itself. Please see Figures 1 and 2 above for a depiction of the module.

2.1.2 Modes Of Operation

The module supports an Approved mode of operation and a non-Approved mode of operation. The modes of operation are described below:

- Approved: Only Approved algorithms may be employed per the procedural controls set forth by this Security Policy.
- Non-Approved: Additional support for non-Approved algorithms and services, such as EdDSA, x25519, and non-Approved key sizes.

Please see Section 3 of this Security Policy for instructions on how to configure the various modes of operation.

There are algorithms, modes, and keys that have been CAVs tested but not used by the module. Only the algorithms, modes/methods, and key lengths/curves/moduli shown in this table are used by the module.

Table 2 - Supported Approved Algorithms

Cryptographic Algorithm	CAVP Cert. #	Usage
Modes: CBC, CCM, CMAC, ECB	C1680	Encryption, Decryption, CTR_DRBG, Key Wrap
Key Sizes: 128, 192, 256 (CCM with 128 and 192-bit keys tested, but not used)		
CKG (Vendor affirmed per SP800-133 and IG D.12)		Key Generation
CVL – ECC CDH (Tested, but not used) Curves: P-224, P-256, P-384, P-521	C1680	Modular exponentiation
CVL - ECDSA Signature Generation Primitive Curves: P-256, P-384, P-521 (P-224 tested, but not used)	C1680	Signature Primitive
CVL – RSADP Key sizes: 2048	C1680	RSA PKCS#1 v2.1 Decryption Primitive
CVL – RSASP	C1680	Signature Primitive
DRBG: AES-256 CTR, No DF	C1680	Key Generation
ECDSA Curves: P-256, P-384, P-521 (P-224 tested, but not used)	C1680	Key Generation

Cryptographic Algorithm	CAVP Cert. #	Usage
Operations: Key Gen		
HMAC SHA-1, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512	C1680	Data Integrity
KAS-SSC Co-Factor One-Pass DH, C(1e, 1s, ECC CDH) Scheme Curves: P-256, P-384, P-521, secp256k1, brainpool256r1, brainpool384r1, brainpool512r1	Vendor Affirmed	SP800-56a-rev3 Shared Secret Calculation. Provides between 128 and 256 bits of security strength Non-NIST curves allowed by IG D.8, Scenario X.2
KBKDF: SP800-108 CMAC MAC Mode: CMAC-AES128 Supported Lengths: 64, 128	C1680	Secure Channel key derivation.
KDA Two-Step Key Derivation: HKDF	Vendor Affirmed	SP800-56C-rev2 Key Derivation Algorithm.
KTS: AES and CMAC	C1680	SP800-38F compliant key wrap using AES-128 CBC and CMAC. Provides 128-bits of security strength.
KTS: AES CCM	C1680	SP800-38F compliant key wrap using AES-256 CCM. Provides 256-bits of security strength.
KTS: AES and HMAC	C1680	SP800-38F compliant key wrap using AES-256 CBC and HMAC SHA-256. Provides 256- bits of security strength.
RSA Key Sizes: 2048, 3072, 4096	A985	Key Generation

Cryptographic Algorithm	CAVP Cert. #	Usage
Operations: Key Gen		
SHA-1, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2- 512	C1680	Hash
Triple-DES	C1680	Encryption
Mode: ECB, Keying Option 1		Must not encrypt with the same 3-key Triple DES mutual challenge response key more than 2^16 times (refer to IG A.13).

