

## FIPS 140-2 Non-Proprietary Security Policy for the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G and 7925G

### Introduction

This is a non-proprietary Cryptographic Module Security Policy for the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G and 7925G. This policy describes how the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G and 7925G meet the requirements of FIPS 140-2. This document also includes instructions for configuring the phones in FIPS mode.

This policy was prepared as part of the Level 1 FIPS 140-2 validation for the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G and 7925G.

FIPS 140-2 (Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 140-2 — Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules) details the U.S. Government requirements for cryptographic modules. More information about the FIPS 140-2 standard and validation program is available on the NIST website at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/groups/STM/index.html">http://csrc.nist.gov/groups/STM/index.html</a>.



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## FIPS 140-2 Submission Package

The security policy document is one document in a complete FIPS 140-2 Submission Package. In addition to this document, the complete submission package contains:

- · Vendor Evidence
- · Finite State Machine
- Other supporting documentation as additional references

With the exception of this non-proprietary security policy, the FIPS 140-2 validation documentation is proprietary to Cisco Systems, Inc. and is releasable only under appropriate non-disclosure agreements. For access to these documents, please contact Cisco Systems, Inc. See "Obtaining Technical Assistance" section on page 15 for more information.

### Overview

For workers who need to communicate while moving about the workplace or campus, the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G and 7925G provide wired phone capabilities in an easy-to-navigate, menu directed wireless phone. These phones can be programmed with six extensions or a combination of extensions and speed dials. Each have a 2-inch color display; speakerphone capabilities, a new combination charger and speakerphone stand. Additionally, the 7925G provides support for bluetooth headsets. The devices support mute, volume and an application button for push-to-talk via XML, and a long battery life (90 hours of standby time). Unique to the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G and 7925G is the capability of displaying text and graphics-based messages on the screen by using an XML-based format. The phones support the 802.11a, b, and g protocols. It also provides fast roaming, robust security, extension mobility support, services, configuration utility updates, user-profile enhancements, text-entry enhancements, Cisco Unified Contact Center and Unified Contact Center Express support, quality of service (QoS), and management across an end-to-end Cisco network.

The power of the Cisco Unified Communications family of products extends throughout the enterprise by delivering a powerful, converged wireless solution with intelligent wireless infrastructure and an innovative product with the new Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G and 7925G. The devices deliver on-campus mobility to users using the voice over wireless LAN. The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G and 7925G support a host of calling features and voice-quality enhancements. The devices are an advanced media IP phone i.e. delivers wideband audio capabilities. Besides wideband audio, Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G and 7925G also support presence which enables indication on the current status of other parties to users in a mobile WiFi environment. Because the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G and 7925G are designed to grow with system capabilities, features will keep pace with new system enhancements. The data sheet for the 7921G can be found on the Cisco website at

 $http://www.cisco.com/en/US/prod/collateral/voicesw/ps6788/phones/ps379/product\_data\_sheet0900ae cd805e315d.html. Likewise the data sheet for the 7925 can be found at http://www.cisco.com/en/US/prod/collateral/voicesw/ps6788/phones/ps379/ps9900/data\_sheet\_c78-followers.$ 

4890.html



Figure 1 - The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G



Figure 2 - The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7925G

# **Cryptographic ModuleValidation Level**

Table 1 lists the level of validation for each area in the FIPS PUB 140-2.

Table 1 Validation Level by Section

No.	Area Title	Level
1	Cryptographic Module Specification	1
2	Cryptographic Module Ports and Interfaces	1
3	Roles, Services, and Authentication	1
4	Finite State Model	1
5	Physical Security	1
6	Operational Environment	N/A
7	Cryptographic Key management	1
3	Electromagnetic Interface/Electromagnetic Compatibility	1
)	Self-Tests	1
10	Design Assurance	1
11	Mitigation of Other Attacks	N/A
	Overall Level	1

# **Physical Characteristics and Phone Interfaces**

The logical interfaces and their mapping for the 7921G and 7925G Phones are described in Tables 2 and 3:

Table 2 Cisco 7921G Physical Interface/Logical Interface Mapping

Physical Interface	FIPS 140-2 Logical Interface
802.1x Radio, 7921G Keypad, Data Port, 7921G Microphone,	Data Input
802.1x Radio, 7921G Speaker, Data Port, 7921G Display	Data Output
802.1x Radio, 7921G Keypad, Data Port	Control Input
7921G Display, 802.1x Radio, Phone Speaker	Status Output

Table 3 Cisco 7925G Physical Interface/Logical Interface Mapping

Physical Interface	FIPS 140-2 Logical Interface
802.1x Radio, 7925G Keypad, Data Port, 7925G Microphone, Bluetooth Radio	Data Input
802.1x Radio, 7925G Speaker, Data Port, 7925G Display, Bluetooth Radio	Data Output

Physical Interface	FIPS 140-2 Logical Interface
802.lx Radio, 7925G Keypad, Data Port	Control Input
7925G Display, 802.lx Radio, Phone Speaker	Status Output

v 1.4

### **Roles and Services**

The 7921G and 7925G phones can be accessed by turning the phones on.

As required by FIPS 140-2, there are two main roles in the 7921G and 7925G Phones that operators may assume: a Crypto Officer role and User role. The respective services for each role are described in the "Crypto Officer Services" section on page 6, and the "User Services" section on page 6.

### **Crypto Officer Services**

The Crypto Officer role is responsible for the configuration and maintenance of the phones. For the purposes of this test effort, the Crypto Officer will be defined as the operations and processes performed by the Cisco Unified Call Manager (CUCM). The authentication mechanism associated with the Crypto-Officer has not been tested for FIPS level one validation. The Crypto Officer services consist of the following:

- · Establish TLS sessions for configuration
- Perform configuration of the phone
- · Transport Keys to the phone
- · View Status of the phone
- Reboot the phone
- · Reset the phone
- Initiate Self-tests by rebooting the phone.

#### **User Services**

A user initialises the phone by turning it on. There is no login interface for the phone, as level 1 allows for implicit role assumptions. Some services may require the "\*, \*, #" key combination to access the features. The services available to the User role consist of the following:

- Make and Recieve Calls (Encrypt/Decrypt data)
- · Run Self-Tests
- · Customize Sound, Display, and keypad parameters
- View and EditNetwork Profile Parameters (SSID, DHCP Server, TFTP Server, etc)
- View and Edit System Configuration (Security, USB, and Wavelink)
- View and Edit Device information (CallManager, Network, WLAN, HTTP, Locale, Security, QoS, and UI information)
- · Display Model Information
- View Phone Status (Phone Status, Network Statistics, Call Statistics, Firmware versions, etc)

#### **Critical Security Parameters**

The services accessing the Critical Service Parameters (CSP)s, the type of access and which role accesses the CSPs are listed in Table 4.

Table 4Cisco 7921G and 7925G Phones Validation Level by Section

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CSP/Role/Service Access Policy	Critical Security Parameter	CSP 1	CSP 2	CSP 3	CSP 4	CSP 5	CSP 6	CSP 7	CSP 8	CSP 9	CSP 10	CSP 11	CSP 12
Role/Service													
User Role													
Make and Recieve Calls		r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Run Self-Tests		r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Customize Sound, Display, and keypad parameters		r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
View and EditNetwork Profile Parameters		r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
View and Edit System Configuration		r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
View and Edit Device information		r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Display Model Information		r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
View Phone Status		r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Crypto-Officer Role													
Establish TLS sessions for configuration		rwd	rwd	rwd									
Perform configuration of the phone		rwd	rwd	rwd									
Transport Keys to the phone		rwd	rwd	rwd									
View Status of the phone		rwd	rwd	rwd									
Reboot the phone		rwd	rwd	rwd									
Reset the phone		rwd	rwd	rwd									
Initiate Self-tests		rwd	rwd	rwd									

r = read w = write d = delete

# **Cryptographic Key Management**

The appliance use a variety of Critical Security Parameters during operation.

Table 5 lists the cryptographic keys used by the 7921G and 7925G Phones.

