# **NISTIR 7791**

# Conformance Test Architecture and Test Suite for ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007

Fernando L. Podio Dylan Yaga Christofer J. McGinnis



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U.S. Department of Commerce Gary Locke, Secretary

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#### Abstract

The Computer Security Division of NIST/ITL supports the development of biometric conformance testing methodology standards and other conformity assessment efforts through active technical participation in the development of these standards and the associated conformance test architectures and test suites. The ANSI/NIST-ITL standard "Data Format for the Interchange of Fingerprint, Facial & Other Biometric Information" is used by law enforcement, intelligence, military, and homeland security organizations throughout the world. The current version specified in its Traditional Format, is Part 1: ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007. Although a revised and augmented version of the standard is under development, the 2007 version is still widely used. The Conformance Test Architecture and Test Suite described in this publication are designed to test implementations of ANSI/NIST ITL 1-2007. The code (Beta 0.4) is currently designed to support testing of selected record types of the standard but can be extended to support other record types as required. A high-level overview of the architecture and test suite as well as software details and the code structure are provided. A quick start user guide and a comprehensive table of the standard's requirements and the associated implemented conformance test assertions (over five-hundred and thirty) are included.

#### Disclaimer

Statements made in this paper should not be interpreted as standards, guidelines, best practices, or recommendations for specific changes to any other NIST publications.

#### Acknowledgment

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#### Feedback

The Conformance Test Architecture (CTA)/Test Suite (CTS), sample data and documentation can be downloaded from the following web site: http://www.nist.gov/itl/csd/biometrics/biocta\_download.cfm.

Feedback on the CTA/CTS, the sample data and documentation are welcome. Please send comments to csdbiomcta@nist.gov.

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## 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Background

The ANSI/NIST-ITL standard "Data Format for the Interchange of Fingerprint, Facial & Other Biometric Information" is used by law enforcement, intelligence, military, and homeland security organizations throughout the world. The first version of the standard dates to 1986. Over the years, it has been updated and expanded to cover more biometric modalities beyond the original record type of fingerprint minutiae. Current modalities are:

- Fingerprint minutiae
- Fingerprint image (flat/plain, rolled and latent)
- Scars, marks and tattoos
- Facial image
- Iris image
- Palmprint image

The current version of the ANSI/NIST-ITL standard is:

Part 1 – (ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007) in Traditional Format [1] Part 2 – (ANSI/NIST-ITL 2-2008) in NIEM-conformant XML format [2]

In addition, there is an extension to the table of finger position codes in both parts of the standard to handle multiple-finger captures: ANSI/NIST-ITL 1a-2009 [3].

The standard is now in the process of being revised. A workshop was held July 27-29, 2010 at NIST to determine what new biometric modalities and associated data should be included in a new version of the standard. Working groups established at this workshop provided input for the updated standard. Two drafts were developed (the first draft incorporated the output of the working groups). The second draft incorporated changes based on comments received after the first draft was issued. A second workshop, to discuss this draft was held on March 1-3, 2011 at NIST in Gaithersburg, MD., USA. A third draft was developed after the second workshop. At the time of this writing a new draft (fourth draft) was made available for review and comment. The fourth draft can be downloaded from the ANSI/NIST-ITL Standard Homepage [4].

## 1.2 Need for Conformance Testing to Biometric Standards

The existence of biometric standards alone is not enough to demonstrate that products meet the technical requirements specified in the standards. Conformance testing captures the technical description of a specification and measures whether an implementation faithfully implements the specification. The Computer Security Division (CSD) of NIST/ITL supports the development of biometric conformance testing methodology standards and other conformity assessment efforts through active technical participation in the development of biometric standards and the development of associated conformance test architectures and test suites. NIST/ITL CSD develops these conformance test tools to support users that require conformance to selected biometric standards and to also support product development in conforming to biometric standards by using the same testing tools available to users. These efforts support the possible establishment of conformity

assessment programs to validate conformance to biometric standards. Conformance testing provides developers, users, and purchasers with increased levels of confidence in product quality and increases the probability of successful interoperability. A Conformance Test Architecture (CTA) as well as Conformance Test Suites (CTS) designed to test implementations of selected biometric data interchange formats developed by Technical Committee M1- Biometrics [5] of the InterNational Committee for Information Technology Standards (INCITS) and Subcommittee 37 (SC 37) – Biometrics of the Joint Technical Committee 1 (JTC 1) of ISO and IEC [6] are available for download at a NIST/ITL CSD web page [7].

## 1.3 Support for the ANSI/NIST- ITL 1-2007 Standard

Although a revised and augmented version of the standard is under development, the 2007 version is still widely used. NIST/ITL CSD developed a CTA/CTS (Beta version 0.4) designed to test implementations of selected Record Types of ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007, Data Format for the Interchange of Fingerprint, Facial, & Other Biometric Information – Part 1. These Record Types were considered the first-priority tier. In addition to testing Record Type 1, "Transaction Information Record", the selected records supported by the CTA/CTS are:

- Type 4, High-resolution grayscale fingerprint image
- Type 10, Facial and SMT image
- Type 13, Variable-resolution latent image
- Type 14, Variable-resolution fingerprint image
- Type 17, Iris image

Over five-hundred and thirty test assertions were implemented. The software code can be extended to support other record types as required. The tool is designed to detail a transaction's level of conformance to the standard. The granularity of the output information in the test results is provided in section 4. The CTA/CTS can also be used as an analysis tool for determining which parts of the transaction (e.g., non-conformant fields, records) do not conform to the standard and to analyze the reason for their nonconformance. For unsupported Record Types only the length of the record is reported during testing, and no determination of conformance is made for these records. In addition to stating whether a file passes or fails, the messages provided include warnings and notes.

## 1.4 Requirements in the Standard and Conformance Test Assertions

The CTA/CTS code implements the assertions required to test all of the mandatory, conditional and optional requirements for Record Type 1 and the other supported Record Types<sup>1</sup>. One or more assertions are required to adequately test conformance for a given requirement. Section 1.5, below, briefly describes Levels 1, 2 and 3 test assertions; more detail is available in the standards identified in the footnote  $2^2$ . In addition to parsing tests which are initially performed, over five-hundred Level

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Although the standard specifies the Record Type fields as either being Mandatory or Optional, many of the Optional fields are conditional to the content of other fields/requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The concepts addressed in sections 1.4 and 1.5 are based on definitions and discussions included in the following standards: ISO/IEC 29109-1:2009, Conformance testing methodology for biometric data interchange formats defined in ISO/IEC 19794 – Biometric Data Format Standard - Part 1: Generalized conformance testing methodology and the 7<sup>th</sup> draft of Conformance testing methodology for ANSI/NIST- ITL 1- 2011 developed by the ANSI/NIST-ITL Conformance Working Group, February 22, 2011.

1 and 2 assertions were implemented in the code. The assertions also apply to a particular scope, with the scope being "File", "Record" or "Field.". Level 3 assertions were not implemented.

Table C-3 of Appendix C documents the requirements and test assertions for the selected Record Types. Requirements in the standard that are not tested in the current CTA/CTS release version (Beta Version 0.4) are noted in the table. They include: (a) requirements related to International Character Sets; (b) image-based requirements where the image metadata required to implement the assertion is not defined in the image standard; and (c) four assertions related to the alternate finger segment position(s) (ASEG) specified in field 14.025. The required algorithms to implement these assertions are under research.

## 1.5 Hierarchy of Conformance Tests

Three levels of conformance testing are defined below:

## Level 1 – Checking internal content

In Level 1 testing, an ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 transaction(s) is checked for field-by-field, subfieldby-subfield and information item—by information item conformance with the specification of the standard, both in terms of ranges, character types, and cardinality. Since Level 1 testing can be performed by a simple field-by-field, subfield-by-subfield and information item—by information item reading of the standard and comparison to known values, and their encoding, performing this level of conformance testing only requires a transaction or a set of ANSI/NIST transactions (as opposed to a computer algorithm or a set of hardware and software). Therefore, any hardware or software components of the implementation being tested do not have to come into the possession of the testing lab. Only ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 transactions created with those components need to be available.

## Level 2 – Internal consistency checking

In Level 2 testing, an ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 transaction(s) is checked to determine if it is internally consistent. This is achieved by relating values from one or more fields, subfields, or information items within a transaction to other values within the same transaction. Level 2 tests involve interactions between multiple values from different parts of the ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 standard and sometimes from implicit assumptions that are not explicitly stated in the base standard. Thus, Level 2 tests require more complex validation than Level 1. Similar to Level 1 testing, Level 2 conformance testing only requires an ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 transaction(s). To ensure that all (or almost all) possible internal consistency checks are tested, tests are performed whenever possible with a large number of transactions representing as many as possible different structural variants.

## Level 3 – Content checking

A Level 3 test is intended to test whether an ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 transaction under test is a faithful representation of the original biometric data and that it satisfies those requirements of the standard that are not simply a matter of syntax and format. This level of conformance testing for some requirements might be significantly difficult or even impossible to test.

## 1.6 Target Audience

Although this publication is written for users of the Architecture/Conformance Test Suite, technical details of the architecture, operations, and the code structure are provided for more technically-inclined readers.

## 2 CTA/CTS Overview

## 2.1 High-Level Architecture

The high-level architecture implemented for the CTA/CTS can be described using four key components. As depicted in Figure 2-1, each of these components addresses different testing levels. These components are identified as Pre-Parse testing and Field, Record and File-level testing.

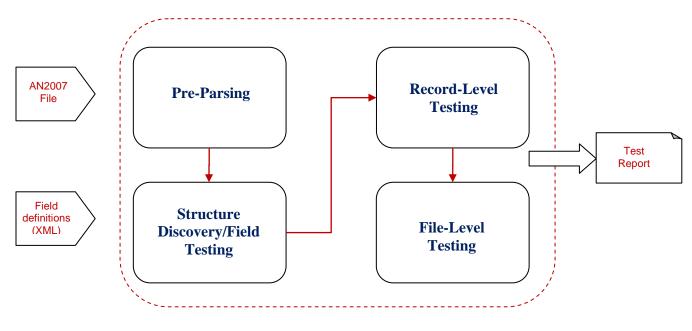


Figure 2-1: CTA/CTS High-Level Architecture

## **Pre-Parsing Operations**

This operation verifies that the file exists (e.g., it's not NULL) and that the proper arguments are sent to the software. In addition, the file is opened and tests are performed to verify that the first two characters in the file are "1." since every ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 transaction must start with Record Type 1.

## Structure Discovery/Field Testing

During structure discovery, the Table of Contents (TOC) in Record Type 1 is read and the file is parsed based on the TOC. As the software parses the file, it builds an array containing all fields that are found in each of the records in the transaction. Level 1 testing is then performed for these fields, using the Field definitions (XML file) shown in Figure 2-1. The field definitions file includes metadata on each field such as:

- Type/fields number
- Length min and max
- Min and max occurrences
- Required Level 1 tests

Level 1 test messages (errors, warning, notes, etc.) are maintained with the corresponding fields within the structure data in memory.

Once this operation is performed and the structure is built, record-level testing is ready to be performed as detailed below. The structure discovery module is designed to allow the parsing method to change based on the type of data present (e.g., binary, ASCII, ASCII/binary). This flexible approach allows also for future revisions of the test tool to allow additional data types to be parsed. The structure discovery/fields testing module includes information on all Level 1 assertions, messages, and message types that will be included in a test report.

#### **Record-Level Testing**

In this module, initial Level 2 tests are performed such as:

- Does the record length equal the number of bytes read?
- Are the correct Record types included in each record?
- For each record, is field 1 first, field 2 second and field 999 last?

Final record Level 2 tests are performed such as checking whether all mandatory and conditional fields are present and whether the field occurrences are correct.

#### File-Level Testing

Level 2 tests that include fields of more than one record are performed within this module, such as the requirements associated with the Image Designation Character (IDC) values for each record.

## 2.2 Software Details

The code is developed in C# under the Microsoft® .NET 4.0 Framework. The code structure uses interfaces that allow the CTS to treat every Record Type in the same manner while testing. This allows the high-level structure in the code that pertains to all Record Types to be expanded to other Record Types (not supported in this CTA/CTS version) without having redundant code for this level of testing. Derived classes from these interfaces can implement specific tests required for each supported Record Type. Annex A provides a description and class diagram for the code structure, and is oriented towards readers interested in technical details of the code structure.

## 3 Quick Start

## 3.1 Installation

Run the installation program NIST ITL CSD CTA Beta 0.4.exe, and follow the on screen prompts. The CTA/CTS runs in a Windows environment. It is developed under .NET v 4.0.

After installation, the loaded application should resemble the image below:

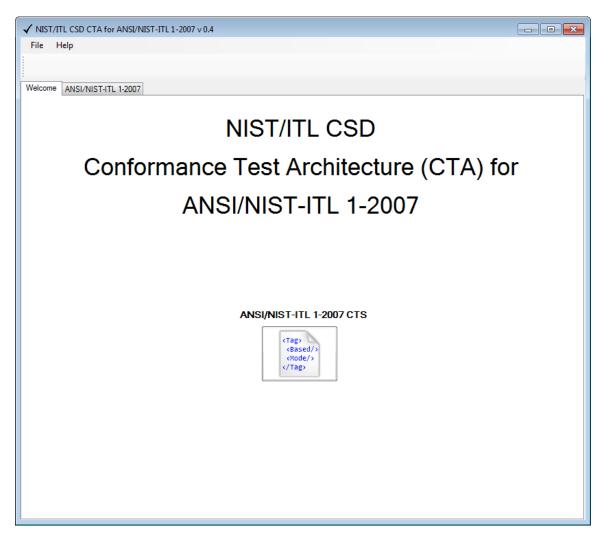


Figure 3-1: CTA/CTS Welcome

## 3.2 Loading and Running Implementations

The "ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007" tab must be selected before files can be loaded. An image of the test window is shown in Figure 3-2.

File Help		
🖻 🔰 🝯		
AN1 Run C		
elcome ANSI/N	ST-ITL 1-2007	
utput Options	Parse Tests     I File Level Results     V Fields     I	
TOC	✓ V L1 Tests V Record Level Results V Hide Ok 999 →     ✓ Self Test	
Overall Result	File	
0	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-3.an2	
<u> </u>	C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-4-14-slaps.an2	
	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-4-slaps.an2	
	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-4tpcard.an2	
	C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-5.an2	
	C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-6.an2	
<u> </u>	C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-7\atent.an2	
	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-8-sig.an2	
	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-9-4iafis.an2	
	C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-9-10-14.an2	
	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-9-13-9-14-m1.an2	
0	C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-9-13-m1.an2	
	C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-9-13-std.an2	
	C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-9-14-m1.an2	
	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-9-14-std.an2	
	C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-10-14-17-piv-index-iris.an2	
<u> </u>	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-10-branded+attoo-mark.an2	
0	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-10-sap10.an2	
0	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-10-scarface-sap50.an2	
0	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-10tattooface-sap20.an2	
	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-10tattoo-zoom.an2	
۲	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-13-14-latent-match.an2	
0	C:\_oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-13-tip-eji-j2l.an2	

## Figure 3-2: ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 Test Window

## Loading Files

There are two options for loading files:

1. Click the "AN1" button to specify the file path. If this option is used, the selected files will be loaded but the tests will not run until the "Run" button is selected.

2

2. Drag and drop one or many files into the window. If this method is chosen, the tests will automatically run and display as passed or failed.

If necessary, click the "C" (Clear) button to remove the loaded files.

### **Running Tests**

Click the "Run" button Run to run the tests. The files loaded in the window will display as passed or failed, indicated by a green or red circle respectively.

#### Sample Data Location

The sample data is available from the following locations for these versions of Microsoft® Windows®:

- XP: C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Documents\ ANSI NIST-ITL 1-2007 Sample Files
- Vista: C:\Users\Public\Documents\ANSI NIST-ITL 1-2007 Sample Files
- 7: C:\Users\Public\Documents\ANSI NIST-ITL 1-2007 Sample Files

## 4 Test Results

To generate the test results, specify the file path using the "AN1" button and click the "Run" button to run the tests. Alternatively, drag and drop the files into the GUI and the tests will run automatically.

## 4.1 Overall Results

After running the tests using one of the methods mentioned previously, the overall pass/fail results of the tests will be displayed in the "ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007" window. An example of the pass/fail results is shown below, with red (darker) circles representing failures and green circles representing successes.

Overall Result	File
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-3.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-4-14-slaps.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-4-slaps.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-5.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-6.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-7-latent.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-8-sig.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-9-4-iafis.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-9-10-14.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-10-14-17-fail.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-10-branded-tattoo-mark.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-13-tip-eji-j2l.an2
	C:\AN2007\Data\type-13-tip-eji-wsq-fail.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-14-amp-nqm-utf8.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-14-tpcard-nqm.an2
۲	C:\AN2007\Data\type-15-palms.an2
	C:\AN2007\Data\type-17-iris-fail.an2

## Figure 4-1: Pass/Fail Results

The complete file path to the implementation is also listed for reference. In addition to these overall results, a detailed summary is also displayed in a separate window. The detailed summary is discussed in the next section.

## 4.2 Detailed Results

The detailed results are displayed in a new window titled "ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007", with the tab titled "Full". The contents of this window are defined by the "Output Options" that are selected before running the tests. These options may also be selected after running the tests to update the detailed results dynamically. The image below depicts the detailed summary window with sample results.

Save Ful README.pdf C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\README.	pdf
Full ***********************************	pdf
**************************************	pdf
•	pdf
C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\README.	pdf
	-
(No Table of Contents)	
(	
Pass	
type-3.an2	
C:\oak\Data\_AN 1-2007\ANSI_NIST_Character_Separated_Reference_Files\type-3.	an2
TABLE OF CONTENTS	
#01 Type= 1 Follow= 2 Offset= 0 Length= 170	
#02         Type=         2         IDC=         0         Offset=         170         Length=         57           #03         Type=         3         IDC=         1         Offset=         227         Length=         151,170	
L1 RecordTypeValid Ok	
L2 RecordTypeFieldNumValid Ok	
L2 ReservedField Ok	
L1 LengthMin Ok	
L1 LengthMax Ok	
L1 7-Bit_Ascii Ok	
L1 Numbers_US_RS Ok	
L1 Nx2 Ok	
L1 ImplementedInCode Ok L2 TocFieldIs 1.003 Ok	
L2 TocFieldIs_1.003 Ok L1 AllSubfieldsNumeric Ok	
L2 IDC Zero First Ok	
L2 IDC Zero Min Value Ok	
L2 IDC 255 Max Value Ok	
L2 IDC Sequence Valid Ok	
L2 FileHasOneOrMoreRecords Ok	
L2 Type1IsFirst Ok	
L2 Type10ccursOnce 0k	
L2 NSR_NTR_ZeroIfNoType3-7 Ok	
< III	
	Ok

#### Figure 4-2: ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 Detailed Results

The "Save" button, shown in Figure 4-2 below the "ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007" tile bar, may be clicked to save the test results to a text file. After clicking the "Save" button, a Windows Explorer browser window will open to allow a file location and name to be selected.

#### **Output Options**

On the "ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007" tab depicted in Figure 3-2, several options are available for formatting the test results detailed output as shown in Figure 4-3 below.

Output Options			Parse Tests	File Level Results			
Header	All	•	L1 Tests	Record Level Results	Fields	1	-
VOT 🔽			L2 Tests	Field Level Results	Hide Ok	999	

Figure 4-3: Output Options

#### • Header

The "Header" option displays general information about the implementation including the pass/fail status and the file path. A sample header is shown below for a passing implementation.

----- Pass ----- Pass ------ type-10-branded-tattoo-mark.an2 C:\AN2007\Data\type-10-branded-tattoo-mark.an2

#### Figure 4-4: Header Sample

#### • TOC

The "TOC" option displays a table of contents describing all of the content for a given implementation, including Type, IDC, Offset, and Length. The number preceding each line in the TOC (such as #01 shown in Figure 4-5) is an identifier assigned to each record found inside of the file as it is sequentially parsed. This identifier clarifies the ordering of record types found within each file.

 TABLE OF CONTENTS

 #01 Type= 1
 Follow= 3 Offset=
 0
 Length=
 185

 #02 Type= 2
 IDC= 0 Offset=
 185
 Length=
 57

 #03 Type= 10
 IDC= 1 Offset=
 242
 Length=
 12,373

 #04 Type= 10
 IDC= 2 Offset=
 12,615
 Length=
 8,016

## Figure 4-5: TOC Sample

## • Type Selection

The type selection window allows the user to select which Record Types should be displayed, including Record Types 1, 4, 10, 13, 14, and 17 (or all record types included in the file). Only the option selected will be displayed in the results. For the unsupported Record Types (any type other than those shown in Figure 4-6), only the name and length of the record will be displayed in the results.

Type 14	-
All	
Type 1	
Type 4	
Type 10	
Type 13	
Type 14	
Type 17	

Figure 4-6: Type Selection Menu

For example, the implementation below contains multiple types as shown in the TOC, but only the selected type (14) is shown in the results.

```
type-4-14-slaps.an2
C:\AN2007\Data\type-4-14-slaps.an2
                                                   TABLE OF CONTENTS

      #01 Type= 1
      Follow= 4 Offset= 0

      #02 Type= 2
      IDC= 0 Offset= 195

      #03 Type= 4
      IDC= 1 Offset= 252

      #04 Type= 4
      IDC= 2 Offset= 104,529

      #05 Type= 14
      IDC= 3 Offset= 217,064

                                                                                       Length=
                                                                                                                195
                                                                                      Length=
                                                                                                                 57
                                                                                       Length= 104,277
                                                                                       Length= 112,535
                                                                                       Length=
                                                                                                          50,415
      Type 14 (Variable-Resolution Fingerprint Image) Pass
            14.001 (LEN): 50415
                 L1 RecordTypeValid
                                                                             Ok
                 L2 RecordTypeFieldNumValid
                                                                            Ok
                 L2 ReservedField
                                                                             Ok
                 L1 LengthMin
                                                                             Ok
```

#### Figure 4-7: Type Selection Menu

#### Parse Tests

The "Parse Tests" option displays parse test results (i.e., tests that are executed during parsing of the file, before the testing of L1 and L2 assertions). The "File Level Results" checkbox must be selected to view the parse tests. See Figure 4-8 for an example of parse tests in the file level results.