Table 3 - Supported Allowed

Cryptographic Algorithm	CAVP Cert. #	Usage
DES	N/A	No security claim per IG 1.23. Used internal to the module for integrity checks (CRCs).
EC Diffie-Hellman Curves: P256	N/A	IG 1.23, no security claim. The module does not rely on this usage of ECDH to satisfy any FIPS 140-2 requirements; this usage of ECDH provides interoperability only.
EC Diffie-Hellman Curves: secp256k1, brainpool256r1, brainpool384r1, brainpool512r1	N/A	IG A.2, D.8 Scenario X.2 secp256k1 and brainpool256r1 provide 128 bits of security strength brainpool384r1 provides 192 bits of security strength brainpool512r1 provides 256 bits of security strength

Cryptographic Algorithm	CAVP Cert. #	Usage
ECDSA Curves: secp256k1,	N/A	IG A.2. Key Generation, Signature Generation Primitive
brainpool256r1, brainpool384r1,		secp256k1 and brainpool256r1 provide 128 bits of security strength
brainpool512r1		brainpool384r1 provides 192 bits of security strength
		brainpool512r1 provides 256 bits of security strength
NDRNG	N/A	Hardware Non-Deterministic RNG; minimum of 16 bits per access. The NDRNG output is used to seed the FIPS Approved DRBG.
		The DRBG is initialized with a 384-bit entropy input string, which contains at least 301.8 bits of entropy.
		The module generates cryptographic keys whose strengths are modified by available entropy
RSA (Key Unwrapping)	N/A	Non-SP800-56b RSA decryption primitive. RSA (CVL Cert. #C1680, key unwrapping; key establishment methodology provides between 112 bits and 150 bits of encryption strength)
RSA (Key Unwrapping)	N/A	Non-SP800-56b RSA decryption primitive. RSA (key unwrapping; key establishment methodology provides between 112 bits and 150 bits of encryption strength)

Table 4 – Non-Approved algorithms used in non-Approved mode only

Cryptographic Algorithm	Usage
RSA Signature Generation with 1024- bit keys	Signature Generation Component
EdDSA	Key Generation, Signature Generation Primitive
X25519	Key Generation, Key Agreement

2.2 Cryptographic Module Ports and Interfaces

The physical ports of the module are the available pins of the single-chip device. The pins are utilized as follows:

Table 5 - Module Interface Mapping

Port/Pin	Description	Logical Interface
USB pins (D+ / D-)	Primary physical	Control in
(Qty. 2)	interface (USB)	• Data in
		Data out
		Status out
Touch Button	Factory reset	Control in
interface (Qty. 2)		
LED interface	Status LED	Status Out
(Qty. 1)		
Power interface	Power supply	Power In
(Qty. 3)	(+5V, GND and supply voltage decoupling)	

Port/Pin	Description	Logical Interface
NFC Interface (Qty. 2)	Contactless interface	Control in Data in
		Data out Status out
I2C I/O pins (SDA / SCL) (Qty. 2)	(Only available on the SLE78CLUFX5000PH) Secondary physical interface (I2C)	Control in Status out
Interface Select Pin (Qty. 1)	(Only available on the SLE78CLUFX5000PH) Select USB or I2C (Power-up only)	• Control in

2.3 Roles, Services, and Authentication

The following sections provide details about roles supported by the module and the services the roles are authorized to access.

2.3.1 Authorized Roles

The module supports a Cryptographic Officer (CO) and a User.

The CO is responsible for configuring CSPs and managing Users.

The User performs cryptographic operations and utilizes the module as an authenticator.

2.3.2 Authentication Mechanisms

No authentication claims are asserted. Roles are assumed implicitly based on services executed. If authentication support is desired, please see the YubiKey 5 Level 2 Security Policy.

Table 6 - Authentication Mechanism Details

Role	Type Of Authentication	Authentication Strength
CO or User	N/A	N/A

2.3.3 Services

The module supports seven functional units: OTP, PIV, OATH, OpenPGP, FIDO/FIDO2, FIDO/U2F, and YubiCrypt. The following table describes all services available:

Table 7 - Services

Service	Description	Role		CSP Access
		со	User	
General Services				
DEVICE CONFIGURATION	Select a functional unit and retrieve non-security relevant device information		Х	N/A
SELF-TESTS	Perform all Power-On Self-Tests on demand		Х	N/A
OTP Services				
WRITE CONFIG TO SLOT	Write configuration and CSP in slot	Х		WZ – OTP Key
	Zeroization			