Table 5 Secret and Private Cryptographic Keys Used by the 7921G and 7925G

#	Key/CSP Name	Generation/ Algorithm	Description	Storage	Zeroization
1	Configuration File AES-128 Key	Generated by the CUCM	Key used to decrypt the configuration file once it is on the phone	Stored in volatile memory	Discarded from Volatile memory after use
2	sRTP Master Key (AES)	Generated by the CUCM and sent to phone in TLS session	Key used to generate sRTP session keys	Stored in volatile memory	via stream tear down or device reset.
3	sRTP Generated via the Encryption key (AES) Key used to encrypt/decr		encrypt/decrypt sRTP	Stored in volatile memory	via stream tear down or device reset.
4			Key used to authenticate sRTP packets	Stored in volatile memory	via stream tear down or device reset.
5	CUCM TLS Session Encryption key (AES/TDES) Generated via the TLS Protocol		TLS sessions keys based on the LSC for derivation	Stored in volatile memory	via stream tear down or device reset.
6	CUCM TLS Session Authentication key (HMAC)	Generated via the TLS Protocol	TLS sessions keys based on the LSC for derivation	Stored in volatile memory	via stream tear down or device reset.
7	WebserverTLS Session Encryption key (AES/TDES)	Generated via the TLS Protocol	TLS sessions keys based on the LSC for derivation	Stored in volatile memory	via stream tear down or device reset.
8	WebserverTLS Session Authentication key (HMAC)	Generated via the TLS Protocol	TLS sessions keys based on the LSC for derivation	Stored in volatile memory	via stream tear down or device reset.

Table 5 Secret and Private Cryptographic Keys Used by the 7921G and 7925G

#	Key/CSP Name	Generation/ Algorithm	Description	Storage	Zeroization
9	PRNG Seed Key	Multiple data bytes retrieved from time, date, MAC address, Serial number and HW RNG	Seed used to randomize the initialization of the PRNG	Stored in volatile memory	Reset or loss of power
10	LSC Private Key (RSA)	Generated by the module but converted into a certificate by the CAPF/CUCM (Note that the RSA keys generated must be at least a 1024 bit key)	Private key for locally signed certificates. Used for TLS negotiation with CUCM and Web Clients	/flash0/sec/lsc	Zeroized by resetting phone to default settings

#### Table 6 Public Keys

#	Key/CSP Name	Generation/ Algorithm	Description	Storage
11	LSC Public Key (RSA)	Generated by the module but converted into a certificate by the CAPF/CUCM (Note that the RSA keys generated must be at least a 1024 bit key)	Public key for locally signed certificates. Used for TLS negotiation with CUCM and Web Clients	/flash0/sec/lsc
12	Manufacturing Root CA Public Key	Generated during manufacturing	Certificate Authority Root Public Key	/flash0/sec/mic

### **Self-Tests**

The 7921G and 7925G Phones include an array of self-tests that are run during startup and periodically during operations to prevent any secure data from being released and to ensure all components are functioning correctly.

Table 7 7921G and 7925G Power-On Self-Tests

Implementation	Tests Performed
sRTP Library	Firmware Integrity Test
	Bypass Test
	AES KAT
	SHA-1 KAT
	HMAC SHA-1 KAT
RSA B-Safe C Micro edition	Firmware Integrity Test
	RSA KAT (signature/verification)
	AES KAT
	Triple-DES KAT
	SHA-1 KAT
	HMAC SHA-1 KAT
	PRNG KAT

The phone performs all power-on self-tests automatically at boot when FIPS mode is enabled. All power-on self-tests must be passed before a User/Crypto Officer can perform services. The power-on self-tests are performed after the cryptographic systems are initialized but prior to the initialization of the Wi-Fi interface; this prevents the phone from passing any data during a power-on self-test failure. In the unlikely event that a power-on self-test fails, an error message is displayed on the console.

Table 8 lists the conditional self-tests that the 7921G and 7925G phones perform.

Table 8 7921G and 7925G Conditional Self-Tests

Implementation	Tests Performed
sRTP	Continuous Random Number Generator Test for the non-approved RNG
	<ul> <li>Conditional Bypass test</li> </ul>
RSA B-Safe C Micro edition	Pairwise consistency test for RSA
	Continuous Random Number Generator Test for the FIPS-approved RNG
	Continuous Random Number Generator Test for the non-approved RNG

### **Mitigation of Other Attacks**

The 7921G and 7925G do not claim to mitigate any attacks in a FIPS-approved mode of operation.

