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CMVP Approved Security Functions: CMVP Validation Authority Updates to ISO/IEC 24759	3	
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50 51	Gina M. Raimondo, Secretary
51 52	National Institute of Standards and Technology
53 54	James K. Olthoff, Performing the Non-Exclusive Functions and Duties of the Under Secretary of Commerce for Standards and Technology & Director, National Institute of Standards and Technology

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92	All comments are subject to release under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).

93

Reports on Computer Systems Technology

94 The Information Technology Laboratory (ITL) at the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) promotes the U.S. economy and public welfare by providing technical 95 96 leadership for the Nation's measurement and standards infrastructure. ITL develops tests, test 97 methods, reference data, proof of concept implementations, and technical analyses to advance 98 the development and productive use of information technology. ITL's responsibilities include the 99 development of management, administrative, technical, and physical standards and guidelines for 100 the cost-effective security and privacy of other than national security-related information in 101 federal information systems. The Special Publication 800-series reports on ITL's research, 102 guidelines, and outreach efforts in information system security, and its collaborative activities 103 with industry, government, and academic organizations. 104 Abstract 105 The approved security functions listed in this publication replace the ones listed in ISO/IEC 106 19790 Annex C and ISO/IEC 24759 6.15, within the context of the Cryptographic Module 107 Validation Program (CMVP). As a validation authority, the CMVP may supersede Annex C in 108 its entirety. 109 Keywords 110 Cryptographic Module Validation Program; CMVP; FIPS 140 testing; FIPS 140; ISO/IEC 19790; ISO/IEC 24759; testing requirement; vendor evidence; vendor documentation; security 111 112 policy. Audience 113 114 This document is intended for use by vendors, testing labs, and the CMVP to address issues that arise in cryptographic module testing. 115 116 **Supplemental Content** 117 Special Publication 800-140C, available at https://csrc.nist.gov/publications/detail/sp/800-140c/final, is the governing document until this revision is published as final. The updated final 118 119 may have minor changes, depending on comments received. 120 Note to Readers 121 Two changes were made to this document from the first draft of Revision 1 - both editorial. The first was to section 6.2 (Approved security functions) where the security function subsections 122

123 were renamed, modified, and recategorized. The second was to include the following two

124 standards from SP 800-140D: SP 800-90A, SP 800-90B.

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149 **1 Scope**

- 150 This document specifies the Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) modifications
- 151 of the methods to be used by a Cryptographic and Security Testing Laboratory (CSTL) to
- 152 demonstrate conformance. This document also specifies the modification of methods for
- evidence that a vendor or testing laboratory provides to demonstrate conformity. The approved
- security functions specified in this document supersede those specified in ISO/IEC 19790 Annex
- 155 C and ISO/IEC 24759 paragraph 6.15.

156 2 Normative references

- 157 This section identifies the normative references cited as ISO/IEC 19790 and ISO/IEC 24759. The
- specific editions to be used are ISO/IEC 19790:2012 and ISO/IEC 24759:2017. Please note that
- the version 19790:2012 referenced here includes the corrections made in 2015.
- 160 National Institute of Standards and Technology (2019) Security Requirements for
- 161 Cryptographic Modules. (U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC), Federal
- 162 Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS) 140-3.
- 163 <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.FIPS.140-3</u>

1643Terms and definitions

- 165 The following terms and definitions supersede or are in addition to ISO/IEC 19790
- 166 *None at this time*

167 4 Symbols and abbreviated terms

168 The following symbols and abbreviated terms supersede or are in addition to ISO/IEC 19790 169 throughout this document:

170 Canadian Centre for Cyber Security CCCS 171 Cryptographic Module Validation Program CMVP 172 CSD **Computer Security Division** Cryptographic and Security Testing Laboratory 173 CSTL 174 FIPS Federal Information Processing Standard 175 Federal Information Security Management/Modernization Act FISMA 176 NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology 177 SP 800-XXX NIST Special Publication 800 series document

5 Document organization

179 **5.1 General**

Section 6 of this document replaces the approved security functions of ISO/IEC 19790 Annex C
 and ISO/IEC 24759 paragraph 6.15.