Service	Description	Role		CSP Access
		СО	User	
UPDATE SLOT CONFIGURATION	Update configuration (excluding key material CSP) in slot	Х		N/A
EMIT YUBI-OTP FROM SLOT	Emit YubiOTP from slot		X	WX – DRBG State X – OTP Key
EMIT OATH-HOTP FROM SLOT	Emit OATH-HOTP from slot		X	X – OTP Key
EMIT HASH-OTP FROM SLOT	Emit HASH-OTP from slot		Х	X – OTP Key
PERFORM YUBI- OTP CHALLENGE RESPONSE FROM SLOT	Perform YubiOTP challenge response with AES 128 bit key stored in slot using user supplied challenge		X	WX – DRBG State X – OTP Key
PERFORM HMAC- SHA1 CHALLENGE RESPONSE FROM SLOT	Compute SHA1 HMAC using 160 bits key stored in slot using user supplied challenge		Х	X – OTP Key
SLOT DEVICE SERIAL	Read serial from device		Х	N/A
SLOT YK GET DEVICE INFO	Read device capabilities.		Х	N/A
SLOT YK SET DEVICE INFO	Set device capabilities.		Х	N/A
WRITE NDEF TO SLOT	Write the NDEF URL and choose slot	X		N/A
PIV Services				
SELECT APPLET	Select PIV applet		Х	N/A
GET SERIAL	Get serial number X N/A		N/A	

Service	Description	Role		CSP Access
		СО	User	
GET METADATA	Get metadata		Х	N/A
GET VERSION	Get firmware version		Х	N/A
VERIFY PIN	Verify user PIN		Х	N/A
CHANGE MANAGEMENT KEY	Change management key	Х		WX – Management Auth Key
CHANGE PUK	Change PIN unlock code	Х		N/A
CHANGE PIN	Change user PIN with known PIN		Х	N/A
UNBLOCK PIN (RESET RETRY COUNTER)	Reset retry counter and set new user PIN using known unlock code	X		N/A
GENERAL AUTH	Authenticate to the applet using the Management Auth Key. This service can also perform a requested cryptographic operation with an Asymmetric Key		X	WX – DRBG State X – Management Auth Key X – Asymmetric Key
GENERATE KEY	Generate asymmetric key pair	Х		WX – DRBG State W – Asymmetric Key
READ DATA FROM UNPROTECTED CONTAINERS	Read user data		Х	N/A
READ DATA FROM PROTECTED CONTAINERS	Read protected user data		X	N/A

Service	Description	Role		CSP Access
		СО	User	
WRITE DATA TO CONTAINERS	Write any container	Х		N/A
CHANGE RETRY COUNTERS	Set retry counter for PINs	X		N/A
IMPORT KEY	Y Import asymmetric key X			W – Asymmetric Key W – Attestation Key
RESET	Reset PIV card state and delete all stored information Zeroization		X	Z – All, but Attestation Key
ATTEST	Generate an attestation for an internally generated key		Х	X – Attestation Key
OpenPGP Services				
SELECT APPLET	Select applet		Х	N/A
VERIFY PW1	Verify using user PIN		Х	N/A
VERIFY PW3	Verify using admin PIN		Х	N/A
CHANGE PW1	Update user PIN		Х	N/A
CHANGE PW3	Update admin PIN	Х		N/A
UPDATE RESET- CODE	Set or update resetting code	Х		N/A
UNBLOCK PW1	Reset user PW1 using resetting code or PW3	Х		N/A
SET PIN RETRIES	Set retry limit for PW1, PW3 and reset-code			N/A