Parse	FileExists (C:\AN2007\Da	ata\type-3.an2)	Ok
Parse	FileMinimumLength	Ok	
Parse	FileBeginning	Ok	
Parse	TocField1.001First	Ok	
Parse	TocField1.002Second	Ok	
Parse	TocSeekField1.003	Ok	
Parse	GetRecordLength (1)	Ok	
Parse	GetRecordLength (2)	Ok	
Parse	GetRecordLength (3)	Ok	
Parse	GetRecordData (# 1)	Ok	
Parse	RecordFactory.GetRecord	(Type 1)	Ok
Parse	GetRecordData (# 2)	Ok	
Parse	RecordFactory.GetRecord	(Type 2)	Ok
Parse	GetRecordData (# 3)	Ok	
Parse	RecordFactory.GetRecord	(Type 3)	Ok

#### Figure 4-8: Field-Level Parse Test Sample

#### • L1 Tests/ L2 Tests

The "L1 Tests" and "L2 Tests" options display L1 and/or L2 test results at the File, Record, and Field levels. The "Fields" checkbox and at least one of the File, Record, or Field Level checkboxes must be selected to view these results.

ь1	RecordTypeValid
ь2	RecordTypeFieldNumValid
ь2	ReservedField
ь1	LengthMin
ь1	LengthMax
ь1	7-Bit_Ascii
ь1	Numbers
ь1	Single_NoSubFields
ь1	Opaque
ь2	CorrectTypeInFields

#### Figure 4-9: L1, L2 Tests Sample

#### • File Level Results

The "File Level Results" option displays results related to the file contents.

L2 RecordTypeFieldNumValid Ok L2 ReservedField Ok L1 LengthMin Ok L1 LengthMax Ok L1 7-Bit_Ascii Ok L1 Numbers_US_RS Ok L1 Nx2 Ok L1 ImplementedInCode Ok L2 TocFieldIs_1.003 Ok L1 AllSubfieldsNumeric Ok L2 IDC_Zero_First Ok L2 IDC_Zero_First Ok L2 IDC_Zero_Min_Value Ok L2 IDC_255_Max_Value Ok L2 IDC_Sequence_Valid Ok L2 FileHasOneOrMoreRecords Ok	ь1	RecordTypeValid	Ok
L1LengthMinOkL1LengthMaxOkL17-Bit_AsciiOkL1Numbers_US_RSOkL1Nx2OkL1ImplementedInCodeOkL2TocFieldIs_1.003OkL1AllSubfieldsNumericOkL2IDC_Zero_FirstOkL2IDC_Zero_Min_ValueOkL2IDC_255_Max_ValueOkL2IDC_Sequence_ValidOk	ь2	RecordTypeFieldNumValid	Ok
L1LengthMaxOkL17-Bit_AsciiOkL1Numbers_US_RSOkL1Nx2OkL1ImplementedInCodeOkL2TocFieldIs_1.003OkL1AllSubfieldsNumericOkL2IDC_Zero_FirstOkL2IDC_Zero_Min_ValueOkL2IDC_255_Max_ValueOkL2IDC_Sequence_ValidOk	ь2	ReservedField	Ok
L17-Bit_AsciiOkL1Numbers_US_RSOkL1Nx2OkL1ImplementedInCodeOkL2TocFieldIs_1.003OkL1AllSubfieldsNumericOkL2IDC_Zero_FirstOkL2IDC_Zero_Min_ValueOkL2IDC_255_Max_ValueOkL2IDC_Sequence_ValidOk	ь1	LengthMin	Ok
L1 Numbers_US_RS Ok L1 Nx2 Ok L1 ImplementedInCode Ok L2 TocFieldIs_1.003 Ok L1 AllSubfieldsNumeric Ok L2 IDC_Zero_First Ok L2 IDC_Zero_Min_Value Ok L2 IDC_255_Max_Value Ok L2 IDC_Sequence_Valid Ok	ь1	LengthMax	Ok
L1 Nx2 Ok L1 ImplementedInCode Ok L2 TocFieldIs_1.003 Ok L1 AllSubfieldsNumeric Ok L2 IDC_Zero_First Ok L2 IDC_Zero_Min_Value Ok L2 IDC_255_Max_Value Ok L2 IDC_Sequence_Valid Ok	ь1	7-Bit_Ascii	Ok
L1 ImplementedInCode Ok L2 TocFieldIs_1.003 Ok L1 AllSubfieldsNumeric Ok L2 IDC_Zero_First Ok L2 IDC_Zero_Min_Value Ok L2 IDC_255_Max_Value Ok L2 IDC_Sequence_Valid Ok	ь1	Numbers_US_RS	Ok
L2 TocFieldIs_1.003 Ok L1 AllSubfieldsNumeric Ok L2 IDC_Zero_First Ok L2 IDC_Zero_Min_Value Ok L2 IDC_255_Max_Value Ok L2 IDC_Sequence_Valid Ok	ь1	Nx2	Ok
L1 AllSubfieldsNumeric Ok L2 IDC_Zero_First Ok L2 IDC_Zero_Min_Value Ok L2 IDC_255_Max_Value Ok L2 IDC_Sequence_Valid Ok	ь1	ImplementedInCode	Ok
L2 IDC_Zero_First Ok L2 IDC_Zero_Min_Value Ok L2 IDC_255_Max_Value Ok L2 IDC_Sequence_Valid Ok	ь2	TocFieldIs_1.003	Ok
L2 IDC_Zero_Min_Value Ok L2 IDC_255_Max_Value Ok L2 IDC_Sequence_Valid Ok	ь1	AllSubfieldsNumeric	Ok
L2 IDC_255_Max_Value Ok L2 IDC_Sequence_Valid Ok	ь2	IDC_Zero_First	Ok
L2 IDC_Sequence_Valid Ok	ь2	IDC_Zero_Min_Value	Ok
	ь2	IDC_255_Max_Value	Ok
L2 FileHasOneOrMoreRecords Ok	ь2	IDC_Sequence_Valid	Ok
	ь2	FileHasOneOrMoreRecords	Ok

#### Figure 4-10: File-Level Results Sample

#### • Record Level Results

The "Record Level Results" option displays a summary of test results for the record.

```
L2 LastByteIsFS
                                     Ok
                                             x.001 Used For Parse
L2 RecLenEqualsNumBytes
                                     Ok
L2 Field001First
                                     Ok
L2 Field002Second
                                     Ok
L2 CorrectTypeInFields
                                     Ok
L2 MandatoryFields
                                     Ok
                                             2 Optional Fields: 1.013 1.014
L2 DuplicateFields
                                     Ok
L2 NSR NTR ZeroIfNoType3-7
                                     Ok
```

#### Figure 4-11: Record-Level Results Sample

Since some Record Types are not supported, the presence of these Records in a file or transaction is noted but no action on the content of the record is taken. The Record length is stated in the test result.

#### • Field Level Results

The "Field Level Results" option displays all test results for each field. Figure 4-12 depicts a sample of the Field Level Results.

**	17.011 (CGA): PNG	
	L1 RecordTypeValid	Ok
	L2 RecordTypeFieldNumValid	Ok
	L2 ReservedField	Ok
	L1 LengthMin	Ok
	L1 LengthMax	Ok
	L1 7-Bit_Ascii	Ok
	L1 AlphaNumeric	Ok
	L1 Single_NoSubFields	Ok
	* L1 Table_1_No_WSQ_PNG	Error The Value Is Not In Table 1 (WSQ, PNG Are Not Valid Values)
	L2 CorrectTypeInFields	Ok
	L2 CompressionAlg	Ok

#### Figure 4-12: Field-Level Results Sample

#### • Fields

The "Fields" option displays the fields within each test. If this option is not selected, "Field Level Results" will not be displayed. The image below shows the output when the "Fields" option is not selected, and thus no fields are displayed.

```
Type 1 (Transaction Information) Pass

Type 2 (User-Defined Descriptive Text) Length = 57

Type 4 (High-Resolution Grayscale Fingerprint Image) Pass

Type 4 (High-Resolution Grayscale Fingerprint Image) Pass

Type 14 (Variable-Resolution Fingerprint Image) Pass
```

## Figure 4-13: Fields Option Not Selected

• Hide Ok

The "Hide Ok" option removes all tests results that return the status "Ok" from the detailed summary with the exception of Records/Fields in error.

#### • Field Range

Specifies which fields of the existing Record Types are displayed by the selected lower and upper bounds in these windows.

## Annex A - Code Structure

This Annex discusses the elements of the code structure depicted in Figures A-1 and A-2 below.

The An107File Class is the entry point into the CTA/CTS module. It contains a list of all the Record Types encountered in a given transaction (file). After determining that the file exists, the parsing operation begins. As each Record in the file is parsed, it is added to the list of Records within the An107File Class.

IRecordType is an interface that defines required methods and attributes. There is a base Class that derives from this interface called "RecordBase" that performs all common Level 1 and Level 2 assertions for each Record. From RecordBase specific implementations for each Record Type to perform Record Type-specific parsing/testing can be derived. Parsing at this level could, as required, override the general parsing performed at the RecordBase level.

IField is the interface for fields which describes the content of fields in the file under test. IRecordType contains a list of IFields. FieldBase is a specific implementation of IField.

After each test is performed the code updates the list of results at every testing level (File, Record, Field, Subfield, and Subfield data). Possible results, listed in order of increasing severity are: (a) "Ok"; (b) "Note"; (c) "Warning"; (d) "Error"; and "Critical Error<sup>3</sup>". There is also an overall result, once all tests have been completed. A Transaction is determined to be "passing" or "failing" in the OverallResult.

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$  The module tries to run all assertions on all applicable data. That is, processing continues after results of *Ok*, *Note*, *Warning* and *Error*. But the result *Critical Error* means processing cannot continue because the next valid data element (field or record) could not be parsed successfully.

An107File Sealed Class	8
□ Fields	
<ul> <li>_an1Dash2007OutputOptions : An1Dash2007OutputOptions</li> <li>_assertions : Assertions</li> <li>_dataBinary : byte[]</li> <li>_records : List &lt; IRecordType &gt;</li> <li>_results : Results</li> </ul>	
Properties	
<ul> <li>AssertionHandlesImplemented : List<string></string></li> <li>OverallResult : OverallResult</li> <li>Records : List<irecordtype></irecordtype></li> <li>RecordsCount : int</li> <li>Results : Results</li> <li>SelfTestFailed : bool</li> <li>SelfTestFailureInfo : string</li> <li>TblOfContents : TableOfContents</li> <li>TocEntriesCount : int</li> </ul>	
Methods	- 1
<ul> <li>An107File() (+ 1 overload)</li> <li>AppendToc() : void</li> <li>CompareNumRecsToTocEntries() : void</li> <li>DiscoverStructure() : void</li> <li>GetDataBinary() : byte[]</li> <li>PostDiscoveryTests() : void</li> <li>SetDataBinary() : void</li> <li>SetDataBinary() : void</li> <li>TocIdcsSameInRecords() : void</li> </ul>	
=♥ ToString() : string	

Figure A-1: Class Diagram for the An107 File Class

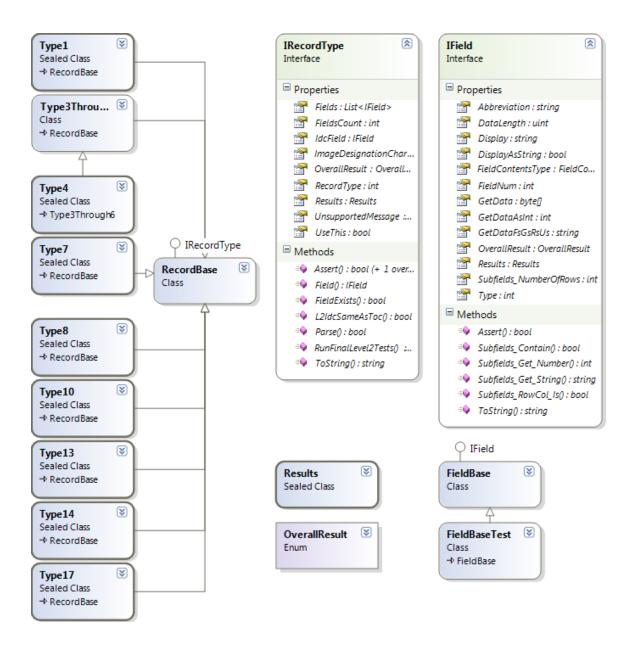


Figure A-2: Class Diagram for the Data Types

#### **Annex B - References**

- NIST Special Publication 500-271, ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 (Revision of ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2000), American National Standard for Information Systems — Data Format for the Interchange of Fingerprint Facial, & Other Biometric Information – Part 1
- [2] NIST Special Publication 500-275, ANSI/NIST-ITL 2-2008 (XML Version of ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007), American National Standard for Information Systems — Data Format for the Interchange of Fingerprint Facial, & Other Biometric Information – Part 2: XML Version
- [3] Update to "Data Format for the Interchange of Fingerprint, Facial & Other Biometric Information" for multiple finger capture designations ANSI/NIST ITL 1a-2009
- [4] ANSI/NIST Standard Homepage <u>http://www.nist.gov/itl/iad/ig/ansi\_standard.cfm</u>
- [5] INCITS M1 *Biometrics* Public Homepage http://standards.incits.org/a/public/group/m1
- [6] ISO/IEC JTC1/SC 37 *Biometrics* Public Homepage http://www.iso.org/iso/jtc1\_sc37\_home
- [7] NIST/ITL CSD Biometric Conformance Test Architectures and Test Suites Downloads Web Page: <u>http://www.nist.gov/itl/csd/biometrics/biocta\_download.cfm</u>

## Annex C - Standard Requirements and Conformance Test Assertions

Test assertions documented in Table C-4 below are expressed according to the operators and operands included in Tables C-1 and C-2 respectively, except for those instances where the assertion cannot be clearly or easily represented in a mathematical format. Table C-3 includes terms used throughout the assertions table. In the tool implementation all image-related assertions associated with compressed image types are tested against the image metadata only and not against the image itself. Even though Logical Record types 3 to 6 are not ASCII data, and are not represented in implementations as a tagged-field (e.g. 4.001), they are represented as such in this table to make it easier to understand. For assertions formulated from several sections of the AN Standard, the assertion is listed once on the first requirement encountered.

Operator	Description
EQ	Equal. Tests for equality between two values.
NEQ	Not Equal. Tests for non-equality between two values.
GTE	Greater Than or Equal To. Tests if the first value is greater than or equal to the second value.
LTE	Less Than or Equal To. Tests if the first value is less than or equal to the second value.
GT	Greater Than. Tests if the first value is greater than the second value.
LT	Less Than. Tests if the first value is less than the second value.
МО	Member Of. Tests if the value is a contained within the set.
AND	Logical And. Tests if both values are true.
OR	Logical OR. Tests if any values are true.
NOT	Negate. Negates any operator or calculation that follows.
ST	Such That. For example, (X,Y) ST X GTE 0 AND Y LTE 10
IF	Logical IF. Tests if the condition is true.
IFF	IF and Only IF. Tests that the condition guarantees another.
MOD	The modulo operator. X MOD Y = the remainder of a X divided by Y
#	All. Represents all legal values.
:	Data Element Selector. X:N selects the Nth data element in X.
in	The selector operator. X in Y selects only those X found in Y.
to	Range Selector. X to Y provides set of values Z ST Z GTE X AND Z LTE Y
,	Range concatenation. X,Y provides the set of values X AND Y.

#### Table C-1 – Operators Use in Table C-4 Test Assertions

Operand	Description						
Present(Value)	Determines if Value is present.						
Present(X in Y)	Determines if X is present in Y.						
Sum(Values)	The summation of Values.						
Count(Value)	The number of occurrences of Value.						
Count(X in Y)	The number of X found in Y.						
{ <b>X</b> }	Value of X.						
Bytes(Value)	All of the byte data contained within Value.						
MinOccurrences(Value)	The minimum number of occurrences allowed.						
MaxOccurrences(Value)	The maximum number of occurrences allowed.						
MinSize(Value)	The minimum size allowed per occurrence.						
MaxSize(Value)	The maximum size allowed per occurrence.						
Min(Value)=	The minimum of the set represented by Value.						
Length(Value)	The length of the Value.						
First(X in Y)	The first X found in Y.						
Second(X in Y)	The second X found in Y.						
Last(X in Y)	The last X found in Y.						
Type(Value)	The type of Record represented by Value.						
FieldNumber(Value)	The value of the field number for the field represented by Value.						
<pre>ForEach(X in Y) {Expression(s)}</pre>	Evaluate Expression for every X in Y.						
Valid(X)	A set of all valid values for X as defined by the requirement.						

## Table C-2 - Description of the Operands Used in Table C-4 Test Assertions

Note: When a data range is used in a calculation, the calculation is applied independently for each data element in the range. As an example, the expression:

Count(Subfields in 1.001,1.002) EQ 0

is equivalent to:

Count(Subfields in 1.001) EQ 0 AND Count(Subfields in 1.002) EQ 0

### Table C-3 Terms Used in Table C-4 Test Assertions

Term	Description
NULL	Control character with no value.
NA	Not Applicable

Table C-4 includes the requirements (or a summary of the requirements) specified in ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 standard and associated required conformance test assertions. Although references are included for all Record Types when appropriate (for example when a requirement detailed for "tagged-filed records"), the table focuses on requirements and assertions for the Record Types of interest: Record Type 1 and Record Types 4, 10, 13, 14, and 17. Explanations of the heading for each column in the table are included below.

Table C-4 can be used for conformance test tool developers, implementers of the standard, and end-users as well as testing laboratories File, Record and Field-level requirements and assertions are included.

The table includes the following headings<sup>4</sup>:

- Requirement ID: Defines a unique identifier for the requirement and associated assertion or set of assertions. It provides reference to the type of requirement (e.g., file, record, and field). It could refer to more than one Record Type.
- Reference in the standard: Identifies the clause where the requirement is included in the standard. In some cases the reference includes additional information such as a Table number.
- Requirement Summary: Provides a summary of the requirement detailed as textual information or an interpretation of the requirement in the standard. It carries the essentials of the requirement but may not provide all the text necessary to understand it.
- Level: Indicates whether Level 1 or Level 2 conformance testing is required to address the requirement in the previous column. Assertions for Level 3 conformance test are not included. A single cell is included for each assertion.
- Status: Reflects the status specified in the standard (Mandatory (M) or Optional (O)) for each field. It might also indicate whether the requirement in the standard (e.g., field content, presence of field) is considered Mandatory or Optional. Conditional requirements (e.g., conditional to other information items) are tested according to the requirements but are not indicated as such in this column.
- Assertion ID: Defines an identifier of a specific test assertion within the set of test assertions associated with a requirement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The table headings are derived from the tables of requirements and conformance test assertions specified in ISO/IEC 29109-1:2009, Conformance testing methodology for biometric data interchange formats defined in ISO/IEC 19794 – Biometric Data Format Standard - Part 1: Generalized conformance testing methodology and the 7<sup>th</sup> draft of the Conformance testing methodology for ANSI/NIST- ITL 1-2011 developed by the ANSI/NIST-ITL Conformance Working Group, February 22, 2011.

- Test assertion: Provides, whenever possible, a mathematical equation or a procedure. Plain text is included whenever a mathematical formula or simple procedure cannot be detailed.
- Test Note: Contains a number of a note included below the table. The test note may include a test procedure when the complexity of the test assertion does not allow this procedure to be included in the test assertion column. It could also include an explanatory note related to the assertion's implementation.
- Implementation support: Denotes a supplier's implementation support of a particular requirement ("Y"/"N"). A note can follow the table when providing more details of implementation support (or the lack of it) is required.
- Supported Range: Indicates a range of values supported, especially when it is different than the full range of values specified in the standard. When an information item is specified as a single value, or does not address a range of values, a N/A should be used.
- Test Result: This column is used to denote the test results. For file and record-level results the results are either "Pass" or "Fail". The field-level results should be indicated as "Ok""Error", "Warning" and "Note". Explanatory notes can be added below the table.