182 **5.2 Modifications**

Modifications will follow a similar format to that used in ISO/IEC 24759. For additions to test requirements, new Test Evidence (TEs) or Vendor Evidence (VEs) will be listed by increasing the "sequence_number." Modifications can include a combination of additions using <u>underline</u> and deletions using strikethrough. If no changes are required, the paragraph will indicate "No change."

188 6 CMVP-approved security function requirements

189 **6.1 Purpose**

190 This document identifies CMVP-approved security functions. It supersedes security functions191 identified in ISO/IEC 19790 and ISO/IEC 24759.

192 **6.2** Approved security functions

193 The categories include transitions, symmetric key encryption and decryption, digital signatures,194 hashing and message authentication.

195 **6.2.1 Transitions**

Barker EB, Roginsky AL (2019) *Transitioning the Use of Cryptographic Algorithms and Key Lengths.* (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST
 Special Publication (SP) 800-131A, Rev. 2. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-131Ar2

• Relevant Sections: 1, 2, 3, 9 and 10.

200 6.2.2 Block Cipher

199

201 6.2.2.1 Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)

- National Institute of Standards and Technology (2001) *Advanced Encryption Standard* (*AES*). (U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC), Federal Information
 Processing Standards Publication (FIPS) 197. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.FIPS.197
- Dworkin MJ (2001) *Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: Methods and Techniques*. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD),
 NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38A. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38A
- 208Dworkin MJ (2010) Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: Three209Variants of Ciphertext Stealing for CBC Mode. (National Institute of Standards and

- Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38A, Addendum.
 <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38A-Add</u>
- 212Dworkin MJ (2004) Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: the CCM213Mode for Authentication and Confidentiality. (National Institute of Standards and214Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38C, Includes215updates as of July 20, 2007. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38C
- Dworkin MJ (2007) *Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: Galois/Counter Mode (GCM) and GMAC.* (National Institute of Standards and
 Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38D.
 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38D
- Dworkin MJ (2010) *Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: The XTS- AES Mode for Confidentiality on Storage Devices.* (National Institute of Standards and
 Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38E.
 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38E
- Dworkin MJ (2012) *Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: Methods for Key Wrapping.* (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD),
 NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38F. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38F
- IEEE Standards Association (2013) IEEE 802.1AEbw-2013 IEEE Standard for Local
 and metropolitan area networks—Media Access Control (MAC) Security Amendment 2:
 Extended Packet Numbering (IEEE, Piscataway, NJ). Available at
 https://standards.ieee.org/standard/802 1AEbw-2013.html
- 231 Dworkin MJ (2016) Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: Methods for
- 232 *Format-Preserving Encryption*. (National Institute of Standards and Technology,
- 233 Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38G.
- 234 <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38G</u>
- 235 6.2.2.2 Triple-DES Encryption Algorithm (TDEA)
- Barker EB, Mouha N (2017) *Recommendation for the Triple Data Encryption Algorithm* (*TDEA*) *Block Cipher*. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg,
 MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-67, Rev. 2.
- 239 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-67r2

- Dworkin MJ (2001) *Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: Methods and Techniques.* (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD),
 NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38A. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38A
 - Appendix E references modes of the Triple-DES algorithm.
- Dworkin MJ (2012) *Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: Methods for Key Wrapping.* (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD),
 NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38F. <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38F</u>

247 6.2.2.3 SKIPJACK

NOTE The use of SKIPJACK is approved for decryption only. The SKIPJACK algorithm has
 been documented in Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS)
 185. This publication is obsolete and has been withdrawn.

251 **6.2.3 Digital Signature**

252 6.2.3.1 Digital Signature Standard (DSS) (DSA, RSA, ECDSA)

- 253 National Institute of Standards and Technology (2013) *Digital Signature Standard (DSS)*.
- 254 (U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC), Federal Information Processing
- 255 Standards Publication (FIPS) 186-4. <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.FIPS.186-4.</u>

256 6.2.3.2 Stateful Hash-Based Signature Schemes (LMS, HSS, XMSS, XMSS^{MT})

- Cooper DA, Apon DC, Dang QH, Davidson MS, Dworkin MJ, Miller CA (2020)
 Recommendation for Stateful Hash-Based Signature Schemes. (National Institute of
 Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-208.
 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-208
- 261 **6.2.4 Secure Hash**

262 6.2.4.1 Secure Hash Standard (SHS) (SHA-1, SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384, SHA-512, SHA-512/224, and SHA-512/256)