Service	Description	R	ole	CSP Access
		СО	User	
GENERATE ASYMMETRIC KEY PAIR	Generate asymmetric key pair	X		WX – DRBG State W – Asymmetric Key
IMPORT ASYMMETRIC KEY	Import asymmetric key	Х		W – Asymmetric Key
SET KEY ATTRIBUTE	Specify/Change a key type (RSA or EC) and length. If a key's type is changed, it will zeroize the existing key	Х		Z – Asymmetric Key
READ PUBLIC KEY	Read public key		Х	N/A
COMPUTE DIGITAL SIGNATURE PRIMITIVE	Perform signature primitive		X	WX – DRBG State X – Asymmetric Key
DECIPHER	RSA Unwrap operation or EC-DH shared secret calculation		Х	X – Asymmetric Key
INTERNAL AUTHENTICATE	Perform internal authentication (signature primitive)		X	WX – DRBG State X – Asymmetric Key
TERMINATE APPLET	Terminate OpenPGP applet and delete all stored data	X	Х	N/A
ACTIVATE APPLET	Activate OpenPGP applet with factory defaults Zeroization		Х	Z – All, but Attestation Key

Service	Description	Role		CSP Access
		СО	User	
ATTEST	Generate attestation for an internally generated key		Х	X – Attestation Key
READ UNPROTECTED DATA OBJECT	Read all unprotected data		Х	N/A
READ PROTECTED DATA FOR USER	Read data objects only available to user		Х	N/A
READ PROTECTED DATA FOR ADMIN	Read data objects only available to admin	Х		N/A
WRITE DATA	Write data objects except user writable data objects	Х		N/A
WRITE USER PROTECTED DATA	Write user writable data objects		Х	N/A
GET VERSION	Get firmware version		Х	N/A
OATH Services				
SELECT APPLET	Select Applet		Х	WX – DRBG State
RENAME	Update the Name of an OATH credential entry	Х		N/A
SET CODE	Set or update a Management Auth Key (Only used for Level 2 configuration)	Х		N/A
VALIDATE	Validate Management Auth Key (Only used for Level 2 configuration)		Х	N/A
PUT	Add a new OATH entry	Х		W – OATH Seed Key
DELETE	Remove an OATH entry	X		Z – OATH Seed Key
RESET	Delete all OATH credentials and set the applet to the factory defaults		Х	Z – All

Service	Description	Role		CSP Access
		СО	User	
	Zeroization			
LIST	List all the names of the OATH entries	X		N/A
CALCULATE	Calculate the code for an OATH entry	Х		X – OATH Seed Key
CALCULATE ALL	Calculate code for all entries	Х		X – OATH Seed Key
FIDO/U2F Services				
REGISTRATION	Create a U2F key handle	X		WX – DRBG State X – Wrapping Key W – Asymmetric Key X – Attestation Key
AUTHENTICATION	Generate an assertion using a U2F key handle	X		WX – DRBG State X – Wrapping Key X – Asymmetric Key
VERSION	Read the U2F version string		Х	N/A
RESET	Zeroization		X	WX – DRBG State Z – All, but Attestation Key

ЕСНО	Echo data over the U2F protocol		Х	N/A					
FIDO/FIDO2 Service	FIDO/FIDO2 Services								
MAKE CREDENTIAL	Create a new FIDO credential (resident or transient)		X	WX – DRBG State X – Wrapping Key W – Asymmetric Key X – Attestation Key					
GET ASSERTION	Use credential		X	WX – DRBG State X – Wrapping Key X – Asymmetric Key X – Offline Key RWX – Asymmetric Key RWX – Asymmetric Key					
GET INFORMATION	Device information		Х	N/A					
PIN SERVICE	Creating, updating, and validating PIN		X	RWX – Asymmetric Key RWX – CTAP Session Keys					
RESET	Zeroization		X	Z – All, but Attestation Key					
CREDENTIAL MANAGEMENT	Listing credentials and deleting credentials		X	Z – Asymmetric Key					

YubiCrypt Services	3			
SELECT	Select Application		Х	N/A
PUT KEYS	Load keys and associated PIN	Х		W – Authentication Keys
DELETE KEYS	Delete keys	Х		Z – Authentication Keys
RESET	Zeroization		Х	Z - All
LIST	Lists the credential names		Х	N/A
CALCULATE	User Authenticate		X	X – Authentication Keys W – Session Keys
GET RETRY COUNT	Specifies the number of Login attempts remaining		Х	N/A
GET VERSION	Get FW version		Х	N/A
CHANGE PIN	Update PIN	Х		N/A
Secure Channel Se	rvices			
SELECT	Select Application	Х		N/A
PUT KEY	Load Authentication Keys	Х		W - Authentication Keys
				WX – Sensitive Data Key
				X – Session Keys
DELETE KEY	Delete key set	Х		Z – Authentication Keys