Requirement ID	Reference in Base Standard	Requirement Summary	Level	Status	Assertion ID	Test Assertion	Test Note	Implemen- tation Support	Suppor- ted Range	Test Result
			File-Le	vel Requ	irements and Asse	rtions				
7_Bit_ASCII	7 <i>,</i> Table 4	The standard defines logical records, some of which include ASCII tagged	1	М	7-Bit_Ascii::1.001 to 1.015	{ 1.001 to 1.015} LT 128				
	7.1 textual fields. The data in the Type-1 record shall always be recorded in variable length fields using 7-bit ASCII. Text data in the Type-2, Type-9 and tagged-field records will normally use 7- bit ASCII encoding. Mechanisms for	1	М	7-Bit_Ascii::10.001 to 10.013	{10.001 to 10.013} LT 128					
		1	Μ	7-Bit_Ascii::10.016, 10.017	{10.016, 10.017} LT 128					
		1	М	7-Bit_Ascii::10.020 to 10.030	{10.020 to 10.030} LT 128					
		using character sets other than 7-bit ASCII are given in section 8.2.3,	1	М	7-Bit_Ascii::10.040 to 10.043	{10.040 to 10.043} LT 128				
		International Character Sets.	1	М	7-Bit_Ascii::13.001 to 13.017	{13.001 to 13.017} LT 128				
		1	М	7-Bit_Ascii::13.020, 13.024	{13.020, 13.024} LT 128					
		1	М	7-Bit_Ascii::14.001 to 14.018	{14.001 to 14.018} LT 128					
		1	М	7-Bit_Ascii::14.020 to 14.025	{14.020 to 14.025} LT 128					
		1	М	7-Bit_Ascii::14.030	{14.030} LT 128					
			1	М	7-Bit_Ascii::17.001	{17.001 to 17.026} LT 128				

#### Table C-4 - Requirements and Conformance Test Assertions

(1,2,9).002- 7 Fld2Second	7.1	The first field in all tagged-field records (Types 1, 2 and 9) shall be labeled as	1 2	М	to 17.026 7-Bit_Ascii::17.030	{17.030} LT 128		
(1,2,9).002- 7 Fld2Second	7.1		2					
Fld2Second		field "1".		Μ	1,2,9.001-Fld1First	See 1.001-First (handled in Record Type assertions)		
	7.1	The second field in all tagged-field records (Types 1, 2 and 9) shall be labeled as field "2".	2	М	1.002-Fld2Second	See 1.002-Second (handled in Record Type assertions)		
(1,2,9).001- 7 RecBytes	7.1	The first field in all tagged-field records shall contain the length in bytes of the record.	2	Μ	1.001-RecBytes	{1.001} EQ Length(Record)		
(3-6, 8).Contents 7	7.1	For the binary image Type-3, Type-4, Type-5, Type-6, and Type-8 logical records, the content and order of the recorded fields are specified by this standard. With the exception of the first two fields, the remaining fields of the Type-7 logical image record are all user- defined. All fields and data in these record types shall be recorded as binary information.	2	Μ	3-6,8.#-Contents	The test assertions are included below under field testing for Record Type 4		
	7.1, 11.1	For the binary image Type-3, Type-4, Type-5, Type-6, and Type-8 logical records, the content and order of the recorded fields are specified by this standard. With the exception of the first two fields, the remaining fields of the Type-7 logical image record are all user- defined. All fields and data in these record types shall be recorded as binary information. Within each logical record, entries shall be provided in nine ordered and unnumbered fields Table 10 lists the contents of each of the nine fields (for Type-3 through Type-6).	2	Μ	Type-4 Fields_In_Order	IF Type(Record) EQ 4 THEN Count(Fields) EQ 9 AND Fields:1 to Fields: 9 must be ordered.		
File-OneType-1	7.2	Files to be exchanged are required to contain one and only one Type-1 logical record per transaction.	2	Μ	File-OneType-1	Count(Records ST Type(Records) EQ 1) EQ 1		
File-Type-1_First 7	7.2	The Type-1 logical record shall always be the first logical record within the file.	2	М	File-Type-1_First	Type(First(Record in Transaction)) EQ 1		
XX(-1).002-IDCRqd	7.4	With the exception of the Type-1 logical	2	М	4.002-HasIdc	Present(4.002)		
		record, each of the remaining logical	2	М	10.002-Hasldc	Present(10.002)		
		records present in a file shall include a	2	M	13.002-Hasldc	Present(13.002)		
		separate field containing the Image	2	M	14.002-Hasldc	Present(14.002)		

		Designation Character (IDC).	2	М	17.002-Hasldc	Present(17.00	02)				
Valid IDC	7.4	The IDC shall be used to relate information items in the file content field of the Type-1 record to each logical record.	2	М	See Below 1.003- CNT_ListsRecs	The test asser individual sup below					
002-IDCSequence	7.4	The value of the IDC shall be a sequentially assigned positive integer starting from zero and incremented by	2	М	002-IDC_ZeroFirst	{First(Field in FieldNumber(			)		
		one (up to a maximum of 255).	2	М	002-IDC_Zero_Min- _Value	{#.002} GTE 0	)				
			2	М	002-IDC_255_Max- _Value	{#.002} LTE 25	55				
			2	М	002-IDC_IncByOne	Each new IDC is one greater than the previous maximum IDC value. Type(Record) MO [1,4,10,13,14, 17]					
		The IDC shall be used to properly identify and link together logical records	2	М	IDC_Entity Supported_Types_ Only						
		that pertain to the same entity such as a	2	М	IDC_Entity_Has_IDC	Type(Record)	) MO [4_1	0 13 14	17]		
		particular finger or face.	2	M	IDC_Entity			Bio-	Field		
			-		Choose Biometric_And	Type 10	0.003 m	netric	For Com- parison		
002-RelatedIDCs	002-RelatedIDCs 7.4				Comparison_Id	4 NA	R		ID Byte 1 of 4.004		
						10 FA 10 SC	ACE F CAR S	ACE CAR	NA (1,1) of 10.040		
								ARK ATTO	(1,1) of 10.040		
						10 17 O 13 NA	A F	) FINGE	(1,1) of 10.040 (1,1) of		
						14 NA	A F	TINGE	13.013 (1,1) of 14.013		
						17 NA	A II	RIS	17.003 IF 17.003		
			2	М	IDC_Entity			Compar son IDs	= 1 Or 2 Result		
					Compare_Records_ With_The_Same	FINGE FII R R		ame	Ok		
					IDC_Value		INGE D	oifferen	Error		
						FINGE NE		IA	Error		
						FACE FA	ACE N	IA	Ok		
						FACE NE FA	EQ N ACE	IA	Error		
					IRIS IR	RIS B	oth = Or oth =	Ok			
					IRIS IR	RIS N (E 1 B	lot Both = Or Both =	Error			
						IRIS NE	EQ N		Error		

IRIS       SCAR     SCAR       SCAR     SCAR       SCAR     SCAR       Difficult     t	
SCAR SCAR Diffe	
SCAR MARK Sam Or Diff TATTO t O	or Warning ren
SCAR FINGE NA R, FACE OT IRIS	Error
MARK MARK Sam	Ok
MARK MARK Diffe	ren Warning
MARK SCAR Sam Or Diff TATTO t O	
MARK FINGE NA R, FACE Or IRIS	Error
TATTO TATTO Sam O O	Ok
TATTO TATTO Diffu O 0 t	en Warning
TATTO SCAR Sam O Or Diffi MARK t	
TATTO FINGE NA O R, FACE O RRS	Error

#### Record-Level Requirements and Assertions

File::OneOrMoreRe cs	8.2	A transaction file shall consist of one or more logical records.	2	М	File::One- OrMoreRecs	Count(Records in Transaction) GTE 1	???		
AppropriateFields- PerRecord	8.2	For each logical record contained in the file, several information fields appropriate to that record type shall be present.	2	М	AppropriateFields	These test assertions are included in the tests for the supported Record Types below.			
No_Subfields	8.2, 8.2.1,	Sections 8.2 and 8.2.1 describe the mechanism that enables a field to	1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :1.001, 1.002	Count(Subfields in 1.001, 1.002 ) EQ 0			
	Various sub- sections of	contain multiple information items known as subfields. The following fields	1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :1.004 to 1.012	Count(1.Subfields in 004 to 1.012 ) EQ 0			
	9.1, 15.1,	are defined to have a single information field and contain no subfields:	1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :1.014	Count(Subfields in 1.014 ) EQ 0			
	19.1,	18.1,         19.1,       1.001, 1.002, 1.004 to 1.012, 1.014         22.2         10.001 to 10.013, 10.016, 10.017, 10.020, 10.021, 10.027, 10.030         13.001 to 13.012, 13.016, 13.017         13.020         14.001 to 14.012, 14.016, 14.017, 14.020, 14.030	1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :10.001 to 10.013	Count(Subfields in 10.001 to 10.013 ) EQ 0			
	22.2		1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :10.016, 10.017	Count(Subfields in 10.016, 10.017 ) EQ 0			
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :10.020, 10.021	Count(Subfields in 10.020, 10.021 ) EQ 0			
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :10.027	Count(Subfields in 10.027 ) EQ 0			
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :10.030	Count(Subfields in 10.030 ) EQ 0			
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :13.001 to 13.012	Count(Subfields in 13.001 to 13.012 ) EQ 0			

		17.001 to 17.015, 17.017, 17.018,	1	М	Single NoSubFields:	Count(Subfields in 13.016, 13.017 ) EQ				
		17.001 to 17.013, 17.017, 17.018, 17.020 to 17.023, 17.025, 17.026,	T	IVI	:13.016, 13.017	0				
		17.030	1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :13.020	Count(Subfields in 13.020 ) EQ 0				
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :14.001 to 14.012	Count(Subfields in 14.001 to 14.012 ) EQ 0				
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :14.016, 14.017	Count(Subfields in 14.016, 14.017 ) EQ 0				
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :14.020, 14.030	Count(Subfields in 14.020, 14.030 ) EQ 0				
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :17.001 to 17.015	Count(Subfields in 17.001 to 17.015 ) EQ 0				
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :17.017, 17.018	Count(Subfields in 17.017, 17.018 ) EQ 0				
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :17.020 to 17.023	Count(Subfields in 17.020 to 17.023 ) EQ 0				
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :17.025, 17.026	Count(Subfields in 17.025, 17.026 ) EQ 0				
			1	М	Single_NoSubFields: :17.030	Count(Subfields in 17.030 ) EQ 0				
Valid_Record_Type	8.2.2	For tagged-field logical records each field shall begin with the logical record type number chosen from Table 4.	1	М	RecordTypeValid::1. 001 to 1.015	IF Type(Record) EQ 1 THEN Type(1.001 to 1.015) EQ 1				
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 0.001 to 10.013	IF Type(Record) EQ 10 THEN Type(10.001 to 10.013) EQ 10				
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 0.016, 10.017	IF Type(Record) EQ 10 THEN Type(10.016,10.017) EQ 10				
					1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 0.020 to 10.030	IF Type(Record) EQ 10 THEN Type(10.020 to 10.030) EQ 10		
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 0.040 to 10.043	IF Type(Record) EQ 10 THEN Type(10.040 to 10.043) EQ 10				
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 0.999	IF Type(Record) EQ 10 THEN Type(10.999) EQ 10				
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 3.001 to 13.017	IF Type(Record) EQ 13 THEN Type(13.001 to 13.017) EQ 13				
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 3.020, 13.024	IF Type(Record) EQ 13 THEN Type(13.020, 13.024) EQ 13				
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 3.999	IF Type(Record) EQ 13 THEN Type(13.999) EQ 13				
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 4.001 to 14.018	IF Type(Record) EQ 14 THEN Type(14.001 to 14.018) EQ 14				
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 4.020 to 14.025	IF Type(Record) EQ 14 THEN Type(14.020 to 14.025) EQ 14				
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 4.030	IF Type(Record) EQ 14 THEN Type(14.030) EQ 14				
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 4.999	IF Type(Record) EQ 14 THEN Type(14.999) EQ 14				
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1	IF Type(Record) EQ 17 THEN				

					7.001 to 17.026	Type(17.001 to 17.026) EQ 17		
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 7.030	IF Type(Record) EQ 17 THEN Type(17.030) EQ 17		
			1	М	RecordTypeValid::1 7.999	IF Type(Record) EQ 17 THEN Type(17.999) EQ 17		
(1,2,9)-FsAtEnd	8.2.2	The ASCII File Separator ASCII FS control character (signifying the end of the logical record or transaction) shall follow the last byte of ASCII information for each Type-1, Type-2, and Type-9 record.	2	Μ	1-FsAtEnd	Last(Byte in Record) EQ ASCII FS		
(1,2,9)-LeninciEndFs	8.2.2	The ASCII File Separator ASCII FS control character (signifying the end of the logical record or transaction) shall follow the last byte of ASCII information and shall be included in the length of the record for each Type-1, Type-2, and Type-9 record.	2	Μ	1-LenInclEndFs	Length(Record) EQ Sum(Field Lengths) + 1 The last byte, ASCII FS, is included in the Record Length		
(3-8).001-Length	8.2.2	The entire length of the record shall be recorded in the first four-byte binary field of each Type-3 through Type-8 record.	2	Μ	4.001-Length	{4.001} EQ Length(Record)		
(10,13- 17,99).999Last	8.2.2	2.2 The last physical field in a tagged-field image record (Types 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 & 99) shall always be numbered "999".	2	Μ	10.999Last	FieldNumber(Last (Field in Record)) EQ 999		
			2	М	13.999Last	FieldNumber (Last (Field in Record)) EQ 999		
			2	М	14.999Last	FieldNumber (Last (Field in Record)) EQ 999		
			2	М	17.999Last	FieldNumber (Last (Field in Record)) EQ 999		
(10,13-17,99)-	8.2.2	The ASCII File Separator ASCII FS control	2	М	10-FsAtEnd	Last(Byte in Record) EQ ASCII FS		
FsAtEnd		character shall follow the last byte of the	2	М	13-FsAtEnd	Last(Byte in Record) EQ ASCII FS		
		compressed or uncompressed image data in a tagged-field image record	2	М	14-FsAtEnd	Last(Byte in Record) EQ ASCII FS		
		(Types 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 & 99).	2	М	17-FsAtEnd	Last(Byte in Record) EQ ASCII FS		
(10,13-17,99)- LeninclEndFs	8.2.2	8.2.2 The ASCII FS character shall signify the end of the logical record or transaction and shall be included as part of the record length of a tagged-field image record (Types 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 & 99).	2	Μ	10-LenInclEndFs	Length(Record) EQ Sum(Field Lengths) + 1 The last byte, ASCII FS, is included in the Record Length		
			2	Μ	13-LenInclEndFs	Length(Record) EQ Sum(Field Lengths) + 1 The last byte, ASCII FS, is included in the Record Length		
			2	М	14-LenInclEndFs	Length(Record) EQ Sum(Field Lengths) + 1 The last bute ASCILES is included in		
						The last byte, ASCII FS, is included in		

				the Record Length			
	2	Μ	17-LenInclEndFs	Length(Record) EQ Sum(Field Lengths) + 1 The last byte, ASCII FS, is included in the Record Length			
n'l Char Sets 8.2.3 NA	NA	NA	NA	Not supported in this version	1		
	Туре	1 Requir	ements and Assert	ions			
th_Minimum_ agged_Field9.1This requirement is inferred from the Tables describing the Minimum Field size per occurrence and Minimum Occur	1	М	LengthMin::1.001 to 1.015	Length(1.001 to 1.015) GTE MinSize(1.001 to 1.015) * MinOccurrences(1.001 to 1.015)			
(Table 17),count values for each record type. The18.1length of the data shall be greater than(Table 31),or equal to the field's min size per19.1occurrence times the min Occur count.(Table 33),22.1(Table 37)	1	М	LengthMin::10.001 to 10.013	Length(10.001 to 10.013) GTE MinSize(10.001 to 10.013) * MinOccurrences(10.001 to 1.013)			
	1	М	LengthMin::10.016, 10.017	Length(10.016,10.017) GTE MinSize(10.016, 10.017) * MinOccurrences(10.016, 10.017)			
(Table 37)	1	М	LengthMin::10.020 to 10.030	Length(10.020 to 10.030) GTE MinSize(10.020 to 10.030) * MinOccurrences(10.020, 10.030)			
	1	М	LengthMin::10.040 to 10.043	Length(10.040 to 10.043) GTE MinSize(10.040, to 10.043) * MinOccurrences(10.040 to 10.043)			
	1	М	LengthMin::10.999	Length(10.999) GTE MinSize(10.999) * MinOccurrences(10.999)			
	1	Μ	LengthMin::13.001 to 13.017	Length(13.001 to 13.017) GTE MinSize(13.001 to 13.017) * MinOccurrences(13.001 to 13.017)			
	1	М	LengthMin::13.020	Length(13.020) GTE MinSize(13.020) * MinOccurrences(13.020)			
	1	М	LengthMin::13.024	Length(13.024) GTE MinSize(13.024) * MinOccurrences(13.024)			
	1	М	LengthMin::13.999	Length(13.999) GTE MinSize(13.999) * MinOccurrences(13.9999)			
	1	М	LengthMin::14.001 to 14.018	Length(14.001 to 14.018) GTE MinSize(14.001 to 14.018) * MinOccurrences(14.001 to 14.018)			
	1	М	LengthMin::14.020 to 14.025	Length(14.020 to 14.025) GTE MinSize(14.020 to 14.025) * MinOccurrences(14.020 to 14.025)			
	1	М	LengthMin::14.030	Length(14.030) GTE MinSize(14.030) * MinOccurrences(14.030)			
	1	М	LengthMin::14.999	Length(14.999) GTE MinSize(14.999) * MinOccurrences(14.999)			
	1	М	LengthMin::17.001 to 17.026	Length(17.001 to 17.026) GTE MinSize(17.001 to 17.026) * MinOccurrences(17.001 to 17.026)			
	1	М	LengthMin::17.030	Length(17.030) GTE MinSize(17.030) *			

	Table 37	through 0x39):	1	М	CharType_Numbers ::10.001, 10.002	Bytes(10.001,10.002) MO [0 to 9]		
		1.001,1.002,1.005,1.006	1	М	CharType_Numbers ::10.005 to 10.009	Bytes(10.005 to 10.009) MO [0 to 9]		
		10.001,10.002,10.005 to 10.009,10.013,10.016,10.017	1	М	CharType_Numbers ::10.013	Bytes(10.013) MO [0 to 9]		
		13.001 to 13.003, 13.005 to 13.010,	1	М	CharType_Numbers ::10.016,10.017	Bytes(10.016,10.017) MO [0 to 9]		
		13.012,13.013,13.016,13.017	1	М	CharType_Numbers ::10.017	Bytes(10.017) MO [0 to 9]		
		14.001 to 14.003, 14.005 to 14.010, 14.012, 14.016,14.017	1	М	CharType_Numbers ::13.001 to 13.003	Bytes(13.001 to 13.003)MO [0 to 9]		
		17.001 to 17.003, 17.005 to 17.010, 17.012, 17.020, 17.022, 17.023, 17.025,	1	М	CharType_Numbers ::13.005 to 13.010	Bytes(13.005 to 13.010) MO [0 to 9]		
		17.026	1	М	CharType_Numbers ::13.012, 13.013	Bytes(13.012, 13.013) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	М	CharType_Numbers ::13.016, 13.017	Bytes(13.016,13.017) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	М	CharType_Numbers ::14.001 to 14.003	Bytes(14.001 to 14.003) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	М	CharType_Numbers ::14.005 to 14.010	Bytes(14.005 to 14.010) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	М	CharType_Numbers ::14.012	Bytes(14.012) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	М	CharType_Numbers ::14.016, 14.017	Bytes(14.016,14.017) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	Μ	CharType_Numbers ::17.001 to 17.003	Bytes(17.001 to 17003) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	Μ	CharType_Numbers ::17.005 to 17.010	Bytes(17.005 to 17.010) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	М	CharType_Numbers ::17.012	Bytes(17.012) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	М	CharType_Numbers ::17.020	Bytes(17.020) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	М	CharType_Numbers ::17.022, 17.023	Bytes(17.022, 17.023) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	Μ	CharType_Numbers ::17.025, 17.026	Bytes(17.025, 17.026) MO [0 to 9]		
			1	М	CharType_Numbers ::17.030	Bytes(17.030) MO [0 to 9]		
1.001-First	9.1	Within a Type-1 logical record, entries shall be provided in numbered fields. It is required that the first two fields of the record are ordered.1.001 must be the first field.	2	Μ	1.001-First	IF Type(Record) EQ 1 THEN FieldNumber (First(Field in Record)) EQ 1		
1.002-Second	9.1	Within a Type-1 logical record, entries shall be provided in numbered fields. It is required that the first two fields of the record are ordered. 1.002 must be the second field.	2	Μ	1.002-Second	IF Type(Record) EQ 1 THEN FieldNumber(Second(Field in Record)) EQ 2		

1.xxx-Mandatory	9.1	Table 8 lists the "condition code" as	2	М	1.xxx-Mandatory	Present(Mandatory Fields)			
	Table 8	being mandatory "M" or optional "O"							
1.ххх-	9.1	The "Occur count Max" column of Table	2	М	1.xxx-	Count(1.xxx) LTE			
MaxOccurances	Table 8	8 lists the maximum number of times a			MaxOccurances	MaxOccurrences(1.xxx)			
		field can occur in a Type-1 record.							
Version=0400	9.1.2	The entry for this 2007 version of the	1	М	Value_0400::1.002	{1.002} EQ 0400			
		approved standard shall be '0400'.							
CharType_Numbers	9.1.3,	The following fields shall only contain	1	М	CharType_Numbers	Bytes(1.003) MO [0 to 9, ASCII US,			
_Subfields	15.1.22,	numbers (ASCII 0x30 through 0x39),			_US_RS::1.003	ASCII RS]			
	15.1.23,	ASCII US (0x1F) and ASCII RS (0x1E):	1	М	CharType_Numbers	Bytes(10.024,10.025) MO [0 to 9, ASCII			
	15.1.31,				_US_RS::10.024,	US, ASCII RS]			
	18.1.21,	1.003			10.025				
	19.1.13,	40.024.40.025.40.044	1	Μ	CharType_Numbers	Bytes(10.041) MO [0 to 9, ASCII US,			
	19.1.21 to	10.024, 10.025, 10.041			_US_RS::10.041	ASCII RS]			
	19.1.25,	12.024	1	М	CharType_Numbers	Bytes(13.024) MO [0 to 9, ASCII US,			
	22.2.16, 22.2.24	13.024			_US_RS::13.024	ASCII RS]			
	22.2.24	14.013, 14.021 to 14.025	1	Μ	CharType_Numbers	Bytes(14.013) MO [0 to 9, ASCII US,			
		14.013, 14.021 (0 14.025			_US_RS::14.013	ASCII RS]	_		
		17.016, 17.024	1	Μ	CharType_Numbers	Bytes(14.021 to 14.025) MO [0 to 9,			
		1//010/ 1//02/			_US_RS::14.021 to	ASCII US, ASCII RS]			
					14.025				
			1	Μ	CharType_Numbers	Bytes(17.016) MO [0 to 9, ASCII US,			
					_US_RS::17.016	ASCII RS]			
			1	М	CharType_Numbers	Bytes(17.024) MO [0 to 9, ASCII US,			
					_US_RS::17.024	ASCII RS]			
Subfields_Nx2	9.1.3,	The following fields shall contain one or	1	М	Nx2::1.003	Count(RS_Subfields in 1.003 ) GTE 2	2		
	18.1.14,	more RS_Subfields, which each contain				AND			
	19.1.18,	two US_Subfields:				ForEach(RS_Subfield in 1.003 )			
	19.1.22	12 014 14 010 14 022				{ Count/US_Subfields} 50.2			
		13.014, 14.018, 14.022				Count(US_Subfields) EQ 2			
		Field 1.003 shall contain two or more	1	М	Nx2::13.014	Count(BS Subfields in 12 014) CTE 1	2		
		RS_Subfields, which each contain two	T	IVI	NX215.014	Count(RS_Subfields in 13.014 ) GTE 1 AND	2		
		US_Subfields				ForEach(RS_Subfield in 13.014)			
						{			
						Count(US_Subfields) EQ 2			
						}			
			1	М	Nx2::14.018	Count(RS_Subfields in 14.018 ) GTE 1	2		
						AND			
						ForEach(RS_Subfield in 14.018)			
						{			
						Count(US_Subfields) EQ 2			
						}			
			1	М	Nx2::14.022	Count(RS_Subfields in 14.022 ) GTE 1	2		
						AND			
						ForEach(RS_Subfield in 14.022)			
						Count(US_Subfields) EQ 2			
and the second						,			
1.003-	9.1.3	Field 1.003, File Content (CNT) shall list	2	М	1.003-	Field 1.003, File Content (CNT) shall list			