### **Secure Operation**

The Cisco 7921G and 7925G phones meet FIPS 140-2 Level 1 requirements. This section describes how to place and keep the phone in a FIPS-approved mode of operation. Operating the phone without maintaining the following settings will remove the phone from the FIPS-approved mode of operation.

### **Crypto Officer Guidance – System Initialization**

The Crypto Officer must create a device security profile in Call manager. Below, find instructions on creating the device security profile.

- Step 1 Login to Call Manager
- **Step 2** Navigate to System -> Security Profile -> Phone Security Profile.
- Step 3 Click the Add New button
- Step 4 Select "Cisco 7921" or "Cisco 7925G" from the drop down box and click next.
- Step 5 From the Drop down box, select SCCP for the security protocol profile and click next.
- **Step 6** In the Name box, give an appropriate name such as "Cisco 7921 FIPS Security Profile", or "Cisco 7925G FIPS Security Profile", followed by an appropriate description.
- Step 7 In the section titled, "Phone Security Profile CAPF Information, Select the "Authentication Mode" to be "By Existing Certificate (Precedence to LSC), and select the key size to be 1024 bits.
- Step 8 Click "Save".

#### **Crypto Officer Guidance – System Configuration**

The Cisco 7921G and 7925G phones were tested with firmware version 1.3(2) (file name: CP7921G-1.3.2.TAR), version 1.4(1) (filename:CP7921G-1.4.1.TAR), version 1.4(3) (filename:CP7921G-1.4.3.TAR), and version 1.4(5) (filename: CP7921G-1.4.5.3.TAR). These are the only allowable images for the FIPS-approved mode of operation.

The Crypto Officer must configure and enforce the following initialization steps:

- Step 1 Login to Call Manager
- **Step 2** Navigate to phone page
- **Step 3** Select the 7921 or 7925 in the list of phones
- **Step 4** Click on the phone in question to navigate to the configuration page.
- **Step 5** Find the section titled "Protocol Specific Information" and select the device security profile that you created in the previous section above.
- **Step 6** At the bottom of the list of configuration items, select to enable FIPS mode.
- **Step 7** Save the configurations by clicking on save.
- **Step 8** Reset the phone by clicking reset

### **Approved Cryptographic Algorithms**

The Cisco 7921G and 7925G phones support many different cryptographic algorithms; however, only the following FIPS approved algorithms may be used while in the FIPS mode of operation:

- AES encryption/decryption
- Triple-DES encryption/decryption
- SHA-1 hashing
- · SHA-1 HMAC for hashed message authentication
- · RSA signing and verifying
- FIPS 186-2 for RNG

In addition, the following algorithms are FIPS-allowed:

• RSA encryption/decryption (used only for key transport)

Table 9 7921G Algorithm Certificates

Algorithm	sRTP Library	RSA Library
AES	987	988
Triple-DES	N/A	773
SHA-1	954	955
HMAC SHA-1	555	556
RNG	N/A	560
RSA	N/A	475

### **Non-FIPS Approved Algorithms**

The 7921G and 7925G implement the following non-FIPS-approved cryptographic algorithms:

- MD5
- MD5 HMAC
- RSA (allowed in FIPS mode for key transport) (key wrapping; key establishment methodology provides 80 or 112 bits of encryption strength)

## **Non-FIPS Approved Random Number Generators**

The 7921G and 7925G implement the following non-FIPS approved Random Number Generators

- · Hardware Non-Approved RNG
- · Software Non-Approved RNG

### **Related Documentation**

This document deals only with operations and capabilities of the phone in the technical terms of a FIPS 140-2 cryptographic device security policy. More information is available on the phone from the sources listed in this section and from the following source:

• The NIST Cryptographic Module Validation Program website (http://csrc.nist.gov/cryptval/) contains contact information for answers to technical or sales-related questions for the 7921G and 7925G phones.