				Z- Sensitive Data Key Z – Session Keys X – Session Keys
GET DATA	Get metadata		Х	N/A
INITIALIZE UPDATE	Create Secure Channel Session	X		X - Authentication Keys W – Session Keys
EXTERNAL AUTHENTICATE	Complete Session Establishment	Х		X – Session Keys

2.4 Physical Security

The module is a single-chip embodiment with a hard, opaque enclosure. The IC packaging is tamper-evident and removal-resistant.

2.5 Operational Environment

The module supports a non-modifiable operational environment and does not allow for the loading of firmware updates.

2.6 Cryptographic Key Management

The module supports the following Critical Security Parameters:

Table 8 – Details of Cryptographic Keys and CSPs

Key/CSP	Туре	Generation	Entry	Output	Storage	Zeroization	Usage
Entropy Input	384-bits	Internally by NDRNG	N/A	N/A	Plaintext in RAM	Zeroization	Seed the DRBG
DRBG Internal State	V and Key	Internally by DRBG	N/A	N/A	Plaintext in RAM	Zeroization	Random number generation
Authentication Keys	AES-128 bit keys (KENC, KMAC)	N/A. For Secure Channel, a default set is pre-loaded.	Plaintext (direct entry – Yubicrypt only) or Encrypted by Secure Channel	N/A	Plaintext in Flash	Zeroization	Used to derive session keys for Secure Channel and YubiCrypt
Sensitive Data Key	AES-128 CBC (KDEK)	N/A, a default is pre-loaded.	Plaintext (direct entry) or Encrypted	N/A	Plaintext in Flash	Zeroization	Used for Sensitive Data Decryption

Key/CSP	Туре	Generation	Entry	Output	Storage	Zeroization	Usage
			by Secure Channel				
Session Keys	AES-128 CBC (SENC), AES-128 CMAC (RMAC/SMAC)	N/A. Derived from Authentication Keys via SP800- 108 CMAC KDF	N/A	Plaintext (YubiCrypt only) or Encrypted by Secure Channel	Plaintext in RAM	Zeroization	Secures sessions
PINS	For the Level 1 configuration, authentication is not supported. PINs are not relied upon to satisfy any FIPS 140-2 requirements and are not treated as CSPs. Minimum 4 byte values	N/A. Pre-loaded values or configured by operator.	Plaintext (direct entry) or Encrypted by Secure Channel or CTAP Session Keys	N/A	Plaintext in Flash (SHA- 256 hash for FIDO2)	Zeroization	Authenticate operators
PIN token	For the Level 1 configuration, authentication is not supported. The PIN token is not	Internally by DRBG	N/A	Plaintext or Encrypted by CTAP Session Keys	Plaintext in RAM	Zeroization	

Key/CSP	Туре	Generation	Entry	Output	Storage	Zeroization	Usage
	relied upon to satisfy any FIPS 140-2 requirements and is not treated as CSPs						
CTAP Session Keys	AES-256 CBC and HMAC-SHA-256	N/A. Established via KAS-SSC and KDA	N/A	N/A	Plaintext in RAM	Zeroization	Used to secure FIDO/FIDO2 services in PIN Protocol 2
Management Auth Keys	3-Key TDES (PIV), AES 128/192/256- bit (PIV)	N/A. PIV keys are pre-loaded.	Plaintext (direct entry) or Encrypted by Secure Channel	N/A	Plaintext in Flash	Zeroization	PIV secrets
Offline Key	HMAC SHA256	Internally, using the DRBG	N/A	N/A	Plaintext in Flash	Zeroization	To support the HMAC-Secret FIDO extension
OTP Keys	AES-128, HMAC- SHA1, or HASH- OTP Secret (byte string)	N/A. Pre-loaded values. Hash- OTP Secret can alternatively	Plaintext (direct entry) or Encrypted	N/A	Plaintext in Flash	Zeroization	Used to generate OTPs