CNIT ListeDays		and identify each of the legisly ready			CNIT ListaDasa	and identify each of the lesiest recently		
CNT_ListsRecs		and identify each of the logical records in the file by record type. It also specifies			CNT_ListsRecs	and identify each of the logical records in the file by record type. It also		
		the order in which the remaining logical				specifies the order in which the		
		records shall appear in the file.				remaining logical records shall appear		
		records shall appear in the file.				in the file.		
		Each of the subfields after the first				in the me.		
		subfield of Field 1.003 relate to a single				Each of the subfields after the first		
		Type-2 through Type-99 logical record				subfield of Field 1.003 relate to a single		
		contained in the file. Two information				Type-2 through Type-99 logical record		
		items shall comprise each subfield. The				contained in the file. Two information		
		first information item shall be the record				items shall comprise each subfield. The		
		identifier character(s) chosen from Table				first information item shall be the		
		4 that identifies the record type. This				record identifier character(s) chosen		
		identifier must match the record type of				from Table 4 that identifies the record		
		the corresponding record in the field.				type. This identifier must match the		
						record type of the corresponding		
						record in the field.		
1.003-Num-	9.1.3	The second information item of the first	2	М	1.003-Num-	The second information item of the		
Following-		subfield of Field 1.003 (CNT) shall be the			Following-	first subfield of Field 1.003 (CNT) shall		
Recs=Num-		sum of the Type-2 through Type-99			Recs=Num-	be the sum of the Type-2 through		
FollowingSubfields		logical records contained in this file.			FollowingSubfields	Type-99 logical records contained in		
		This number is also the number of				this file. This number is also the		
		remaining subfields in the CNT field.				number of remaining subfields in the		
4.000	0.4.2	The state of the second state of the state of the second state of	2		4 000 CNT 100	CNT field.		
1.003-	9.1.3	Each of the subfields after the first	2	М	1.003-CNT_IDCs- MatchRecs	Each of the subfields after the first		
CNT_IDCsMatchRec s		subfield of Field 1.003 relate to a single Type-2 through Type-99 logical record			WIGICHKELS	subfield of Field 1.003 relate to a single Type-2 through Type-99 logical record		
3		contained in the file. Two information				contained in the file. Two information		
		items shall comprise each subfield. The				items shall comprise each subfield. The		
		second item shall be the IDC associated				second item shall be the IDC associated		
		with the logical record pertaining to that				with the logical record pertaining to		
		subfield.				that subfield.		
Unspecified Data		This requirement is not explicitly stated,	1	М	Opaque::1.001	True		
	9.1.1,	but instead is a generalization for all	1	М	Opaque::1.004	True		
	Various sub-	fields where the content cannot be	1	М	Opaque::1.007 to	True		
	sections of	checked against any known value. For			1.013			
	9.1, 11.2,	all such fields that allow unspecified data, the content of the field is always	1	М	Opaque::4.001,	True		
	11.2, 15.1,	accepted. These fields include:			4.002			
	18.1	accepted. mese nelus melude.	1	Μ	Opaque::4.006,	True		
	19.1,	1.001, 1.004, 1.007 to 1.013			4.007			
	22.2	,	1	M	Opaque::4.009	True		
		4.001, 4.002, 4.006, 4.007, 4.009	1	М	Opaque::10.001,	True		
					10.002	-		
		10.001, 10.002, 10.004, 10.006, 10.007,	1	M	Opaque::10.004	True		
		10.009, 10.010, 10.016, 10.017, 10.025,	1	М	Opaque::10.006,	True		
		10.026, 10.041			10.007			
			1	М	Opaque::10.009,	True		
		13.001, 13.002, 13.004, 13.006 to			10.010	-		
		13.010, 13.016, 13.017	1	М	Opaque::10.016,	True		
		13.020			10.017			

			1	N.4	0000000000000	True		
		14.001, 14.002, 14.004, 14.006, 14.007,	1	Μ	Opaque::10.025, 10.026	True		
		14.009, 14.010, 14.016, 14.017, 14.020	1	М	Opaque::10.041	True		
		17.001, 17.002, 17.004, 17.006, 17.007,	1	М	Opaque::13.001, 13.002	True		
		17.009, 17.010, 17.014, 17.015, 17.018, 17.010, 17.021 to 17.024, 17.026	1	Μ	Opaque::13.004	True		
		17.019, 17.021 to 17.024, 17.026	1	М	Opaque::13.006 to 13.010	True		
			1	Μ	Opaque::13.016, 13.017	True		
			1	М	Opaque::13.020	True		
			1	М	Opaque::14.001, 14.002	True		
			1	М	Opaque::14.004	True		
			1	М	Opaque::14.006, 14.007	True		
			1	М	Opaque::14.009, 14.010	True		
			1	Μ	Opaque::14.016, 14.017	True		
			1	М	Opaque::14.020	True		
			1	М	Opaque::17.001, 17.002	True		
			1	М	Opaque::17.004	True		
			1	М	Opaque::17.006, 17.007	True		
			1	М	Opaque::17.009, 17.010	True		
			1	М	Opaque::17.014, 17.015	True		
			1	М	Opaque::17.018, 17.019	True		
			1	М	Opaque::17.021 to 17.024	True		
			1	М	Opaque::17.026	True		
AlphaNumeric	9.1 (Table 8),	The field shall only contain alphanumeric characters (ASCII 0x20 through 0x7E).	1	М	AlphaNumeric::1.00 4	Bytes(1.004) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
	15.1 (Table 17),		1	М	AlphaNumeric::1.00 7 to 1.010	Bytes(1.007 to 1.010) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
	18.1 (Table 31),		1	М	AlphaNumeric::1.01 4	Bytes(1.014) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
	19.1 (Table 33), 22.1		1	М	AlphaNumeric::10.0 03, 10.004	Bytes(10.003, 10.004) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
	(Table 37)		1	М	AlphaNumeric::10.0 10 to 10.012	Bytes(10.010 to 10.012) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
			1	М	AlphaNumeric::10.0 20	Bytes(10.020) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
			1	М	AlphaNumeric::10.0 27	Bytes(10.027) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		

VYYYMDD, Valid selish 70         9.1.5 9				1	М		Bytes(10.030) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
Pryvnikod Valid iedis         9.1.5 9.1.				1	М		Bytes(13.004) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
YYYMMDD,Valial ields         9.1.5 9.1.5 9.1.5         The transaction date shall not be future: 1         1         M         AphaNumeric,240 (M         Bytes(14.012) (M0) (D20 to 0/7E)         I         I         M         AphaNumeric,240 (M         Bytes(14.012) (M0) (D20 to 0/7E)         I         I         M         AphaNumeric,240 (M         Bytes(14.012) (M0) (D20 to 0/7E)         I         I         M         AphaNumeric,240 (M         Bytes(14.020) (M0) (D20 to 0/7E)         I         I         M         AphaNumeric,240 (M         Bytes(14.020) (M0) (D20 to 0/7E)         I         I         M         AphaNumeric,270 (M         Bytes(17.012) M0 (D20 to 0/7E)         I         I         M         AphaNumeric,270 (M         Bytes(17.012) M0 (D20 to 0/7E)         I         I         M         AphaNumeric,270 (M         Bytes(17.012) M0 (D20 to 0/7E)         I         I         M         AphaNumeric,270 (M         Bytes(17.012) M0 (D20 to 0/7E)         I         I         M         AphaNumeric,270 (M         Bytes(17.012) M0 (D20 to 0/7E)         I         I         M         M         Minit MMDD         Minit M         Minit M           11         M         M         M         M/MDD         Minit MDD         M         Minit MDD         M         Minit MDD         M         Minit MDD         M         Minit MDD         M <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>М</td> <td></td> <td>Bytes(13.011) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]</td> <td></td> <td></td>				1	М		Bytes(13.011) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
VYYMMDD_Vails liels         9.1.5 9.1.5         The fatusation date shall not be future. 1.0.1         0.0				1	М		Bytes(13.020) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
YYYMNDD_valid         9.1.5 1.1         M         AlphaNumeric:14.0 30         Byte(14.020)         MO (0x20 to 0x7E]         Image: 10 mode in the information of t				1	М		Bytes(14.004) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
VYYMMDD_Valid ield         9.1.5 .1.5         The date shall appear as eight digits in the format YYYMMDD.         1         M         AlphaNumeric::1.70 .00         Bytes(12,031) M0 [0x20 to 0x7E]				1	М		Bytes(14.011) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
VYYMMDD_Valid         9.1.5         The date shall appear as eight digits in the format YYYMMDD.         1         M         AlphaNumeric: 17.0 0.4         Bytes(17.014) M0 (0x20 to 0x7E)         0         0         0           YYYMMDD_Valid         9.1.5, 1.5, 1.8,1.5,1.5,1.5,1.5,1.5,1.5,1.5,1.5,1.5,1.5				1	М		Bytes(14.020) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
VYYMMDD_Valid:         9.1.5         The date shall appear as eight digits in the format VYYMMDD.         1         M         AlphaNumeric:17.0         Bytes(17.01,1 M0 [0x20 to X7E]         C <thc< th=""> <thc< t<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>М</td><td></td><td>Bytes(14.030) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]</td><td></td><td></td></thc<></thc<>				1	М		Bytes(14.030) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
VYYMMDD_Valid         9.1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1.5, 1.5,				1	М		Bytes(17.004) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
VYYYMMDD_Volid YYYYMMDD_Note         9.1.5 15.1.5, 18.1.5, 19.				1	М		Bytes(17.011) MO [0x20 to 0x7E]		
YYYYMMDD_Valid YYYYMMDD_Valid 15.1.5, 18.1.5, 19.1.5, 12.2.5       9.1.5, 15.1.5, 18.1.5, 12.2.5       The date shall appear as eight digits in the format YYYYMMDD.       1       M       YYYYMMDD_Valid: 1.005       (1005) MO Valid(YYYYMMDD)       1       1       M       YYYMMDD_Valid: 1.005       (1005) MO Valid(YYYYMMDD)       1       1       M       YYYMMDD_Valid: 1.005       (1005) MO Valid(YYYYMMDD)       1       1       M       YYYMMDD_Valid: 1.0005       (1005) MO Valid(YYYYMMDD)       1       1       M       YYYMMDD_Valid: 1.0005       (1005) MO Valid(YYYMMDD)       1       1       1       M       YYYMMDD_NotFu ture::1.005       (1005) MO Valid(YYYMMDD)       1       1       1       M       YYYMMDD_NotFu ture::1.005       (1005) MO Valid(YYYMMDD)       1       1       1       M       YYYMMDD_NotFu ture::1.005       (1005) MO Valid(YYYMMDD)       1       1       1       M       10.11-NSR ZerofNoBinaryRecs       (1.005) MO (110 9]       1       1       1       M       10.11-NSR ZerofNoBinaryRecs       (1.011) EQ '00.00''       1 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>М</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				1	М				
15.1.5, 18.1.5, 19.1.5, 22.2.5       the format YYYMMDD.       I       1.005       IOODS       IOODS MO Valid(YYYMMDD)       IOODS       IOODS <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>М</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				1	М				
19.1.5,       22.2.5       1       M       10.005       13.005       13.005       13.005       14.005       13.005       14.005	YYYYMMDD_Valid			1	М	—	{1.005} MO Valid(YYYYMMDD)		
AlphaNumeric_Subf       9.1.5       The field shall only contain alphanumeric (Table 8), 9.1.11, 9.1.15, 1.5.1, 20, 15.1.20,		19.1.5,		1	М		{10.005} MO Valid(YYYYMMDD)		
Image: Provide the state of the state o		22.2.5		1	М		{13.005} MO Valid(YYYYMMDD)		
VYYYMMDD_NotFu ture       9.1.5       The transaction date shall not be future.       1       M       YYYYMMDD_NotFu ture:1.005       [1.005] LTE Date.Today       Image: Comparison of the state of the s				1	М	-	{14.005} MO Valid(YYYYMMDD)		
turetureture:1.05ture:1				1	М	—	{17.005} MO Valid(YYYYMMDD)		
1.011-NSR ZerolfNoBinaryRecs       9.1.11       For transactions that do not contain Type-3 through Type-7 fingerprint image records, field 1.011 (NSR) shall be set to "00.00".       2       M       1.011-NSR ZerolfNoBinaryRecs       If NOT Present(Type 3 to Type 7) Then {1.011} EQ "00.00"         AlphaNumeric_Subf ields       9.1       The field shall only contain alphanumeric characters (ASCII 0x20 through 0x7E), 9.1.13, 9.1.15, 15.1.20, 15.1.21, 15.1.26, 15.1.26,       1       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::10.022, 10.023       Bytes(1.013) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]       0         1       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::10.15       Bytes(1.015) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]       0       0         1       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::10.15       Bytes(1.015) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]       0       0         1       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::10.15       Bytes(1.015) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]       0       0         1       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::10.022, 10.023       Bytes(10.022, 10.023) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]       0       0		9.1.5	The transaction date shall not be future.	1	М		{1.005} LTE Date.Today		
1.011-NSR ZerolfNoBinaryRecs9.1.11For transactions that do not contain Type-3 through Type-7 fingerprint image records, field 1.011 (NSR) shall be set to "00.00".2M1.011-NSR ZerolfNoBinaryRecsIf NOT Present(Type 3 to Type 7) Then {1.011} EQ "00.00"SSSSAlphaNumeric_Subf ields9.1 (Table 8), 9.1.13, 9.1.15, 15.1.20, 15.1.20, 15.1.21, 15.1.26, 15.1.26, 15.1.26, 15.1.26,9.1 The field shall only contain alphanumeric characters (ASCII 0x20 through 0x7E), ASCII US (0x1F) and ASCII RS (0x1E).1MAlphaNumeric_US RS::1.013Bytes(1.013) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]SSS<	Values_1To9	9.1.6	The value shall be in the range 1 to 9.	1	0	Values_1To9::1.006	{1.006} MO [1 to 9]		
ields       (Table 8), 9.1.13, 9.1.15, 1.5,1.20, 15.1.20, 15.1.21, 1.5,1.26,       characters (ASCII 0x20 through 0x7E), ASCII US (0x1F) and ASCII RS (0x1E).       I       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::1.015       Bytes(1.015) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]       Bytes(1.015) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]         1       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::1.015       Bytes(1.0.022, 10.023) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]       Image: Comparison of the state of the sta	1.011-NSR	9.1.11	For transactions that do not contain Type-3 through Type-7 fingerprint image records, field 1.011 (NSR) shall be set to	2	Μ		If NOT Present(Type 3 to Type 7) Then		
9.1.13, 9.1.15, 15.1.20, 15.1.21, 15.1.26, 15.1.26,       ASCII US (0x1F) and ASCII RS (0x1E). 15.1.20, 15.1.21, 15.1.26,       1       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::1.015       Bytes(1.015) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]       D         1       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::10.022, 10.023       Bytes(10.022,10.023) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]       D       D         1       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::10.025       Bytes(10.028,10.029) MO [0x20 to       D       D				1	М				
15.1.20,       1       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::10.022, 10.023       Bytes(10.022,10.023) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]         15.1.26,       1       M       AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::10.022, 10.023       Bytes(10.028,10.029) MO [0x20 to		9.1.13,		1	М		Bytes(1.015) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII		
15 1 20		15.1.21,		1	М	AlphaNumeric_US_	Bytes(10.022,10.023) MO [0x20 to		
				1	М				

	15.1.32,		1	М	AlphaNumeric US	Bytes(10.040) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII			
	15.1.32,		1	IVI	RS::10.040	US, ASCII RS]			
	18.1.14,		1	М	AlphaNumeric_US_	Bytes(10.042,10.043) MO [0x20 to			
	18.1.15,				RS::10.042, 10.043	0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]			
	19.1.14, 19.1.15,		1	М	AlphaNumeric_US_	Bytes(13.014,13015) MO [0x20 to			
	19.1.18,		1	М	RS::13.014, 13.015 AlphaNumeric US	0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS] Bytes(14.014,14.015) MO [0x20 to			
	22.2.19		1	IVI	RS::14.014,14.015	0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]			
			1	М	AlphaNumeric_US_	Bytes(14.018) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII			
					RS::14.018	US, ASCII RS]			
			1	М	AlphaNumeric_US_ RS::17.019	Bytes(17.019) MO [0x20 to 0x7E, ASCII US, ASCII RS]			
Numbers2Dot2	9.1.11 <i>,</i> 9.1.12	The field shall consist of two numbers followed by a period followed by two	1	М	Numbers2Dot2::1.0 11, 1.012	{1.011, 1.012} MO '##.##'			
	5.1.12	numbers.			11, 1.012				
1.012-NTR	9.1.12	For transactions that do not contain	2	М	1.012-NTR	If NOT Present(Type 3 to Type 7) Then			
ZerolfNoBinaryRecs		Type-3 through Type-7 fingerprint image			ZerolfNoBinaryRecs	{1.012} EQ "00.00"			
		records, field 1.012 (NTR) shall be set to "00.00".							
GMT	9.1.14	The GMT is represented as	1	0	GMT_Valid::1.014	{1.014} Valid(YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ)			
		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ, a 15-character							
		string that is the concatenation of the date with the GMT and concludes with a							
		Z.							
GMT_NotFuture	9.1.14	The GMT shall not exceed the current	1	0	GMT_NotFuture::1.	{1.014} LTE {Date Today}			
		date.			014				
1.014- GMT NotFuture	9.1.14	The complete GMT date shall not exceed the current date.	2	М	1.014- GMT NotFuture	{1.014} LTE {Current DateTime}			
SubFields	9.1.13,	The field shall contain subfields.	1	0	SubFields	Present( Subfield in 1.013)			
	9.1.15,				Expected::1.013				
	15.1.27, 15.1.32,		1	0	SubFields	Present(Subfield in 1.015)			
	19.1.25		1	0	Expected::1.015 SubFields	Present(Subfield in 10.029)			
			-	Ũ	Expected::10.029				
			1	0	SubFields	Present(Subfield in 10.042)			
					Expected::10.042				
			1	0	SubFields Expected::14.025	Present(Subfield in 14.025)			
NotSupported	9.1.15	The field is not supported.	1	0	NotSupported::1.01 5	True			
1.015-DCS	9.1.15					Not supported in this version	1		
(Not Needed)	9.2	Immediately following the last	2	М	See Above	Last(Byte in Record) EQ ASCII FS			
		information field in the Type-1 logical record, an ASCII FS separator character			1-FsAtEnd				
		shall be used to separate it from the							
		next logical record. This ASCII FS							
		character shall replace the "GS" character that is normally used between							
		information fields.							
			Type	4 Requir	rements and Assert	ions			
			100						