- National Institute of Standards and Technology (2015) Secure Hash Standard (SHS).
 (U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC), Federal Information Processing
- 266Standards Publication (FIPS) 180-4. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.FIPS.180-4

267 6.2.4.2 SHA-3 Hash Algorithms (SHA3-224, SHA3-256, SHA3-384, SHA3-512)

- 268 National Institute of Standards and Technology (2015) SHA-3 Standard: Permutation-
- 269 Based Hash and Extendable-Output Functions. (U.S. Department of Commerce,
- Washington, DC), Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS) 202.
 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.FIPS.202
- 272 **6.2.5 Extendable Output Functions**

273 6.2.5.1 SHA-3 Extendable-Output Functions (XOF) (SHAKE128, SHAKE256)

- National Institute of Standards and Technology (2015) *SHA-3 Standard: Permutation- Based Hash and Extendable-Output Functions*. (U.S. Department of Commerce,
 Washington, DC), Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS) 202.
- 277 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.FIPS.202

278 6.2.5.2 SHA-3 Derived Functions: cSHAKE, TupleHash, and ParallelHash

279 Kelsey JM, Chang S-jH, Perlner RA (2016) SHA-3 Derived Functions: cSHAKE, KMAC,

- *TupleHash, and ParallelHash.* (National Institute of Standards and Technology,
 Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-185.
 - Gatthersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800
- 282 <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-185</u>

283 **6.2.6 Message Authentication**

284 6.2.6.1 Triple-DES

Dworkin MJ (2005) *Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: The CMAC Mode for Authentication.* (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg,
 MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38B, Includes updates as of October 6, 2016.
 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38B

289 **6.2.6.2 AES**

- Dworkin MJ (2005) *Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: The CMAC Mode for Authentication.* (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg,
 MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38B, Includes updates as of October 6, 2016.
 <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38B</u>
- Dworkin MJ (2004) *Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: The CCM Mode for Authentication and Confidentiality.* (National Institute of Standards and
 Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38C, Includes
 updates as of July 20, 2007. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38C
- 298 Dworkin MJ (2007) *Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation:*
- 299 *Galois/Counter Mode (GCM) and GMAC*. (National Institute of Standards and
- 300 Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38D.
- 301 <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38D</u>

302 6.2.6.3 HMAC

- National Institute of Standards and Technology (2008) *The Keyed-Hash Message Authentication Code (HMAC)*. (U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC),
 Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS) 198-1.
- 306 <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.FIPS.198-1</u>
- 307 Dang QH (2012) *Recommendation for Applications Using Approved Hash Algorithms*.
- 308 (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special
- 309 Publication (SP) 800-107, Rev. 1. <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-107r1</u>

310 6.2.6.4 KMAC

- 311 Kelsey JM, Chang S-jH, Perlner RA (2016) SHA-3 Derived Functions: cSHAKE, KMAC,
- 312 *TupleHash, and ParallelHash.* (National Institute of Standards and Technology,
- 313 Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-185.
- 314 <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-185</u>

315 6.2.7 Entropy Source

Sonmez Turan M, Barker EB, Kelsey J, McKay KA, Baish, ML, Boyle M (2018) *Recommendation for Entropy Sources Used for Random Number Generation*. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication
(SP) 800-90B. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-90B

320 6.2.8 Deterministic Random Bit Generator (DRBG)

Barker EB, Kelsey J (2015) *Recommendation for Random Number Generation Using Deterministic Random Bit Generators*. (National Institute of Standards and Technology,
 Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-90A, Rev. 1.
 https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-90Ar1

325 6.2.9 Other Security Functions

- 326 Kim Schaffer (2020) CMVP Approved Sensitive Security Parameter Generation and
- 327 Establishment Methods. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg,
- 328 MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-140D, as amended.
- 329 <u>https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-140D</u>

331 **Document Revisions**

Edition	Date	Change
Revision 1	[date]	6.2 Approved security functions
		Added/Modified: Security function subsection headers.
		Moved: SP 800-90A and SP 800-90B from SP 800-140D into this document.
		6.2.3 Digital Signature
		Added: SP 800-208, October 2020
		6.2.9 Other Security Functions
		Added: SP 800-140D, September 2020