Key/CSP	Туре	Generation	Entry	Output	Storage	Zeroization	Usage
		be internally generated.	by Secure Channel Hash-OTP Secret cannot be imported				
OATH Seed Key	HMAC SHA1/256/512	N/A	Plaintext (direct entry) or Encrypted by Secure Channel	N/A	Plaintext in Flash	Zeroization	Used to generate HOTPs or TOTPs
Asymmetric Keys	RSA 2048 - 4096 bits or EC P-256/P-384/P- 521 or Non-NIST curves private keys	Internally, using the DRBG	Plaintext (direct entry) or Encrypted by Secure Channel or SP800-38F Key Wrap (AES CCM)	AES CCM SP800-38F Key Wrap (FIDO ONLY)	Plaintext in Flash or RAM	Zeroization	Signature generation, ECDH, and RSA key unwrap

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Key/CSP	Туре	Generation	Entry	Output	Storage	Zeroization	Usage
Attestation Key	RSA 2048 - 4096 bits or EC P-256/P-384/P- 521 or Non-NIST curves private keys	Pre-loaded values.	Plaintext (direct entry) or Encrypted by Secure Channel PIV and OpenPGP only	N/A	Plaintext in Flash	N/A.	Attest internally generated public keys
Wrapping Key	AES-256 CCM	Internally, using the DRBG	N/A	N/A	Plaintext in Flash	Zeroization	Used to wrap FIDO keys.
Asymmetric Public Keys	RSA 2048 - 4096 bits or EC P-256/P-384/P- 521 or Non-NIST curves public keys	Internally, using the DRBG	N/A	Plaintext	Plaintext in Flash	N/A	Used to verify digital signatures (external entities), ECDH, or perform RSA Key Wrap

2.6.1 Key Generation

The module uses an internal NDRNG to seed the SP800-90A CTR_DRBG for the generation of keys. DRBG is initialized with a 384-bit entropy input string, which contains at least 301.8 bits of entropy. Note that the module generates cryptographic keys whose strengths are modified by available entropy.

2.6.2 Key Entry/Output

CSPs may be entered and output in plaintext. Optionally, a Secure Channel (AES-128 CBC and CMAC) may be established within each functional unit to protect communication, inclusive of CSP entry and output. Keys may also be encrypted by the Wrapping Key (AES-256 CCM). Please see Table 8 above for complete details.

2.6.3 Zeroization Procedures

Each functional unit is zeroized using separate services that destroy the CSPs within its purview, as follows:

- PIV: "RESET" service. All CSPs zeroized with the Management Auth Key and PIN being set to their default values.
- OTP: "WRITE CONFIG TO SLOT" service. All CSPs zeroized.
- OATH: "RESET" service. All CSPs zeroized.
- OpenPGP: "TERMINATE APPLET" followed by "ACTIVATE APPLET" services. All CSPs zeroized with the PINs being set to their default value.
- FIDO/FIDO2: "RESET" service. All CSPs zeroized with the Offline Key and Wrapping Key being re-generated.
- YubiCrypt: "RESET" service. All CSPs zeroized with the ephemeral keys cleared at power cycle and PINs being set to their default values.
- Secure Channel: "DELETE KEY". All CSPs zeroized with the ephemeral keys cleared at power cycle.

Attestation Keys will persist through a zeroization, as they are used to create public key attestations.

2.7 Electromagnetic Interference / Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMI/EMC)

The module conforms to 47 CFR FCC Part 15. Subpart B, Class B (Home Use) requirements.