4::MandatoryFields	11.1	In a Type 4 record, entries shall be provided in nine ordered and unnumbered fields. The data recorded is in binary form – no ASCII data. The first eight fields are fixed length and total eighteen bytes. These fields precede the image data contained in field nine. Table 10 lists the contents of each of the nine fields.	2	Μ	4::MandatoryFields	In a Type 4 record, entries shall be provided in nine ordered and unnumbered fields. The data recorded is in binary form – no ASCII data. The first eight fields are fixed length and total eighteen bytes. These fields precede the image data contained in field nine. Table 10 lists the contents of each of the nine fields.			
4::LenData=LEN-18	11.1	In a Type-4 record the size of the ninth field is eighteen bytes less than the value specified in the LEN field.	2	М	4::LenData=LEN-18	Length(4.009) EQ Length(Record) - 18			
Length_Maximum_ Binary_Field	11.2 (Table 10)	The field length shall be as specified.	1	М	LengthMax::4.001 to 4.009	Length(4.001 to 4.009) LTE {Length.Max}			
Length_Minimum_ Binary_Field	11.2 (Table 10)	The field length shall be as specified.	1	М	LengthMin::4.001	Length(4.001 to 4.009) GTE {Length.Min}			
4.001::RecBytes	11.2.1	The mandatory four-byte binary LEN field shall occupy bytes one through four of each record type. It shall contain the length of the logical record specifying the total number of bytes, including every byte of all nine fields contained in the record.	2	Μ	4.001::RecBytes	Length(Record) EQ {4.001}			
4.002- CNT_IDCsMatchRec S	11.2.2	The mandatory one-byte binary IDC field shall be a binary representation of the IDC found in the file content (CNT) field of the Type-1 record.	2	Μ	4.003- CNT_IDCsMatchRec S	See Above 1.003-CNT_IDCsMatchRecs			
Table_11_Finger	11.2.3	The field value shall be selected from Table 11.	1	М	Table_11_Finger::4. 003	{4.003} MO Table 11			
Table_12_0To14	11.2.4	The field value shall be selected from Table 12.	1	М	Table_12_0- 14_Binary::4.004	{4.004} MO [0 to 14]			
Values_0To1	11.2.5	The value shall be 0 or 1.	1	М	0-1_Binary::4.005	{4.005} MO [0, 1]			
4.006-HLL	11.2.6	Field 4.006 shall be used to specify the number of pixels contained on a single horizontal line of the transmitted image.	2	M	4.006-JPEGB-JPEGL- HLL 4.006-WSQ-HLL	{4.006} EQ {Image Width}	3		
4.007-VLL	11.2.7	Field 4.007 shall be used to specify the number of horizontal lines contained in	2	М	4.007-JPEGB-JPEGL- VLL	{4.006} EQ {Image Width} {4.007} EQ {Image Height}	3		
Table_1_No_4-6	11.2.8	the transmitted image. The field value shall be selected from Table 1. Values 4 through 6 are not valid.	2	M	4.007-WSQ-VLL Table_1_No_4- 6::4.008	{4.007} EQ {Image Height} {4.008} NOT MO [4-6] AND {4.008} MO Table 1	3		
4.008- ConfirmedCGA	11.2.8	Field 4.008 shall be used to specify the type of compression used (if any). For the Type-4 logical record, the WSQ or the JPEG standard algorithms are	2 2	M M	4.011-JPEGB-JPEGL 4.011-WSQ	{4.008} corresponds to {SOF marker} Present(SOF, Image Height, Image Width)	3 3		
4.009-ValidImage	11.2.9	recommended. Field 4.009 shall contain the image data.	2	М	4.009-Valid- Uncomp	Length(4.009) EQ {4.006} * {4.007}			

			2	М	4.009-Valid-JPEGB- JPEGL	Present(SOI, SOF, EOI)	3		
			2	М	4.009-Valid-WSQ	Present(SOI, SOF, SOB, EOI)	3		
			Type 1	LO Requi	rements and Asser	tions			
10::FixedPositionFi elds	15.1	It is required that the first two fields of the Type-10 record are ordered, and the	2	М	10:001::LEN_First	First(Field in Record) ST Type(Record) EQ 10 AND Field EQ 10.001			
		field containing the image data shall be the last physical field in the record.	2	М	10:002::IDC_Second	Second(Field in Record) ST Type(Record) EQ 10 AND Field EQ 10.002			
			2	М	10:999::DATA_Last	Last(Field in Record) ST Type(Record) EQ 10 AND Field EQ 10.999 in a Type- 10 record.			
10::MandatoryField s	15.1 <i>,</i> (Table 17)	For each field of the Type-10 record, Table 17 lists the "condition code" as	2	М	10::CondCode_M	IF "Cond code" EQ "M" in Table 17, Present(Field in Record)			
		being mandatory "M" or optional "O"and occurrence limits.	2	М	10.xxx- MaxOccurances	Count(10.xxx) LTE MaxOccurrences(10.xxx)			
			2	М	10.xxx- MinOccurances	Count(10.xxx) GTE MinOccurrences(10.xxx)			
10::IMG=FAC_Fields	15.1	Fields with "FAC" in the "IMG" column of Table 17 apply to mugshot or facial image Type-10 records.	2	М	10::IMG=FAC_ FaceOK	Fields with "FAC" in the "IMG" column of Table 17 apply to mugshot or facial image Type-10 records.			
			2	М	10::IMG=FAC_ SmtBad	Fields with "SMT" in the "IMG" column of Table 17 do not apply to mugshot or facial image Type-10 records.			
10::IMG=SMT_Field s	15.1	Fields with "SMT" in the "IMG" column of Table 17 apply to scar, mark or tattoo image Type-10 records	2	М	10::IMG=SMT SmtOk	Fields with "SMT" in the "IMG" column of Table 17 apply to scar, mark or tattoo image Type-10 records.			
			2	М	10::IMG=SMT FaceBad	Fields with "FAC" in the "IMG" column of Table 17 do not apply to scar, mark or tattoo image Type-10 records.			
10::Len=Bytes	15.1.1	Field 10.001: Logical record length (LEN) This mandatory ASCII field shall contain the total count of the number of bytes in the Type-10 logical record. Field 10.001 shall specify the length of the record including every character of every field contained in the record and the information separators.	2	Μ	10.001::Len=Bytes	{10.001} EQ Length(Record)			
10::IDC=CNT_IDC	15.1.2	Field 10.002: Image designation character (IDC) This mandatory ASCII field shall be used to identify the facial or SMT image data contained in the record. This IDC shall match the IDC found in the file content (CNT) field of the Type-1 record.	2	Μ	10.002::IDC=CNT IDC	{10.002} EQ {1.003}			

FaceScarMarkTatto o	15.1.3	The value shall be FACE, SCAR, MARK or TATTOO.	1	М	FaceScarMarkTatto o::10.003	{10.003} MO ['FACE', 'SCAR', 'MARK', 'TATTOO']			
10.006-HLL	15.1.6	Field 10.006 shall contain the number of pixels contained on a single horizontal	2	М	10.006-JPEGB- JPEGL-HLL	{10.006} EQ {Image Width}			
		line of the transmitted image.	2	М	10.006-JP2-JP2L- HLL	{10.006} EQ {Image Width}			
			2	М	10.006-PNG-HLL	{10.006} EQ {Image Width}			
NotifyOnZero	15.1.6, 15.1.7,	If the field value is zero note this fact in the output.	1	М	NotifyOnZero::10.0 06, 10.007	{10.006,10.007} NEQ 0			
	18.1.6, 18.1.7,		1	М	NotifyOnZero::13.0 06, 13.007	{13.006, 13.007} NEQ 0			
	19.1.6, 19.1.7,		1	М	NotifyOnZero::14.0 06, 14.007	{14.006, 14.007} NEQ 0			
	22.2.6, 22.2.7		1	М	NotifyOnZero::17.0 06, 17.007	{17.006,17.007} NEQ 0			
10.007-VLL	15.1.7	Field 10.007 shall contain the number of horizontal lines contained in the	2	М	10.007-JPEGB- JPEGL-VLL	{10.007} EQ {Image Height}			
		transmitted image.	2	М	10.007-JP2-JP2L- VLL	{10.007} EQ {Image Height}			
			2	М	10.007-PNG-VLL	{10.007} EQ {Image Height}			
Values_0To2	15.1.8, 19.1.8,	The value shall be 0, 1 or 2.	1	М	Values_0To2::10.00 8	{10.008} MO [0-2]			
	22.2.3, 22.2.8		1	М	Values_0To2::14.00 8	{14.008} MO [0-2]			
			1	М	Values_0To2::17.00 3	{17.003} MO [0-2]			
			1	М	Values_0To2::17.00 8	{17.008} MO [0-2]			
10.008-SLC	15.1.8	Field 10.008 shall specify the units used to describe the image sampling	2	М	10.008-JPEGB- JPEGL-SLC	IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN {10.008} EQ {Sampling Units}	3		
		frequency (pixel density).	2	М	10.008-JP2-JP2L- SLC	Not Implemented	4		
			2	М	10.008-PNG-SLC	IF Present(PHYS chunk) THEN IF {10.008} EQ "1" OR "2" THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {10.008} EQ 0 THEN{Sampling Units} EQ 0	3		
10.009-HPS	15.1.9	Field 10.010 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal direction of the transmitted image if the	2	М	10.009-JPEGB- JPEGL	IF {10.008} EQ "1" OR "2", THEN IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN {10.009} EQ {Horizontal Density}	3		
		SLC field contains a 1 or 2. Otherwise, it indicates the horizontal component of	2	М	10.009-JP2-JP2L- HPS	No Implementation	4		
		the pixel aspect ratio.	2	М	10.009-PNG-HPS	IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {10.008} EQ "1", THEN {10.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} * 0.0254 (meters/inch) ELSE IF {10.008} EQ "2", THEN {10.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} * 0.01 (meters/cm)	3		
			2	М	10.009-JPEGB-	IF {13.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN	3		

					JPEGL-HorzAspect	{13.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}			
			2	М	10.009-JP2-JP2L- HorzAspect	No Implementation	4		
			2	М	10.009-PNG- HorzAspect	IF Present(PHYS Chunk), THEN IF {10.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {10.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
10.010-VPS	15.1.10	Field 10.010 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the vertical direction of the transmitted image if the	2	М	10.010-JPEGB- JPEGL-VPS	IF {10.008} EQ "1" OR "2", THEN IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN {10.010} EQ {Vertical Density}	3		
		SLC field contains a 1 or 2. Otherwise, it indicates the vertical component of the	2	М	10.010-JP2-JP2L- VPS	No Implementation	4		
		pixel aspect ratio.	2	М	10.010-PNG-VPS	IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {10.008} EQ "1", THEN {10.010} EQ {Vertical Density} * 0.0254 (meters/inch) ELSE IF {10.008} EQ "2", THEN {10.010} EQ {Vertical Density} * 0.01 (meters/cm)	3		
			2	М	10.010-JPEGB- JPEGL-VerAspect	IF {10.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {10.010} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
			2	М	10.010-JP2-JP2L- VerAspect	No Implementation	4		
			2	М	10.010-PNG- VerAspect	IF Present(PHYS Chunk), THEN IF {10.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {10.010} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
Table_1_No_WSQ	15.1.11	The field value shall be selected from Table 1. WSQ is not valid.	1	М	Table_1_No_WSQ:: 10.011	{10.011} NOT WSQ AND {10.011} MO Table 1			
10.011- ConfirmedCGA	15.1.11	Field 10.011 shall contain an entry from Table 1 (other than WSQ) to specify the	2	М	10.011-JPEGB- JPEGL-CGA	{10.011} corresponds to {SOF marker}	3		
		algorithm used to compress the transmitted grayscale images.	2	М	10.011-JP2-JP2L- CGA	{5 <sup>th</sup> parameter of ImgBox} EQ "7"	3		
			2	М	10.011-PNG-CGA	Present(IHDR)	3		
Table_3	15.1.12,	The field value shall be selected from	1	М	Table_3::10.012	{10.012} MO Table 3			
	22.2.13	Table 3.	1	М	Table_3::17.013	{17.013} MO Table 3			
10.012-CSP	15.1.12	Field 15.012 shall contain an entry from Table 3 to identify the color space used.	2	М	10.012-JPEGB- JPEGL-CSP	No Implementation	4		
		If the color space for an RGB image cannot be determined, an entry of "RGB" shall be entered.	2	м	10.012-JP2-JP2L- CSP	IF Present(Colour Specification box), THEN {10.012} corresponds to {CSP}	3		
			2	М	10.012-PNG-CSP	{10.012} corresponds to {CSP}	3		
Table_18	15.1.13	The field value shall be selected from Table 18.	1	М	Table_18::10.013	{10.013} MO [0, 1, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 51]	5		
10.003::IMT=FACE_ SAP_Mandatory	15.1.13	Field 10:013, the Subject Acquisition Profile (SAP), is mandatory when field 10.003 contains "FACE".	2	М	10.003::IMT=FACE_ SAP_Mandatory	Field 10:013, the Subject Acquisition Profile (SAP), is mandatory when field 10.003 contains "FACE".			

RESERVED_FIELDS	15.1.14	Fields 10.014 and 10.015 are reserved for definition and inclusion in future revisions of this standard. None of these	-	-	10.014::Reserved	Present(10.014)			
		fields are to be used at this revision level. If any of these fields are present, they are to be ignored.	-	-	10.015::Reserved	Present(10.015)			
RESERVED_FIELDS	15.1.17	Fields 10.018 and 10.019 are reserved for definition and inclusion in future	-	-	10.018::Reserved	Present(10.018)			
		revisions of this standard. None of these fields are to be used at this revision level. If any of these fields are present, they are to be ignored.	-	-	10.019::Reserved	Present(10.019)			
SubjectPose_Table_ 19	15.1.18	The value shall be selected from Table 19.	1	0	SubjectPose::10.02 0	{10.020} MO ['F', 'R', 'L', 'A', 'D']			
-180_To_180	15.1.19	The offset angle shall be measured from the full-face pose position and have a range of values from -180 degrees to +180 degrees.	1	0	- 180_To_180::10.02 1	{10.021} LTE 180 AND {10.021} GTE - 180	5		
10.021::POS=A POA_Mandatory	15.1.19	Field 10.021, Pose offset angle (POA), shall only be used for the exchange of facial image data if Field 10.020 (POS) contains an "A" to indicate an angled pose of the subject. This field should be omitted for a full face or a profile. If the entry in the POS field is an "F", "L", or "R", the contents of this field are ignored.	2	0	10.021::POS=A POA_Mandatory	IF{10.020} EQ "A" THEN Present(10.021)			
Photo_Description	15.1.20	This optional ASCII field, retained for legacy systems, is used for the exchange of facial image data. When present, it shall consist of one or more subfields and shall describe special attributes of the captured facial image. Attributes associated with the facial image may be selected from Table 20 and entered in this field as one or more subfields separated by the ASCII RS separator character between the items. Physical characteristics, such as FRECKLES may be entered as a subfield consisting of two information items. The first is PHYSICAL followed by the ASCII US separator, followed by the characteristic as listed in the Ninth (or current) Edition of the NCIC Code Manual, December, 2000. The OTHER category is used to enter unlisted or miscellaneous attributes of the facial image. This information shall be entered as a two-information item subfield. The first is OTHER followed by the	1	0	Photo_Descriptors:: 10.022	{10.022} MO Table 20			

Table_21 Subfields_1x[1,2]	15.1.21 15.1.21	unformatted text used to describe the attribute. Multiple attributes and subfields may be listed but must be separated by the ASCII RS character.The field value shall be selected from Table 21.The field shall be single or have two subfields. The subfields shall be separated by ASCII US.	1	0	10.023_Table_21::1 0.023 1x1_Or_1x2::10.02 3	{10.023} MO Table 21 Count(US_Subfields in 10.023 ) EQ 0 OR Count(US_Subfields in 10.023 ) EQ 2	2		
10.023::SAP>=40 PAS_Mandatory	15.1.21	Field 10.023, Photo acquisition source (PAS), is mandatory if the SAP entry (Field 10.013) is "40" or greater.	2	0	10.023::SAP>=40 PAS_Mandatory	IF {10.013} GTE 40 THEN Present(10.023)			
SubFields_Nx3	15.1.22, 22.2.24	Each subfield shall contain three information items separated by the ASCII US separator character. The field shall contain one or more rows of subfields.	1	0	SubFields_Nx3::10. 024 SubFields_Nx3::17. 024	ForEach(Subfield in 10.024){ Count(items) EQ 3} ForEach(Subfield in 17.024){ Count(items) EQ 3}			
Subject_Quality_Sc ore	15.1.22	<ul> <li>This optional ASCII field shall specify quality score data for facial images stored in this record. Each subfield shall contain three information items separated by the ASCII US separator character. They identify a quality score and the algorithm used to create the quality score. This information is useful to enable the recipient of the quality score to differentiate between quality scores generated by different algorithms and adjust for any differences in processing or analysis as necessary.</li> <li>1. The first information item shall be a quantitative expression of the predicted matching performance of the biometric sample. This item contains the ASCII representation of the integer image quality score between 0 and 100 assigned to the image data by a quality algorithm. Higher values indicate better quality. An entry of 255 shall indicate a failed attempt to calculate a quality score was made. The use of additional values to convey other information should be harmonized with ISO/IEC 19794 standards.</li> <li>2. The second information item shall specify the ID of the vendor of the quality algorithm used to calculate the</li> </ul>	1	0	Subject_Quality_Sc ore::10.024	ForEach(RS_Subfield in 14.024) { Count(US_Subfield) EQ 3 AND {US_Subfield:1} GTE 0 AND {US_Subfield:1} LTE 100 OR {US_Subfield:1} MO [254,255] AND {US_Subfield:2} MO [IBIA Vendor Registry] AND {US_Subfield:3} GTE 1 AND {US_Subfield:3} LTE 65535 OR }	2		

		quality score. This 4-digit hex value is assigned by IBIA and expressed as four ASCII characters. The IBIA shall maintain the Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric Organizations that will map the value in this field to a registered organization. 3. The third information item shall specify a numeric product code assigned by the vendor of the quality algorithm, which may be registered with the IBIA, but it is not required to be registered. It indicates which of the vendor's algorithms was used in the calculation of the quality score. This field contains the ASCII representation of the integer product code and should be within the						
IBIA_Quality Vendor	15.1.22	range 1 to 65,535. Field 10.024: Subject quality score (SQS) This optional ASCII field shall specify quality score data for facial images stored in this record 2. The second information item shall specify the ID of the vendor of the quality algorithm used to calculate the quality algorithm used to calculate the quality score. This 4-digit hex value is assigned by IBIA and expressed as four ASCII characters. The IBIA shall maintain the Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric Organizations that will map the value in this field to a registered organization.	2	0	10.024::IBIA Quality_Vendor	The code exists in the IBIA Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric Organizations.		
10.025::POS=D SPA_Mandatory	15.1.23	Field 10.025, Subject pose angles (SPA), is mandatory when Field 10.020 (POS) contains a "D".	2	0	10.025::POS=D SPA_Mandatory	IF{10.020} EQ "D" THEN Present(10.025)		
Single_Or_SubField s	15.1.20, 15.1.24,	The field can have one or more subfields.	1	0	SingleOrSubFields:: 10.022	True		
	15.1.30, 15.1.33		1	0	SingleOrSubFields:: 10.026	True		
	10.1.00		1	0	SingleOrSubFields:: 10.040	True		
			1	0	SingleOrSubFields:: 10.043	True		
AlphaNumeric_RS	15.1.24	The field shall only contain alphanumeric characters (ASCII 0x20 through 0x7E) and ASCII RS (0x1E).	1	0	AlphaNumeric_RS:: 10.026	Bytes(10.026) MO [0x20-0x7E, ASCII RS]		

10.020.000	15 1 24	Field 10.026 Subject forcial description	2	0	10.026				
10.026::SAP_>=_40 Mandatory	15.1.24	Field 10.026, Subject facial description (SXS), is mandatory if the SAP entry	2	0	10.026::SAP_>=_40 _Mandatory	IF {10.013} GTE "40" THEN Present(10.026)			
,		(Field 10.013) is "40" or greater.							
EyeColor	15.1.25	The field value shall be selected from	1	0	EyeColor::10.027	{10.027} MO Table 30			
		Table 23.	1	0	EyeColor::17.020	{17.020} MO Table 30			
10.027::SAP_>=_40 Mandatory	15.1.25	Field 10.027, Subject eye color (SEC), is mandatory if the SAP entry (Field 10.013) is "40" or greater.	2	0	10.027::SAP_>=_40 Mandatory	IF{10.013} GTE "40" THEN Present(10.027)			
Subfields_[1,2]x1	15.1.26	The field shall be single or have two subfields. The subfields shall be separated by ASCII RS.	1	0	1x1_Or_2x1::10.02 8	Count(Subfields in 10.028 ) EQ 0 OR Count(Subfields in 10.028 ) EQ 2			
Subject_Hair_Color	15.1.26	This optional ASCII field shall be used for the exchange of facial image data. This field is mandatory if the SAP entry (Field 10.013) is 40 or greater. When present, it shall contain an entry form Table 24 that describes the hair color of the subject as seen in the photograph. For unusual or unnatural colors not listed in the table, or the real color cannot be ascertained, the hair color should be labeled as XXX. If the subject is completely bald, or has a completely shaved head, then the hair color shall be labeled as BAL. When the subject is predominantly bald, but hair color is discernable, then the appropriate hair color attribute code shall follow BAL (separated by the ASCII RS character).	1	0	Subject_Hair_Color: :10.028	{10.028} MO Table 24			
10.028::SAP_>=_40 Mandatory	15.1.26	Field 10.028, Subject hair color (SHC), is mandatory if the SAP entry (Field 10.013) is "40" or greater.	2	0	10.028::SAP_>=_40 Mandatory	IF {10.013} GTE "40" THEN Present(10.028)			
10.028::Bald_2nd_C olor	15.1.26	Field 10.028: Subject hair color (SHC) If the subject is completely bald, or has a completely shaved head, then the hair color shall be labeled as "BAL". When the subject is predominantly bald, but hair color is discernable, then the appropriate hair color attribute code shall follow "BAL" (separated by the ASCII RS).	2	0	10.028::Bald_2nd Color	IF (1,1) = "BAL" (2,1) = {NULL Or {All Color Attributes Except "BAL"}}			
FeaturePoint	15.1.27	The optional ASCII field shall be used for the exchange of facial image data. When present, it shall describe special attributes of manually or automatically detected facial feature points of the captured facial image. This information shall be entered as a four-information item feature point block as described in Table 25. The first information item is	1	0	Subject_Feature_Po ints::10.029	ForEach(RS_Subfield in 10.029) { US_Subfield:1 EQ 1 AND US_Subfield:2 EQ A.B ST A.B MO Figure 5 AND A.B NOT MO [Prior A.B]	2		