2.8 Self-Tests

Self-tests are health checks that ensure that the cryptographic algorithms within the module are operating correctly. The self-tests identified in FIPS 140-2 broadly fall within two categories

- 1. Power-On Self-Tests
- 2. Conditional Self-Tests

2.8.1 Power-On Self-Tests

The module benefits from the allowances set forth by IG 9.11. Upon initial installation, the module performs all required power-on self-tests. Once successfully completed, a POST flag is set and is checked upon each subsequent power-on. For each subsequent power-on, if the POST flag is set, only the firmware integrity test is performed. All other self-tests may be invoked on demand. The module supports the following Power-On Self-Tests:

- Firmware Integrity Test (16-bit EDC)
- AES-128 CCM Encrypt KAT
- AES-128 ECB Decrypt KAT
- HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-256, SHA-512) KAT
- KDF SP800-108 CMAC KAT
- CTR DRBG KAT
- ECDSA Signature Generation Component (P-256) KAT
- ECC CDH Primitive "Z" Computation KAT
- RSA 2048 Signature Generation Component KAT
- RSA 2048 Decryption Primitive KAT Component KAT)
- TDES 3-Key Encrypt KAT

2.8.2 Conditional Self-Tests

The module supports the following Conditional Self-Tests:

- NDRNG Continuous Test
- SP800-90A Health Tests
- ECDSA Pairwise Consistency Test
- RSA Pairwise Consistency Test

2.8.3 Self-Tests Error Handling

If any of the Power-On Self-Tests fail, the module enters the error state and will immediately restart.

2.9 Mitigation Of Other Attacks

The module does not assert mitigation of attacks beyond the scope of FIPS 140-2 requirements.

3. Secure Operation

The module supports an Approved mode and a non-Approved mode of operation.

3.1 Installation

There are no specific instructions for the installation of the YubiKey 5 Cryptographic Module. The module will come installed within a YubiKey 5 and is ready for use once powered-on and initialized per the instructions in Section 3.2.

3.2 Initialization

In order to operate in the Approved mode of operation, the operator must adhere to the following instructions:

- Do not use any algorithms specified in Table 4 of this Security Policy
- Select the functional units intended for use and perform the following:
 - o OTP:
 - Establish a secure channel to perform the following services over NFC:
 - WRITE CONFIG TO SLOT
 - o PIV:
 - Establish a secure channel to perform the following services over NFC:
 - IMPORT KEY
 - CHANGE MANAGEMENT KEY
 - o OpenPGP:
 - Establish a secure channel to perform the following services over NFC:
 - IMPORT ASYMMETRIC KEY
 - o OATH:
 - Establish a secure channel to perform the following services over NFC:
 - PUT
 - o FIDO U2F:
 - No additional instructions

- o FIDO2:
 - No additional instructions
- o YubiCrypt:
 - Establish a secure channel to perform any YubiCrypt services over NFC
- Secure Channel:
 - Update the default key set
- If the instructions above are not adhered to or the operator desires to transition to the non-Approved mode, then the module must be zeroized per the instructions in Section 2.6.3.

Appendix A: Acronyms

This section describes the acronyms used throughout the document.

Table 9 - Acronyms

Acronym	Definition			
AES	Advanced Encryption Algorithm			
CKG	Cryptographic Key Generation			
СТАР	Client to Authenticator Protocol			
DES	Data Encryption Standard			
DRBG	Deterministic Random Bit Generator			
ECDH	Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman			
ECDSA	Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm			
FIDO	Fast Identity Online			
НМАС	Hash-based Message Authentication Code			
KDA	Key Derivation Algorithm			
KDF	Key Derivation Function			
KTS	Key Transport Scheme			
LRC	Longitudinal Redundancy Check			
NDRNG	Non-deterministic Random Number Generator			
OATH	Open Authentication			
ОТР	One Time Passcode			
PIN	Personal Identification Number			
PIV	Personal Identification Verification			
RSA	Rivest, Shamir, Adleman			
SCL	Serial Clock Line			

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SDA	Serial Data Line
SHA	Secure Hash Algorithm
TDES	Triple Data Encryption Standard
U2F	Universal Second Factor