	15.1.27	feature point type. For this version of the standard the only allowable value is1 which is followed by the ASCII US separator character. The second is feature point code, followed by the ASCII US separator character. The third is the X coordinate of a feature point, followed by the ASCII US separator character. The fourth and final item is the Y coordinate of a feature point in the facial image. Multiple facial points may be listed using these four information items. But each feature block must be separated by the ASCII RS separator character. The maximum number of feature points shall be 88, with the use of 84 MPEG4 feature points and 4 additional eye and nostril center feature points. Field 10.029: Facial feature points (FFP)	2	0	10.029::No	AND {US_Subfield:3} > 0 AND Length(US_Subfield:3) MO [1,2,3,4] AND {US_Subfield:4} > 0 AND Length(US_Subfield:4) MO [1,2,3,4] } All Facial Feature Points (FPP) (X,Y) are			
10.029::No Duplicate Feature_Points		The optional ASCII field shall be used for the exchange of facial image data The maximum number of feature points shall be 88, with the use of 84 MPEG4 feature points and 4 additional eye and nostril center feature points.			Duplicate Feature_Points	unique.			
Table_27	15.1.28,	The field value shall be selected from	1	0	Table_27::10.030	{10.030} MO Table 27			
	19.1.27,	Table 27.	1	0	Table_27::14.030	{14.030} MO Table 27			
	22.2.28, Table 27		1	0	Table_27::17.030	{17.030} MO Table 27			
RESERVED_FIELDS	15.1.29	Field 10.031-039: Reserved for future definition (RSV) These fields are reserved for definition and inclusion in future revisions of this standard. None of these fields are to be used at this revision level. If any of these fields are present, they are to be ignored.	-	-	10.031-039::- Reserved	Present(10.031 to 10.039)			
NCIC_Designation_ Code	15.1.30	This field is mandatory for a Type-10 record containing SMT image data. It is used to identify a general location of the captured scar, mark, tattoo, or other characteristic (including piercings) in an image. The contents of this field will be an entry chosen from the December, 2000 ninth (or current) edition of the NCIC Code Manual. The captured image can encompass an area larger than that	1	0	NCIC_Designation_ Code::10.040	{10.040} MO [NCIC Designation Codes]	5		

		specified by a single NCIC body part code for the particular image type. This situation can be accommodated by listing multiple NCIC codes separated by the ASCII RS separator character. In this case the primary code is listed first. For the marks category, the NCIC manual lists the common locations for needle track marks. For other body part locations not listed under the marks category, use the body location codes listed for scars.							
10.040::SMT Image_Data SMT_Field Mandatory	15.1.30	Field 10.040, NCIC designation code (SMT), is mandatory for a Type-10 record containing SMT image data.	2	0	10.040::SMT Image_Data SMT_Field Mandatory	Field 10.040, NCIC designation code (SMT), is mandatory for a Type-10 record containing SMT image data.			
Subfields_1x2	15.1.31,	The field shall have two subfields	1	0	1x2::10.041	Count(Subfields in 10.041 ) EQ 2			
	19.1.14	separated by ASCII US.	1	0	1x2::14.014	Count(Subfields in 14.014 ) EQ 2			
SMT_Descriptors	15.1.32	This optional field is used to describe the content of the SMT image. It shall consist of one or more subfields. Each subfield shall contain three or four information items that provide progressively detailed information describing the total image or a portion of the image. The first information item of each subfield shall identify the source of the image as being a scar, a mark, or a tattoo. It shall contain SCAR to indicate healed scar tissue that was the result an accident or medical procedure. An entry of MARK shall be used for the pattern resulting from needle or track marks. For either case the second and third information items shall contain OTHER and MISC and the fourth information item shall contain a textual description or other information concerning the scar or mark pattern. For deliberately applied or drawn images, the first information item will contain TATTOO to indicate a common tattoo or indelible image resulting from the pricking of the skin with a coloring matter; CHEMICAL if the image was created by the use of chemicals to burn the image into the skin; BRANDED if the image was burned into the skin using a branding iron or other form of heat; or CUT if the image was caused by incision of the skin.	1	0	SMT_Descriptors::1 0.042	ForEach(RS_Subfield in 10.042) { US_Subfield:1 MO ['SCAR', 'MARK', 'TATTOO', 'CHEMICAL', 'BRANDED', 'CUT'] AND IF US_Subfield:1 MO ['SCAR','MARK'] THEN { US_Subfield:2 EQ 'OTHER' AND US_Subfield:3 EQ 'MISC' } ELSE { US_Subfield:2 MO Table 28 AND US_Subfield:3 MO Table 29 a to h } }	2		
	15.1.32	Field 10.042: SMT descriptors (SMD)	2	0	10.042::SCAR	IF (N,1) = "SCAR"			

10.04205040						(N 2) - "OTHER"		
10.042::SCAR MARK_OTHER MISC_Text		This optional field is used to describe the content of the SMT image. It shall consist of one or more subfields. Each subfield shall contain three or four information items that provide progressively detailed information describing the total image or a portion of the image. The first information item of each subfield shall identify the source of the image as being a scar, a mark, or a tattoo. It shall contain "SCAR" to indicate healed scar tissue that was the result an accident or medical procedure. An entry of "MARK" shall be used for the pattern resulting from needle or track marks. For either case the second and third information item shall contain a textual description or other information concerning the scar or mark pattern.			MARK_OTHER MISC_Text	(N,2) = "OTHER" (N,3) = "MISC" (N,4) = Text		
10.042::SCAR MARK_(1x4)	15.1.32	contain "TATTOO" The first information item of each subfield shall identify the source of the image as being a scar, a mark, or a tattoo. It shall contain "SCAR" to indicate healed scar tissue that was the result an accident or medical procedure. An entry of "MARK" shall be used for the pattern resulting from needle or track marks. For either case the second and third information items shall contain "OTHER" and "MISC" and the fourth information item shall contain a textual description or other information concerning the scar or mark pattern.	2	0	10.042::SCAR MARK_(1x4)	IF(N,1) = "SCAR" Row N is (N,4)		
10.042::TATTOO	15.1.32	Field 10.042: SMT descriptors (SMD) This optional field is used to describe the content of the SMT image The first information item of each subfield shall identify the source of the image as being a scar, a mark, or a	2	0	10.042::TATTOO	IF(N,1) In {"TATTOO", "CHEMICAL", "BRANDED", "CUT"} (N,2) In {Table 28} (N,3) In {Table 29} (N,4) In {NULL, Text}		

		tattoo. It shall contain "SCAR"						
		For deliberately applied or drawn images, the first information item will contain "TATTOO" to indicate a common tattoo or indelible image resulting from the pricking of the skin with a coloring matter; "CHEMICAL" if the image was created by the use of chemicals to burn the image into the skin; "BRANDED" if the image was burned into the skin using a branding iron or other form of heat; or "CUT" if the image was caused by incision of the skin. The second information item shall be the general class code of tattoo chosen from Table 28. For each general class of tattoo, there are several defined subclasses. The third information item of the subfield shall be the appropriate subclass code selected from Table 29 a-h which lists the various subclasses of tattoos for each of the general classes. The final and optional information item in this subfield shall be an ASCII text string that provides additional qualifiers to describe the image or portion of the image. For example, to fully describe a						
		tattoo, there may be a class description of "ANIMAL", with a subclass description of "DOG", and qualified by "golden retriever with an overbite". The ASCII US separator character will be used between information income						
10.042::TATTOO (1x3)_Or_(1x4)	15.1.32	between information items. Field 10.042: SMT descriptors (SMD) This optional field is used to describe the content of the SMT image The first information item of each subfield shall identify the source of the image as being a scar, a mark, or a tattoo. It shall contain "SCAR"	2	0	10.042::TATTOO (1x3)_Or_(1x4)	IF (N,1) In {"TATTOO", "CHEMICAL", "BRANDED", "CUT"} (N,2) IS NOT NULL (N,3) IS NOT NULL (N,4) IS NULL OR NOT NULL (Optional)		
		For deliberately applied or drawn images, the first information item will contain "TATTOO" to indicate a						
		The final and Optional information						

		item in this subfield shall be an ASCII text string that provides additional qualifiers to describe the image or portion of the image. For example, to fully describe a tattoo, there may be a class description of "ANIMAL", with a subclass description of "DOG", and qualified by "golden retriever with an overbite". The ASCII US separator character will be used between information items.						
Color_Tattoo	15.1.33	This optional field shall contain one subfield corresponding to each subfield contained in Field 10.042. Each subfield shall contain one or more information items that list the color(s) of the tattoo or part of the tattoo. For each subfield, the first information item in the subfield shall be the predominant color chosen from Table 30. Additional colors for the sub-field shall be entered as information items in the subfield separated by the ASCII US separator character.	1	0	Color::10.043	{10.043} MO Table 30		
10.043::Num- Subfields	15.1.33	Field 10.043: Color (COL) This optional field shall contain one subfield corresponding to each subfield contained in Field 10.042.	2	0	10.043::Num- Subfields	IF Present(10.043) THEN Count(Subfields in10.043) EQ Count(Subfields in 10.042)		
RESERVED_FIELDS	15.1.34	Field 10.044-199: Reserved for future definition (RSV) These fields are reserved for definition and inclusion in future revisions of this standard. None of these fields are to be used at this revision level. If any of these fields are present, they are to be ignored.	-	-	10:044-199::- Reserved	Present(10.044 to 10.199)		
Binary_Tagged_Fiel	15.1.36,	Binary data is opaque.	1	М	BinaryData::10.999	True		
d			1	М	BinaryData::13.999	True		
			1	М	BinaryData::14.999	True		
			1	М	BinaryData::17.999	True		
10.999-ValidImage	15.1.36	Field 10.999 shall contain all of the grayscale or color image data from a	2	М	10.999-Valid- Uncomp	Length(10.999) EQ {10.006} * {10.007}		
		face, scar, mark, tattoo, or other image.	2	Μ	10.999-Valid- JPEGB-JPEGL	Present(SOI, SOF, EOI)		
			2	М	10.999-Valid-JP2- JP2L	Present(SigBox, HeadBox, ImgBox)		
			2	Μ	10.999-Valid-PNG	Present(PNGSIG, IHDR, IDAT, IEND)		

10::FsAtEnd	15.2	End of Type-10 logical record	2	М	10::FsAtEnd	Last(Byte in Record) EQ ASCII FS			
		For the sake of consistency, immediately following the last byte of data from field 10.999 an ASCII FS separator shall be							
		used to separate it from the next logical record. This separator must be included							
		in the length field of the Type-10 record.	Type 1	13 Requi	rements and Asser	tions			
			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
13::MandatoryField s	18.1, Table 31	For each field of the Type-13 record, Table 31 lists the "condition code" as	2	М	13::CondCode_M	IF "Cond code" EQ "M" in Table 31, the Field must be present in the record.			
		being mandatory "M" or optional "O"and occurrence limits.	2	М	13.xxx- MaxOccurrences	Count(13.xxx) LTE MaxOccurrences(13.xxx)			
			2	М	13.xxx- MinOccurrences	Count(13.xxx) GTE MinOccurrences(13.xxx)			
13::FixedPosition- Fields	18.1	It is required that the first two fields of the record are ordered, and the field	2	М	13.001::LEN_First	First(Field in Record) ST Type(Record) EQ 13 AND Field EQ 13.001			
		containing the image data shall be the last physical field in the record.	2	М	13.002::IDC_Second	Second(Field in Record) ST Type(Record) EQ 13 AND Field EQ 13.002			
			2	М	13.999::DATA_Last	Last(Field in Record) ST Type(Record) EQ 13 AND Field EQ 13.999			
13::Len=Bytes	18.1.1	Field 13.001: Logical record length (LEN) This mandatory ASCII field shall contain the total count of the number of bytes in the Type-13 logical record. Field 13.001 shall specify the length of the record including every character of every field contained in the record and the information separators.	2	Μ	13:001::Len=Bytes	{13.001} EQ Length(Record)			
13::IDC=CNT_IDC	18.1.2	Field 13.002: Image designation character (IDC) This mandatory ASCII field shall be used to identify the latent image data contained in the record. This IDC shall match the IDC found in the file content (CNT) field of the Type-1 record.	2	Μ	13.002::IDC=CNT IDC	The IDC matches the value of the corresponding CNT field of the Type-1 record.			
Table_11_LatentFn grPlm	18.1.3	The field value shall be selected from Table 11.	1	М	Table_11_LatentFin gerPalm::13.003	{13.003} MO [4-7, 12-15]			
13.006-HLL	18.1.6	Field 13.006 shall contain the number of	2	М	13.006-JPEGL-HLL	{13.006} EQ {Image Width}	3		
		pixels contained on a single horizontal line of the transmitted image.	2	M	13.006-JP2L-HLL	{13.006} EQ {Image Width}	3		
12.007.141	10.4 7	_	2	M	13.006-PNG-HLL	{13.006} EQ {Image Width}	3		
13.007-VLL	18.1.7	Field 13.007 shall contain the number of horizontal lines contained in the	2	M M	13.007-JPEGL-VLL 13.007-JP2L-VLL	{13.007} EQ {Image Height} {13.007} EQ {Image Height}	3		
		nonzontar intes contained in the	2	IVI	13.007-JI 21-VLL	(13.007) LQ (IIIIage Height)	5		

		transmitted image.	2	М	13.007-PNG-VLL	{13.007} EQ {Image Height}	3		
13.008-SLC	18.1.8	Field 13.008 shall specify the units used to describe the image sampling	2	М	13.008-JPEGL-SLC	IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN {13.008} EQ {Sampling Units}			
		frequency (pixel density).	2	М	13.008-JP2L-SLC	No Implementation	4		
			2	М	13.008-PNG-SLC	IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {13.008} EQ 1 OR 2 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {13.008} EQ 0 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 0	3		
13.009-HPS	18.1.9	Field 13.010 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal direction of the transmitted image if the	2	М	13.009-JPEGL-HPS	IF {13.008} EQ "1" OR "2", THEN IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN {13.009} EQ {Horizontal Density}	3		
		SLC field contains a 1 or 2. Otherwise, it	2	М	13.009-JP2L-HPS	No Implementation	4		
		indicates the horizontal component of the pixel aspect ratio.	2	Μ	13.009-PNG-HPS	IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {13.008} EQ "1", THEN {13.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} * 0.0254 (meters/inch) ELSE IF {13.008} EQ "2", THEN {13.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} * 0.01 (meters/cm)	3		
			2	М	13.009-JPEGL- HorzAspect	IF {13.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {13.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
			2	М	13.009-JP2L- HorzAspect	No Implementation	4		
			2	М	13.009-PNG- HorzAspect	IF Present(PHYS Chunk), THEN IF {13.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {13.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
13.010-VPS	18.1.10	Field 13.010 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the vertical direction of the transmitted image if the	2	М	13.010-JPEGL-VPS	IF {13.008} EQ "1" OR "2", THEN IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN {13.010} EQ {Vertical Density}	3		
		SLC field contains a 1 or 2. Otherwise, it	2	М	13.010-JP2L-VPS	No Implementation	4		
		indicates the vertical component of the pixel aspect ratio.	2	Μ	13.010-PNG-VPS	IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {13.008} EQ "1", THEN {13.010} EQ {Vertical Density} * 0.0254 (meters/inch) ELSE IF {13.008} EQ "2", THEN {13.010} EQ {Vertical Density} * 0.01 (meters/cm)	3		
			2	М	13.010-JPEGL- VerAspect	IF {13.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {13.010} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
			2	М	13.010-JP2L- VerAspect	No Implementation	4		
			2	М	13.010-PNG- VerAspect	IF Present(PHYS Chunk), THEN IF {13.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {13.010} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
Table_1_No_Lossy	18.1.11	The field value shall be selected from	1	М	Table_1_No_Lossy::	{13.011} MO ["NONE", "JPEGL", "JP2L",	3		

		Table 1. Lossy algorithms are not valid.			13.011	"PNG"]			
13.011-	8.1.10,	The variable-resolution latent image	2	М	13.011-JPEGL-CGA	{13.011} corresponds to {SOF }			
ConfirmedCGA	18.1.11	data contained in the Type-13 logical record shall be uncompressed or may be	2	М	13.011-JP2L-CGA	{5 <sup>th</sup> parameter of Image Header box} EQ "7"	3		
		the output from a lossless compression algorithm. Field 13.011 shall specify the algorithm used to compress the transmitted grayscale images.	2	Μ	13.011-PNG-CGA	Present(IHDR)	3		
Bits_Per_Pixel	18.1.12, 19.1.12,	This mandatory ASCII field shall contain the number of bits used to represent a	1	М	Table_BPX_ASCII::1 3.012	{13.012} MO [8-16]			
	22.2.12	pixel. This field shall contain an entry of 8 for normal grayscale values of 0 to	1	М	Table_BPX_ASCII::1 4.012	{14.012} MO [8-16]			
		255. Any entry in this field greater than 8 shall represent a grayscale pixel with increased precision.	1	Μ	Table_BPX_ASCII::1 7.012	{17.012} MO [8-16]			
13.012-	18.1.12	Field 13.012 shall contain the number of	2	М	13.012-JPEGL-CBPX	{13.012} EQ {BPX}	3		
ConfirmedBPX		bits used to represent a pixel.	2	Μ	13.012-JP2L-CBPX	IF {4 <sup>th</sup> parameter of Image Header box} NEQ "255", THEN {13.012} EQ {BPX}	3		
			2	М	13.012-PNG-CBPX	{13.012} EQ {BPX}	3		
Finger_Palm_Positi on	18.1.13	This mandatory tagged field shall contain one or more possible finger or palm positions that may match the latent image. The decimal code number corresponding to the known or most probable finger position shall be taken from Table 12 or the most probable palm position from Table 35 and entered as a one- or two-character ASCII subfield. Additional finger and/or palm positions may be referenced by entering the alternate position codes as subfields separated by the ASCII RS separator character. The code 0, for 'Unknown Finger', shall be used to reference every finger position from one through ten. The code 20, for 'Unknown Palm', shall be used to reference every listed palmprint position. Code 19 shall be used to reference one or more parts of an EJI or tip.	1	Μ	Finger_Palm_Positi on::13.013	{13.013} MO Table 12 OR {13.013} MO Table 35			
Subfields_Nx1	18.1.13,	The field shall contain one or more	1	М	Nx1::13.013	Count(RS_Subfields in 13.013 ) GTE 1	2		
	19.1.13	subfields. Subfields are separated by ASCII RS.	1	М	Nx1::14.013	Count(RS_Subfields in 14.013 ) GTE 1	2		
13.013::Finger Palm_Position	18.1.13	This mandatory tagged field shall contain one or more possible finger or palm positions that may match the latent image. The decimal code number corresponding to the known or most probable finger position shall be taken	2	Μ	13.013::Finger Palm_Position	ForEach(RS_Subfield in 13.013) { {RS_Subfield} MO [Table12, Table35] }			

Search_Position_De scriptors	18.1.14	from Table 12 or the most probable palm position from Table 35 and entered as a one- or two-character ASCII subfield. Additional finger and/or palm positions may be referenced by entering the alternate position codes as subfields separated by the ASCII RS separator character. This ASCII field shall be present if and only if the finger position code 19 appears in Field 13.013. It is used to narrow the search of the latent image in this record against a database. This field shall consist of two mandatory information items. The first is the probable decimal finger position code (0-10) taken from Table 12. A "0" indicates that all the fingers of a possible candidate should be searched. The second information item is the code taken from Table 32 to indicate the portion of the EJI or tip image in the database to search. Latent images of full-length finger with each of the full finger views and constituent parts identified. The EJI code is used for the case where all four finger images are to be considered. For the case where the latent is to be compared to proximal, distal, or medial segments of a finger, this information item will contain the appropriate finger segment character. Multiple portions of the EJI can be listed and separated by the ASCII RS separator character.	1	0	Search_Position_De scriptors::13.014	US_SubField:1 GTE 0 AND US_SubField:1 LTE 10 AND US_SubField:2 MO Table 32	2,5		
13.014::Search Position Descriptors Present	18.1.14	Field 13.014: Search Position Descriptors (SPD) This ASCII field shall be present if and only if the finger position code "19" appears in Field 13.013.	2	U	13.014::Search Position Descriptors Present	IF {13.013} EQ "19" THEN Present(13.014)			
Subfields_Nx6	18.1.15, 19.1.15	The field shall contain one or more rows of six subfields.	1	0	Nx6::13.015	Count(Subfields in 13.015 ) MOD 6 EQ 0 AND Count(Subfields in 13.015 ) GT 0	5		
			1	0	Nx6::14.015	Count(Subfields in 14.015 ) MOD 6 EQ 0 AND Count(Subfields in 14.015 ) GT 0	5		
PPC	18.1.15, 19.1.15	If finger position code 19 appears in field 13.013 or 14.013, this field contains offsets to the locations for the bounding	1	0	Print_Position_Coor dinates::13.015	Count(US_Subfields in 13.015 ) EQ 6 AND US_Subfield:1 MO	5		

	10 1 15	box of the EJI, each of the full finger views, or segments within the EJI. When used, this field shall consist of six (6) mandatory information items to describe the type or portion of the latent image contained in this record and its location within an entire joint image. The first information item is the number of the full finger view with values of FV1 through FV4. Values of FV1 to FV4 specify the bounding coordinates for each full finger view. The second information item is used to identify the location of a segment within a full finger view. It will contain the not applicable code NA if the image portion refers to a full finger view or to the entire joint image locations. It shall contain PRX, DST, MED for a proximal, distal, or medial segment.	1	0	Print_Position_Coor dinates::14.015	['FV1', 'FV2', 'FV3', 'FV4'] AND US_Subfield:2 MO ['NA', 'PRX', 'DST', 'MED'] Count(US_Subfields in 14.015 ) EQ 6 AND US_Subfield:1 MO ['FV1', 'FV2', 'FV3', 'FV4'] AND US_Subfield:2 MO ['NA', 'PRX', 'DST', 'MED']	2,5		
PPC_Numbers	18.1.15, 19.1.15	The next four information items are the horizontal and vertical offsets relative to the origin positioned in the upper left corner of the image. The horizontal offsets (X) are the pixel counts to the right, and the vertical offsets (Y) are the pixel counts down. The location of the image portion is defined by the sequence of X coordinates (LEFT, RIGHT) and the Y coordinates (TOP, BOTTOM), of its bounding box.	1	0	PPC_Numbers::13.0 15 PPC_Numbers::14.0 15	{US_Subfield:3 to 6 in 13.015} GTE 0 {US_Subfield:3 to 6 in 14.015} GTE 0	5		
RESERVED_FIELDS	18.1.18	Field 13.018-019: Reserved for future definition (RSV) These fields are reserved for definition and inclusion in future revisions of this standard. None of these fields are to be used at this revision level. If any of these fields are present, they are to be ignored.	-	-	13.018-019::- Reserved	Present(13.018 to 13.019)			
RESERVED_FIELDS	18.1.20	Field 13.021-023: Reserved for future definition (RSV) These fields are reserved for definition and inclusion in future revisions of this standard. None of these fields are to be used at this revision level. If any of these fields are present, they are to be ignored.	-	-	13.021-023::- Reserved	Present(13.021 to 13.023)			
Latent_Quality_Me tric	18.1.21	This optional ASCII field is used to specify one or more different metrics of	1	0	Latent_Quality_Met ric::13.024	ForEach(RS_Subfield in 13.024) {	2		

latent image quality score data for the image stored in this record. The meaning attributed to this metric must be defined and interpreted by the producer of the scoring algorithm or by the person or system used to assign the metric to the latent image. The metric may be a predictor of AFIS matcher accuracy performance or a different metric to indicate a value associated with the quality of the latent image for a particular function.

This field may contain one or more subfields, each consisting of four information items separated by the "US" separator character. The first information item is the code as chosen from Table 12 or Table 35.

The other three items identify a quality score and the algorithm used to create the quality score. This information is useful to enable the recipient of the quality score to differentiate between quality scores generated by different algorithms and adjust for any differences in processing or analysis as necessary.

The second information item shall be a quantitative expression of the predicted matching performance of the biometric sample. This item contains the ASCII representation of the integer image quality score between 0 and 100 assigned to the image data by a quality algorithm. Higher values indicate better quality. An entry of "255" shall indicate a failed attempt to calculate a quality score. An entry of "254" shall indicate that no attempt to calculate a quality score was made. The use of additional values to convey other information should be harmonized with ISO/IEC 19794 standards.

The third information item shall specify the ID of the vendor of the quality algorithm used to calculate the quality score. This 4-digit hex value is assigned by IBIA and expressed as four ASCII

### Count(US\_Subfield) EQ 4

AND

US\_Subfield:1 MO Table12 or Table 35

#### AND

US\_Subfield:2 GTE 0 AND US\_Subfield:2 LTE 100 OR US\_Subfield:2 MO [254,255]

AND

US\_Subfield:3 MO [IBIA Vendor Registry]

### AND

US\_Subfield:4 GTE 1 AND US\_Subfield:4 LTE 65535

		characters. The IBIA shall maintain the						
		Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric						
		Organizations that will map the value in						
		this field to a registered organization.						
		The fourth information item shall specify						
		a numeric product code assigned by the						
		vendor of the quality algorithm, which						
		may be registered with the IBIA, but						
		registration is not required. It indicates						
		which of the vendor's algorithms was						
		used in the calculation of the quality						
		score. This field contains the ASCII						
		representation of the integer product						
		code and should be within the range 1						
Subfields_Nx4	18.1.21,	to 65,535. The field shall contain one or more rows	1	0	Nx4::13.024	Count(Subfields in 13.024 ) MOD 4 EQ		
ousticids_tht	19.1.23,	of four subfields.	-	Ŭ	111111111111	0 AND Count(Subfields in 13.024 ) GT 0		
	19.1.24		1	0	Nx4::14.023	Count(Subfields in 14.023 ) MOD 4 EQ		
						0 AND Count(Subfields in 14.023 ) GT 0		
			1	0	Nx4::14.024	Count(Subfields in 14.024 ) MOD 4 EQ		
						0 AND Count(Subfields in 14.024 ) GT 0		
	18.1.21	Field 13.024: Latent quality metric	2	0	13.024::IBIA	The code exists in the IBIA Vendor		
IBIA_Quality		(LQM)			Quality_Vendor	Registry of CBEFF Biometric		
Vendor						Organizations.		
		This optional ASCII field is used to						
		specify one or more different metrics of latent image quality score data for the						
		image stored in this record						
		inage stored in this record						
		The third information item shall specify						
		the ID of the vendor of the quality						
		algorithm used to calculate the quality						
		score. This 4-digit hex value is assigned						
		by IBIA and expressed as four ASCII						
		characters. The IBIA shall maintain the						
		Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric						
		Organizations that will map the value in						
		this field to a registered organization.						
RESERVED_FIELDS	18.1.22	Field 13.025-199: Reserved for future	-	-	13.025-199::-	Present(13.025 to 13.199)		
		definition (RSV)			Reserved			
		These fields are recorded for doft with						
		These fields are reserved for definition						
		and inclusion in future revisions of this						
		standard. None of these fields are to be used at this revision level. If any of these						
		fields are present, they are to be						
		ignored.						
13.999-ValidImage	18.1.24	Field 13.999 shall contain all of the data	2	М	13.999-Valid-	Length(Field 13.999) EQ {13.006} *		
		from a captured latent image.			Uncomp	{13.007}		
			2	Μ	13.999-Valid-JPEGL	Present(SOI, SOF, EOI)		

			2	D.4	12 000 Valid ID2	Drocont/SigBoy HoodBoy Image			
			2	М	13.999-Valid-JP2L	Present(SigBox, HeadBox, Image Header box)			
			2	М	13.999-Valid-PNG	Present(PNGSIG, IHDR, IDAT, IEND)			
13::FsAtEnd	18.2	End of Type-13 variable-resolution latent image record For the sake of consistency, immediately following the last byte of data from field 13.999 an ASCII FS separator shall be used to separate it from the next logical record. This separator must be included in the length field of the Type-13 record.	2	Μ	13::FsAtEnd	Last(Byte in Record) EQ ASCII FS			
			Type	14 Requi	rements and Asser	tions			
14::MandatoryField s	19.1, Table 33	For each field of the Type-14 record, Table 33 lists the "condition code" as	2	М	14::CondCode_M	IF "Cond code" EQ "M" in Table 33, the Field must be present in the record.			
		being mandatory "M" or optional "O"and occurrence limits.	2	М	14.xxx- MaxOccurrences	Count(14.xxx) LTE MaxOccurrences(14.xxx)			
			2	М	14.xxx-	Count(14.xxx) GTE			
					MinOccurrences	MinOccurrence(14.xxx)			
14::FixedPositionFi elds	19.1	It is required that the first two fields of the record are ordered, and the field	2	М	14.001::LEN_First	First(Field in Record) ST Type(Record) EQ 14 AND Field EQ 14.001			
		containing the image data shall be the last physical field in the record.	2	М	14.002::IDC_Second	Second(Field in Record) ST Type(Record) EQ 14 AND Field EQ 14.002			
			2	М	14.999::DATA_Last	Last(Field in Record) ST Type(Record) EQ 14 AND Field EQ 14.999			
14::Len=Bytes	19.1.1	Field 14.001: Logical record length (LEN) This mandatory ASCII field shall contain the total count of the number of bytes in the Type-14 logical record. Field 14.001 shall specify the length of the record including every character of every field contained in the record and the information separators.	2	Μ	14.001::Len=Bytes	{14.001} EQ Length(Record)			
14::IDC=CNT_IDC	19.1.2	Field 14.002: Image designation character (IDC) This mandatory ASCII field shall be used to identify the fingerprint image data contained in the record. This IDC shall match the IDC found in the file content (CNT) field of the Type-1 record.	2	Μ	14.002::IDC=CNT IDC	The IDC matches the value of the corresponding CNT field of the Type-1 record.			
Table_11_Finger_T agFld	19.1.3	The field value shall be selected from Table 11.	1	М	Table_11_Finger::1 4.003	{14.003} MO Table 11			
14.006-HLL	19.1.6	Field 14.006 shall contain the number of pixels contained on a single horizontal	2	М	14.006-JPEGB- JPEGL-HLL	{14.006} EQ { Image Width}	3		

14.007-VLL       19.1.7         14.008-SLC       19.1.8         14.009-HPS       19.1.9	line of the transmitted image.         line of the transmitted image.         Field 14.007 shall contain the number of horizontal lines contained in the transmitted image.         Field 14.008 shall specify the units used to describe the image sampling frequency (pixel density).         Field 14.009 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal direction of the transmitted image if the	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	M M M M M M M M M M M	14.006-JP2-JP2L- HLL 14.006-PNG-HLL 14.006-WSQ-HLL 14.007-JPEGB- JPEGL-VLL 14.007-JP2-JP2L- VLL 14.007-PNG-VLL 14.007-WSQ-VLL 14.008-JPEGB- JPEGL-SLC 14.008-JP2-JP2L- SLC 14.008-PNG-SLC	<pre>{14.006} EQ { Image Width} {14.006} EQ { Image Width} {14.006} EQ { Image Width} {14.007} EQ { Image Width} {14.007} EQ { Image Height } {14.007} EQ { Image Height } {14.007} EQ { Image Height } IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN Field 14.008 EQ {Sampling Units} No Implementation IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {14.008} EQ 1 OR 2 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {14.008} EQ 0 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 0 No Implementation</pre>	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		
14.008-SLC 19.1.8	<ul> <li>horizontal lines contained in the transmitted image.</li> <li>Field 14.008 shall specify the units used to describe the image sampling frequency (pixel density).</li> <li>Field 14.009 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal</li> </ul>	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	M M M M M M M	14.006-WSQ-HLL 14.007-JPEGB- JPEGL-VLL 14.007-JP2-JP2L- VLL 14.007-WSQ-VLL 14.008-JPEGB- JPEGL-SLC 14.008-JP2-JP2L- SLC 14.008-PNG-SLC	<pre>{14.006} EQ { Image Width} {14.007} EQ { Image Height } IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN Field 14.008 EQ {Sampling Units} No Implementation IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {14.008} EQ 1 OR 2 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {14.008} EQ 0 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 0</pre>	3 3 3 3 3 3 4 3		
14.008-SLC 19.1.8	<ul> <li>horizontal lines contained in the transmitted image.</li> <li>Field 14.008 shall specify the units used to describe the image sampling frequency (pixel density).</li> <li>Field 14.009 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal</li> </ul>	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	M M M M M M	14.007-JPEGB- JPEGL-VLL 14.007-JP2-JP2L- VLL 14.007-PNG-VLL 14.007-WSQ-VLL 14.008-JPEGB- JPEGL-SLC 14.008-JP2-JP2L- SLC 14.008-PNG-SLC	<pre>{14.007} EQ { Image Height } {14.007} EQ { Image Height } {14.007} EQ { Image Height } {14.007} EQ { Image Height } IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN Field 14.008 EQ {Sampling Units} No Implementation IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {14.008} EQ 1 OR 2 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {14.008} EQ 0 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 0</pre>	3 3 3 3 4 3		
14.008-SLC 19.1.8	<ul> <li>horizontal lines contained in the transmitted image.</li> <li>Field 14.008 shall specify the units used to describe the image sampling frequency (pixel density).</li> <li>Field 14.009 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal</li> </ul>	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	M M M M M	JPEGL-VLL 14.007-JP2-JP2L- VLL 14.007-PNG-VLL 14.008-JPEGB- JPEGL-SLC 14.008-JP2-JP2L- SLC 14.008-PNG-SLC	<pre>{14.007} EQ { Image Height } {14.007} EQ { Image Height } {14.007} EQ { Image Height } IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN Field 14.008 EQ {Sampling Units} No Implementation IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {14.008} EQ 1 OR 2 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {14.008} EQ 0 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 0</pre>	3 3 3 3 4 3		
	Field 14.008 shall specify the units used to describe the image sampling frequency (pixel density). Field 14.009 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	M M M M M	VLL           14.007-PNG-VLL           14.007-WSQ-VLL           14.008-JPEGB-           JPEGL-SLC           14.008-JP2-JP2L-           SLC           14.008-PNG-SLC	<pre>{14.007} EQ { Image Height } {14.007} EQ { Image Height } IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN Field 14.008 EQ {Sampling Units} No Implementation IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {14.008} EQ 1 OR 2 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {14.008} EQ 0 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 0</pre>	3 3 3 4 3		
	to describe the image sampling frequency (pixel density). Field 14.009 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal	2 2 2 2 2	M M M M	14.007-WSQ-VLL 14.008-JPEGB- JPEGL-SLC 14.008-JP2-JP2L- SLC 14.008-PNG-SLC	<pre>{14.007} EQ { Image Height } IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN Field 14.008 EQ {Sampling Units} No Implementation IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {14.008} EQ 1 OR 2 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {14.008} EQ 0 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 0</pre>	3 3 4 3		
	to describe the image sampling frequency (pixel density). Field 14.009 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal	2 2 2 2	M M M	14.008-JPEGB- JPEGL-SLC 14.008-JP2-JP2L- SLC 14.008-PNG-SLC	IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN Field 14.008 EQ {Sampling Units} No Implementation IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {14.008} EQ 1 OR 2 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {14.008} EQ 0 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 0	3 4 3		
	to describe the image sampling frequency (pixel density). Field 14.009 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal	2 2 2	M	JPEGL-SLC 14.008-JP2-JP2L- SLC 14.008-PNG-SLC	Field 14.008 EQ {Sampling Units} No Implementation IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {14.008} EQ 1 OR 2 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {14.008} EQ 0 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 0	4 3		
14.009-HPS 19.1.9	Field 14.009 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal	2	M	SLC 14.008-PNG-SLC	IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {14.008} EQ 1 OR 2 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {14.008} EQ 0 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 0	3		
14.009-HPS 19.1.9	pixel density used in the horizontal	2	M		IF {14.008} EQ 1 OR 2 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 1, ELSE IF {14.008} EQ 0 THEN {Sampling Units} EQ 0			
14.009-HPS 19.1.9	pixel density used in the horizontal			14.008-WSQ-SLC	No Implementation			
<b>14.009-НРЅ</b> 19.1.9	pixel density used in the horizontal	2	М		No implementation	4		
	direction of the transmitted image if the		101	14.009-JPEGB- JPEGL-HPS	IF {14.008} EQ "1" OR "2", THEN IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN {14.009} EQ {Horizontal Density}	3		
	SLC field contains a 1 or 2. Otherwise, it indicates the horizontal component of	2	М	14.009-JP2-JP2L- HPS	No Implementation	4		
	the pixel aspect ratio.	2	Μ	14.009-PNG-HPS	IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN IF {14.008} EQ "1", THEN {14.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} * 0.0254 (meters/inch) ELSE IF {14.008} EQ "2", THEN {14.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} * 0.01 (meters/cm)	3		
		2	М	14.009-WSQ-HPS	No Implementation	4		
		2	М	14.009-JPEGB- JPEGL-HorzAspect	IF {14.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {14.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
		2	М	14.009-JP2-JP2L- HorzAspect	No Implementation	4		
		2	М	14.009-PNG- HorzAspect	IF Present(PHYS Chunk), THEN IF {14.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {14.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
		2	М	14.009-WSQ- HorzAspect	No Implementation	4		
<b>14.010-VPS</b> 19.1.10		2	М	14.010-JPEGB- JPEGL-VPS	IF {14.008} EQ "1" OR "2", THEN IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN {14.010} EQ {Vertical Density}	3		
	Field 14.010 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the vertical direction of the transmitted image if the	2	М	14.010-JP2-JP2L- VPS	No Implementation	4		
	pixel density used in the vertical	-		14.010-PNG-VPS	IF Present(PHYS Chunk) THEN	3		

						IF {14.008} EQ "1", THEN {14.010} EQ {Vertical Density} * 0.0254 (meters/inch) ELSE IF {14.008} EQ "2", THEN {14.010} EQ {Vertical Density} * 0.01 (meters/cm)			
			2	М	14.010-WSQ-VPS	No Implementation	4		
			2	M	14.010-JPEGB- JPEGL-VerAspect	IF {14.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {14.010} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
			2	М	14.010-JP2-JP2L- VerAspect	No Implementation	4		
			2	Μ	14.010-PNG- VerAspect	IF Present(PHYS Chunk), THEN IF {14.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {14.010} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
			2	М	14.010-WSQ- VerAspect	No Implementation	4		
Table_1_ASCII	19.1.11	The field value shall be selected from Table 1.	1	М	Table_1_ASCII::14.0 11	{14.011} MO Table 1			
14.011- ConfirmedCGA	19.1.11	Field 14.011 shall specify the algorithm used to compress the color or grayscale	2	М	14.011-JPEGB- JPEGL-CGA	{14.011} corresponds to {SOF}	3		
		image.	2	Μ	14.011-JP2-JP2L- CGA	{5 <sup>th</sup> parameter of Image Header box} EQ "7"			
			2	М	14.011-PNG-CGA	Present(IHDR)	3		
			2	М	14.011-WSQ-CGA	Present(SOF) AND Present(4th and 5th parameters not counting the SOF marker)	3		
14.012- ConfirmedBPX	19.1.12	Field 14.012 shall contain the number of bits used to represent a pixel.	2	М	14.012-JPEGB- JPEGL-CBPX	{14.012} EQ {BPX}	3		
			2	М	14.012-JP2-JP2L- CBPX	IF {4 <sup>th</sup> parameter of Image Header box} NEQ "255", THEN {14.012} EQ {BPX}	3		
			2	М	14.012-PNG-CBPX	{14.012} EQ {BPX}	3		
			2	М	14.012-WSQ-CBPX	No Implementation	4		
Table_12_Subfields	19.1.13	The field value shall be selected from Table 12.	1	М	Table_12_Subfields: :14.013	{14.013} MO Table 12			
14.013::FGP++	19.1.13	Field 14.013: Finger position (FGP) Additional finger positions may be referenced in the transaction by entering the alternate finger positions as subfields separated by the ASCII RS separator character.	2	Μ	14.013::FGP++	Additional finger positions may be referenced in the transaction by entering the alternate finger positions as subfields separated by the ASCII RS separator character.			
Print_Position_Des criptors	19.1.14	This ASCII field shall be present if and only if the finger position code 19 appears in Field 14.013. This field shall consist of two mandatory information items. The first is the probable decimal finger position code (0-10) taken from Table 12. The second information item is	1	0	Print_Position_Desc riptors::14.014	{US_Subfield:1} GTE 0 AND {US_Subfield:1} LTE 10 AND {US_Subfield:2} MO Table 32	2,5		

		the code taken from Table 32 to indicate the portion of the EJI or tip image that is stored as a single image in the database. There may be up to 17 such images for a single finger. Images of full-length fingers use codes FV1 through FV4 as defined in Table 32. Figure 7 is an illustration of the Entire Joint Image for a middle finger with each of the full finger views and constituent parts identified.							
14.014::Print Position Descriptors Present	19.1.14	Field 14.014: Print Position Descriptors (PPD) This ASCII field shall be present if and only if the finger position code "19" appears in Field 14.013.	2	0	14.014::Print Position Descriptors Present	IF {14.013} EQ "19" THEN Present(14.014)			
Amputated_Or_Ba ndaged	19.1.18	The value shall be XX or UP.	1	0	Amputated_Or_Da maged::14.018	{14.018} MO [XX, UP]			
RESERVED_FIELDS	19.1.19	Field 14.019: Reserved for future definition (RSV) These fields are reserved for definition and inclusion in future revisions of this standard. None of these fields are to be used at this revision level. If any of these fields are present, they are to be ignored.	-	-	14.019::Reserved	Present(14.019)			
Subfields_Nx5	19.1.21	The field shall contain one or more rows of five subfields.	1	0	Nx5::14.021	Count(Subfields in 14.021 ) MOD 5 EQ 0 AND Count(Subfields in 14.021 ) GT 0			
Finger_Segment_Po sitions	19.1.21	This optional ASCII field shall contain offsets to the locations of image segments containing the individual fingers within the flat images of the four simultaneous fingers from each hand or the two simultaneous thumbs. The offsets are relative to the origin positioned in the upper left corner of the image. The horizontal offsets (X) are the pixel counts to the right, and the vertical offsets (Y) are the pixel counts down. A finger segment is defined by the FINGER NUMBER, the X coordinates (LEFT, RIGHT) and the Y coordinates (TOP, BOTTOM), of its bounding box. The five information items within a finger segment definition are separated by the ASCII US separator character. Individual finger segment definitions are	1	0	Finger_Segment_Po sitions::14.021	ForEach(RS_Subfield in 14.021) { Count(US_Subfield) EQ 5 AND {US_Subfield:1} MO Table 12 AND {US_Subfield:2 to 5} GTE 0 }	2		

		separated by the ASCII RS separator character If more than one algorithm is used to segment the image, successive sets finger segmentation positions shall be formatted as above and immediately follow the previous set.							
NIST_Quality_Metri c	19.1.22	This optional ASCII field shall contain the NIST Fingerprint Image Quality (NFIQ) scores for the individual finger(s) derived from the slap impressions or individual rolled fingerprints. It consists of two information items. The first item is the finger number between one and ten as chosen from Table 12. The second item is the quality score which is a quantitative expression of the predicted AFIS matcher accuracy performance of the fingerprint image. The scores range from 1 for the best quality image, to 5 for the worst quality image. A 254 indicates that no score was ever computed while an entry of 255 shall indicate a failed attempt to calculate the image quality metric. These two information items are separated by the ASCII US separator character. Individual finger quality definitions are separated by the ASCII RS separator character.	1	0	NIST_Quality_Metri c::14.022	ForEach(RS_Subfield in 14.022){ {US_Subfield:1} GTE 1 AND {US_Subfield:1} LTE 10 AND {US_Subfield:2} MO [1,2,3,4,5,254,255]}	2		
Segmentation_Qual ity_Metric	19.1.23	This optional ASCII field provides a measure of estimated correctness regarding the accuracy of the location of the segmented finger within the right or left four finger or two thumbs slap image. For each segmented finger, this field shall contain four information items separated by the ASCII US separator character. The first information item is the finger number between one and ten as chosen from Table 12. The other three items identify a quality score and the algorithm used to create the quality score. This information is useful to enable the recipient of the quality scores generated by different algorithms and adjust for any differences in processing or analysis as necessary. The second information item shall be a measure of estimated correctness regarding the accuracy of the location of the integer	1	0	Segmentation_Qual ity_Metric::14.023	ForEach(RS_Subfield in 14.023) { Count(US_Subfield) EQ 4 AND {US_Subfield:1} GTE 1 AND {US_Subfield:1} LTE 10 AND {US_Subfield:2} GTE 0 AND {US_Subfield:2} LTE 100 OR {US_Subfield:2} MO [254,255] AND {US_Subfield:3} MO [IBIA Vendor Registry] AND {US_Subfield:4} GTE 1 AND {US_Subfield:4} LTE 65535 OR	2		

		image quality score between 0 and 100						
		assigned to the image data by a quality				}		
		algorithm. Higher values indicate better						
		quality. An entry of 255 shall indicate a						
		failed attempt to calculate a quality						
		score. An entry of 254 shall indicate that						
		no attempt to calculate a quality score						
		was made. The use of additional values						
		to convey other information should be						
		harmonized with ISO/IEC 19794						
		standards. The third information item						
		shall specify the ID of the vendor of the						
		quality algorithm used to calculate the						
		quality score. This 4-digit hex value is						
		assigned by IBIA and expressed as four						
		ASCII characters. The IBIA shall maintain						
		the Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric						
		Organizations that will map the value in						
		this field to a registered organization.						
		The fourth information item shall specify						
		a numeric product code assigned by the						
		vendor of the quality algorithm, which						
		may be registered with the IBIA, but						
		registration is not required. It indicates						
		which of the vendor's algorithms was						
		used in the calculation of the quality						
		score. This field contains the ASCII						
		representation of the integer product						
		code and should be within the range 1						
		to 65535. This subfield is repeated for						
		each segmented finger whose						
		coordinates appear in field 14.021. The						
		ASCII RS separator character, separates						
		each set of four information items. For						
		the case where more than one						
		segmentation algorithm is applied to a						
		multi-finger plain image, the set of						
		segmentation information items for						
		each finger shall be ordered						
		corresponding to the entries in field						
		14.021.						
	19.1.23	Field 14.023: Segmentation quality	2	0	14.023::IBIA	The code exists in the IBIA Vendor		
IBIA_Quality		metric (SQM)			Quality_Vendor	Registry of CBEFF Biometric		
Vendor						Organizations.		
		The third information item shall specify						
		the ID of the vendor of the quality						
		algorithm used to calculate the quality						
		score. This 4-digit hex value is assigned						
		by IBIA and expressed as four ASCII						
		characters. The IBIA shall maintain the Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric						
		Organizations that will map the value in						

		this field to a registered organization.							
Fingerprint_Quality Metric	19.1.24	This field to a registered organization. This optional ASCII field is used to specify one or more different metrics of fingerprint image quality score data for the image stored in this record. The meaning attributed to this metric must be defined and interpreted by the producer of the scoring algorithm or by the person or system used to assign the metric to the fingerprint image. The metric may be a predictor of AFIS matcher accuracy performance or a different metric to indicate a value associated with the quality of the fingerprint image for a particular function.	1	0	Fingerprint_Quality _Metric::14.024	ForEach(RS_Subfield in 14.024) { Count(US_Subfield) EQ 4 AND {US_Subfield:1} GTE 1 AND {US_Subfield:1} LTE 10 AND {US_Subfield:2} GTE 0 AND {US_Subfield:2} LTE 100 OR {US_Subfield:2} MO [254,255] AND {US_Subfield:3} MO [IBIA Vendor Registry] AND {US_Subfield:4} GTE 1 AND {US_Subfield:4} LTE 65535 OR }	2		
IBIA_Quality Vendor	19.1.24	Field 14.024: Fingerprint quality metric (FQM) The third information item shall specify the ID of the vendor of the quality algorithm used to calculate the quality score. This 4-digit hex value is assigned by IBIA and expressed as four ASCII characters. The IBIA shall maintain the Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric Organizations that will map the value in this field to a registered organization.	2	0	14.024::IBIA Quality_Vendor	The code exists in the IBIA Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric Organizations.			
ASEG_1-4_Subfields	19.1.25	The field shall consist of 1 to 4 subfields.	1	0	ASEG_1_To_4_Subf ields::14.025	Count(Subfields in 14.025 ) MO [1-4]			
ASEG_3To99	19.1.25	This field uses an n-vertex polygon to encompass each finger image segment, where 'n' is between 3 and 99.	1	0	ASEG_3_To_99_Seg ments::14.025	Count(Subfield Vertices in 14.025 ) MO [3 to 99]			
ASEG_FingerNum	19.1.25	Each subfield shall consist of a finger number between 1 and 10, the total number of vertices of the polygon encompassing the finger, and the set of consecutive vertices.	1	0	ASEG_Finger_Numb er_1-10::14.025	ForEach(ASCII RS_Subfield in Record) { First(US_Subfield in RS_Subfield) MO [1 to 10] }			
ASEG_Order	19.1.25	The order of the vertices must be in	1	0	ASEG_Consecutive_	Angle.Direction.First EQ ((X,Y).1 To			

		their consecutive order around the perimeter of the polygon, either clockwise or counterclockwise.			Order::14.025	(X,Y).2).Angle.Direction; ((X,Y).2 To N- 1 to (X,Y).3 To N).Angle.Direction EQ Angle.Direction.First; ((X,Y).N To (X,Y).1).Angle.Direction EQ			
ASEG_XY_GE_Zero	19.1.25	Each vertex shall be represented as	1	0	ASEG_XY_GE_Zero::	Angle.Direction.First (X,Y) ST X GTE 0 AND Y GTE 0			
		horizontal and vertical pixel offsets relative to the origin positioned in the upper left corner of the image. The horizontal offsets (X) are the pixel counts to the right, and the vertical offsets (Y) are the pixel counts down from the origin.			14.025				
14.025 ASEG	19.1.25	The order of the vertices must be in their consecutive order around the perimeter of the polygon, either clockwise or counterclockwise.	2	0	ASEG_Consecutive_ Order	Not supported in this version	6		
14.025 ASEG	19.1.25	No two vertices may occupy the same location.	2	0	ASEG_No_Duplicate _Vertices	Each Vertex (X, Y) is unique			
14.025 ASEG	19.1.25	The polygon must be a simple, plane figure with no sides crossing and no	2	0	ASEG_Simple_Plane _Figure	No implementation	6		
14.025 ASEG	19.1.25	interior holes.	2	0	ASEG_No_Sides Crossing	No implementation	6		
14.025 ASEG	19.1.25		2	0	ASEQ_No Interior_Holes	No implementation	6		
14.025 ASEG	19.1.25	This field shall consist of one to four subfields.	2	0	ASEG_Num_Sub- fields	1 LTE Count( Subfields) LTE 4			
14.025 ASEG	19.1.25	Each subfield shall consist of a finger number between 1 and 10, the total	1	0	ASEG_Finger- Number	1 LTE Finger Number LTE 10			
		number of vertices of the polygon encompassing the finger, and the set of consecutive vertices. A minimum of	1	0	ASEG_3_To_99 Segments	3 LTE Segments LTE 99			
		three points is required to describe a finger location.	2	0	ASEG_Expected Information_Items	Expected Cols EQ 1 (Finger #) + 1 (# Vertices) + (2 * # Vertices ((x, y) pairs)) ExpectedCols = 2 + 2 * # Vertices			
14.025 ASEG	19.1.25	Each vertex shall be represented as horizontal and vertical pixel offsets relative to the origin positioned in the upper left corner of the image. The horizontal offsets (X) are the pixel counts to the right, and the vertical offsets (Y) are the pixel counts down from the origin.	2	0	ASEG_XY_Offsets_G E_Zero	For Each (X, Y) X GTE 0 AND Y GTE0			
14.025 ASEG	19.1.25	An ASCII US separator character shall be used to separate the finger number, the number of vertices, each X coordinate, and each Y coordinate.	2	0	14.025-US	Character separator between finger number, the number of vertices, each X coordinate, and each Y coordinate EQ "US"			
14.025 ASEG	19.1.25	Subfields representing each finger are delimited by the ASCII RS separator	2	0	14.025-RS	Character separator between subfields representing each finger EQ ASCII RS			

		character.							
RESERVED_FIELDS	19.1.26	Field 14.026-029: Reserved for future definition (RSV) These fields are reserved for definition and inclusion in future revisions of this standard. None of these fields are to be used at this revision level. If any of these fields are present, they are to be ignored.	-	-	14.026-029::- Reserved	Present(14.026 to 14.029)			
RESERVED_FIELDS	19.1.28	Field 14.031-199: Reserved for future definition (RSV) These fields are reserved for definition and inclusion in future revisions of this standard. None of these fields are to be used at this revision level. If any of these fields are present, they are to be ignored.	-	-	14.031-199::- Reserved	Present(14.031 to 14.199)			
14.999-ValidImage	19.1.30	Field 14.999 shall contain all of the data	2	М	14.999-Valid-	Length(Field 14.999) EQ {14.006} *			
		from a captured tenprint image.	2	М	Uncomp 14.999-Valid- JPEGB-JPEGL	{14.007} Present(SOI, SOF, EOI)	3		
			2	М	14.999-Valid-JP2- JP2L	Present(SigBox, HeadBox, Image Header box)	3		
			2	М	14.999-Valid-PNG	Present(PNGSIG, IHDR, IDAT, IEND)	3		
			2	М	14.999-Valid-WSQ	Present(SOI, SOF, SOB, EOI)	3		
14::FsAtEnd	19.2	End of Type-14 variable-resolution fingerprint image record For the sake of consistency, immediately following the last byte of data from field 14.999 an ASCII FS separator shall be used to separate it from the next logical record. This separator must be included in the length field of the Type-14 record.	1	Μ	14::FsAtEnd	Last(Byte in Record) EQ ASCII FS			
			Type 1	17 Requi	rements and Asser	tions			
17::FixedPositionFi elds	22.2	It is required that the first two fields of the record are ordered, and the field containing the iris binary data shall be	2 2	M M	17.001::LEN_First 17.002::IDC_Second	First(Field in Record) ST Type(Record) EQ 17 AND Field EQ 17.001 Second(Field in Record) ST			
		the last physical field in the record.	2	М	17.999::DATA_Last	Type(Record) EQ 17 AND Field EQ 17.002 Last(Field in Record) ST Type(Record)			
					_	EQ 17 AND Field EQ 17.999			
17::MandatoryField s	22.2, Table 37	For each field of the Type-17 record, Table 37 lists the "condition code" as	2	М	17::CondCode_M	IF "Cond code" EQ "M" in Table 37, the Field must be present in the record.			
		being mandatory "M" or optional "O"and occurrence limits.	2	М	17.xxx- MaxOccurrences	Count(17.xxx) LTE MaxOccurrences(17.xxx)			

			2	М	17.xxx-	Count(17.xxx) GTE			
					MinOccurrences	MinOccurrences(17.xxx)			
17::Len=Bytes	22.2.1	Field 17.001: Logical record length (LEN) This mandatory ASCII field shall contain the total count of the number of bytes in the Type-17 logical record. Field 17.001 shall specify the length of the record including every character of every field contained in the record and the information separators.	2	Μ	17.001::- Value=Bytes	{17.001} EQ Length(Record)			
17::IDC=TOC_IDC	22.2.2	Field 17.002: Image designation character (IDC) This mandatory ASCII field shall be used to identify the iris image data contained in the record. This IDC shall match the IDC found in the file content (CNT) field of the Type-1 record.	2	Μ	17.002::IDC=TOC IDC	The IDC value matches the corresponding IDC value in the content (CNT) field in the Type-1 record.			
17.006-HLL	22.2.6	Field 17.006 shall contain the number of pixels contained on a single horizontal	2	М	17.006-JPEGB- JPEGL-HLL	{17.006} EQ {Image Width}	3		
		line of the transmitted image.	2	Μ	17.006-JP2-JP2L- HLL	{17.006} EQ {Image Width}	3		
17.007-VLL	22.2.7	Field 17.007 shall contain the number of horizontal lines contained in the	2	М	17.007-JPEGB- JPEGL-VLL	{17.007} EQ {Image Height}	3		
		transmitted image.	2	М	17.007-JP2-JP2L- VLL	{17.007} EQ {Image Height}	3		
17.008-SLC	22.2.8	Field 17.008 shall specify the units used to describe the image sampling frequency (pixel density).	2	Μ	17.008-JPEGB- JPEGL-SLC	IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN {17.008} EQ {Sampling Units}	3		
			2	М	17.008-JP2-JP2L- SLC	No Implementation	4		
17.009-HPS	22.2.9	Field 17.009 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the horizontal direction of the transmitted image if the SLC field contains a 1 or 2. Otherwise, it indicates the horizontal component of the pixel aspect ratio.	2	Μ	17.009-JPEGB- JPEGL-HPS	IF {17.008} EQ "1" OR "2", THEN IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN {17.009} EQ {Horizontal Density}	3		
			2	М	17.009-JP2-JP2L- HPS	No Implementation	4		
			2	Μ	17.009-JPEGB- JPEGL-HorzAspect	IF {17.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {17.009} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		

			2	М	17.009-JP2-JP2L- HorzAspect	No Implementation	4		
17.010-VPS	22.2.10	Field 17.010 shall specify the integer pixel density used in the vertical direction of the transmitted image if the SLC field contains a 1 or 2. Otherwise, it indicates the vertical component of the pixel aspect ratio.	2	Μ	17.010-JPEGB- JPEGL-VPS	IF {17.008} EQ "1" OR "2", THEN IF Present(JFIF Header) THEN {17.010} EQ {Vertical Density}	3		
			2	М	17.010-JP2-JP2L- VPS	No Implementation	4		
			2	М	17.010-JPEGB- JPEGL-VerAspect	IF {17.008} NEQ "1" OR "2", THEN {17.010} EQ {Horizontal Density} / {Vertical Density}	3		
			2	М	17.010-JP2-JP2L- VerAspect	No Implementation	4		
Table_1_No_WSQ_ PNG	22.2.11	The field value shall be selected from Table 1. WSQ and PNG are not valid.	1	М	Table_1_No_WSQ_ PNG::17.011	{17.011} NOT MO ['WSQ', 'PNG'] AND {17.011} MO Table 1			
17.011- ConfirmedCGA	22.2.11	Field 17.011 shall specify the algorithm used to compress the color or grayscale image.	2	М	17.011-JPEGB- JPEGL-CGA	{17.011} corresponds to {SOF}	3		
			2	М	17.011-JP2-JP2L- CGA	{5 <sup>th</sup> parameter of Image Header box} EQ "7"	3		
17.012- ConfirmedBPX	22.2.12	Field 17.012 shall contain the number of bits used to represent a pixel.	2	М	17.012-JPEGB- JPEGL-CBPX	{17.012} EQ {BPX}	3		
			2	М	17.012-JP2-JP2L- CBPX	IF {4 <sup>th</sup> parameter of Image Header box} NEQ "255", THEN {17.012} EQ {BPX}	4		
17.013-CSP	22.2.13	Field 17.013 shall contain an entry from Table 3 to identify the color space used.	2	М	17.013-JPEGB- JPEGL-CSP	No Implementation	3		
			2	Μ	17.013-JP2-JP2L- CSP	IF Present(Colour Specification box), THEN {17.013} corresponds to {CSP}	3		
SubFields_1x3	22.2.16, 22.2.19	The field shall contain three subfields separated by an ASCII US separator	1	0	SubFields_1x3::17.0 16	(Rows, Cols) ST Rows EQ 1 AND Cols EQ 3			
		character.	1	0	SubFields_1x3::17.0 19	Count(Subfields in 17.019 ) EQ 3			
DeviceUniqueID	22.2.17	This optional field shall contain a	1	0	DeviceUniqueID::17	First(Byte in 17.017) MO [D, M, P] OR			

		sixteen-byte string uniquely identifying the device or source of the data. This data can be one of: (1) Device Serial number, identified by the first character "D", (2) Host PC Mac address, identified by the first character "M", (3) Host PC processor ID, identified by the first character "P", and (4) No serial number, identified by all zero's.			.017	Sum(Bytes(17.017)) EQ 0		
IBIA_Quality Vendor	22.2.24	Field 17.024: Image Quality Score (IQS) The second information item shall specify the ID of the vendor of the quality algorithm used to calculate the quality score. This 4-digit hex value is assigned by IBIA and expressed as four ASCII characters. The IBIA shall maintain the Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric Organizations that will map the value in this field to a registered organization.	2	0	17.024::IBIA Quality_Vendor	The value is in the IBIA Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric Organizations.		
NirVisOther	22.2.25	This optional field indicates the lighting spectrum used in capturing the iris image. Values shall be one of the following: NIR for near-infrared illumination (~700-850nm), VIS for visible full spectrum illumination (~380- 740nm), or OTHER for other illumination.	1	0	NIR_VIS_OTHER::17 .025	{17.025} MO ['NIR', 'VIS', 'OTHER']		
17.026-IRD	22.2.26, Table 37	Field 17.026 shall specify the expected iris diameter in pixels.	2	0	17.026-IRD	{17.026} LTE Min({17.006},{17.007})		
17.999-ValidImage	22.2.31	Field 17.999 shall contain the iris image.	2	М	17.999-Valid- Uncomp	Length(F13.999) EQ {13.006} * {13.007}		
			2	Μ	17.999-Valid- JPEGB-JPEGL	Present(SOI, SOF, EOI)		
			2	М	17.999-Valid-JP2- JP2L	Present(SigBox, HeadBox, ImgBox)		

# **Test Notes:**

1. Requirements related to International Character Sets are not tested in this version of the CTS.

# 2. Subfields are defined as follows:

- RS\_Subfield:N= Any subfield that uses the ASCII RS separator character. If N is specified, N represents the Nth such subfield in the field
- US\_Subfield:N = Any subfield that uses the ASCII US separator character. If N is specified, N represents the Nth such subfield in the field
- Subfield(s) = If a prefix is not specified (US or RS), then the type of subfield should be clear from the context of the requirement.

3. The table lists assertions for multiple image format types, however, based upon the compression algorithm specified in the record, specific image formats are to be tested in different ways. Features of the image metadata are defined as follows:

- Image Width
  - JPEG, JPEGL: 4<sup>th</sup> parameter of the Frame Header not counting the SOF marker
  - JP2,JP2L: 2<sup>nd</sup> parameter of Image Header box
  - PNG: 1<sup>st</sup> parameter of IHDR chunk
  - WSQ: 5<sup>th</sup> parameter of SOF not counting the SOF marker
- Image Height
  - JPEG, JPEGL: 3<sup>rd</sup> parameter of the Frame Header not counting the SOF marker
  - JP2,JP2L: 1<sup>st</sup> parameter of Image Header box
  - PNG: 2<sup>nd</sup> parameter of IHDR chunk
  - WSQ: 4<sup>th</sup> parameter of SOF not counting the SOF marker
- Image metadata markers
  - JPEG, JPEGL: SOI Start of Image, SOF Start of Frame, EOI End of Image
  - 0 JP2, JP2L: SigBox JP2 Signature box, HeadBox JP2 Header box, ImgBox Image Header box
  - PNG: PNGSig PNG Signature, IHDR IHDR Chunk, IDAT IDAT Chunk, IEND IEND Chunk
  - WSQ: SOI Start of Image, SOF Start of Frame, SOB Start of Block, EOI End of Image
- Sampling Units
  - JPEG, JPEGL: 4<sup>th</sup> parameter in JFIF Header not counting the APP0 Marker
  - JP2, JP2L: Undefined
  - PNG: 3<sup>rd</sup> parameter of PHYS chunk
  - WSQ: Undefined
- Horizontal Density
  - JPEG, JPEGL: 5<sup>th</sup> parameter in JFIF Header not counting the APP0 Marker
  - JP2, JP2L: Undefined
  - PNG: 1<sup>st</sup> parameter in PHYS Chunk
  - WSQ: Undefined
- Vertical Density
  - JPEG, JPEGL: 6<sup>th</sup> parameter in JFIF Header not counting the APP0 Marker
  - JP2, JP2L: Undefined
  - PNG: 2<sup>nd</sup> parameter in PHYS Chunk
  - WSQ: Undefined
- BPX

- JPEG, JPEGL: 2nd parameter of the Frame Header not counting the SOF marker
- $\circ$  JP2, JP2L: 7 LSB of 4<sup>th</sup> parameter of Image Header box + 1
- PNG: 3<sup>rd</sup> parameter of IHDR chunk
- WSQ: Undefined
- CSP
  - JPEG, JPEGL: Undefined
  - JP2, JP2L: 4<sup>th</sup> parameter of Colour Specification box
  - PNG: 4<sup>th</sup> parameter of IHDR chunk
  - WSQ: Undefined

4. The image metadata required to implement the assertion is not defined in the image standard documentation.

5. While the ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2007 standard defines only the "M" and "O" statuses for each field, this field is conditional upon the content of the other field(s).

6. The required algorithm for this assertion is under research.