## **Obtaining Documentation**

Cisco documentation and additional literature are available on Cisco.com. Cisco also provides several ways to obtain technical assistance and other technical resources. These sections explain how to obtain technical information from Cisco Systems.

#### Cisco.com

You can access the most current Cisco documentation at this URL:

http://www.cisco.com/techsupport

You can access the Cisco website at this URL:

http://www.cisco.com

You can access international Cisco websites at this URL:

http://www.cisco.com/public/countries\_languages.shtml

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http://www.cisco.com/go/marketplace/

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http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/products\_security\_vulnerability\_policy.html

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- Register to receive security information from Cisco.

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http://www.cisco.com/go/psirt

If you prefer to see advisories and notices as they are updated in real time, you can access a Product Security Incident Response Team Really Simple Syndication (PSIRT RSS) feed from this URL:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/products\_psirt\_rss\_feed.html

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• Emergencies—security-alert@cisco.com

An emergency is either a condition in which a system is under active attack or a condition for which a severe and urgent security vulnerability should be reported. All other conditions are considered nonemergencies.

• Nonemergencies—psirt@cisco.com

In an emergency, you can also reach PSIRT by telephone:

- 1 877 228-7302
- 1 408 525-6532



We encourage you to use Pretty Good Privacy (PGP) or a compatible product to encrypt any sensitive information that you send to Cisco. PSIRT can work from encrypted information that is compatible with PGP versions 2.x through 8.x.

Never use a revoked or an expired encryption key. The correct public key to use in your correspondence with PSIRT is the one linked in the Contact Summary section of the Security Vulnerability Policy page at this URL:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/products\_security\_vulnerability\_policy.html

The link on this page has the current PGP key ID in use.

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http://www.cisco.com/techsupport

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http://tools.cisco.com/RPF/register/register.do



Use the Cisco Product Identification (CPI) tool to locate your product serial number before submitting a web or phone request for service. You can access the CPI tool from the Cisco Technical Support & Documentation website by clicking the **Tools & Resources** link under Documentation & Tools. Choose **Cisco Product Identification Tool** from the Alphabetical Index drop-down list, or click the **Cisco Product Identification Tool** link under Alerts & RMAs. The CPI tool offers three search options: by product ID or model name; by tree view; or for certain products, by copying and pasting **show** command output. Search results show an illustration of your product with the serial number label location highlighted. Locate the serial number label on your product and record the information before placing a service call.

#### **Submitting a Service Request**

Using the online TAC Service Request Tool is the fastest way to open S3 and S4 service requests. (S3 and S4 service requests are those in which your network is minimally impaired or for which you require product information.) After you describe your situation, the TAC Service Request Tool provides recommended solutions. If your issue is not resolved using the recommended resources, your service request is assigned to a Cisco engineer. The TAC Service Request Tool is located at this URL:

http://www.cisco.com/techsupport/servicerequest

For S1 or S2 service requests or if you do not have Internet access, contact the Cisco TAC by telephone. (S1 or S2 service requests are those in which your production network is down or severely degraded.) Cisco engineers are assigned immediately to S1 and S2 service requests to help keep your business operations running smoothly.

To open a service request by telephone, use one of the following numbers:

Asia-Pacific: +61 2 8446 7411 (Australia: 1 800 805 227)

EMEA: +32 2 704 55 55 USA: 1 800 553-2447

For a complete list of Cisco TAC contacts, go to this URL:

http://www.cisco.com/techsupport/contacts

#### **Definitions of Service Request Severity**

To ensure that all service requests are reported in a standard format, Cisco has established severity definitions.

Severity 1 (S1)—Your network is "down," or there is a critical impact to your business operations. You and Cisco will commit all necessary resources around the clock to resolve the situation.

Severity 2 (S2)—Operation of an existing network is severely degraded, or significant aspects of your business operation are negatively affected by inadequate performance of Cisco products. You and Cisco will commit full-time resources during normal business hours to resolve the situation.

Severity 3 (S3)—Operational performance of your network is impaired, but most business operations remain functional. You and Cisco will commit resources during normal business hours to restore service to satisfactory levels.

Severity 4 (S4)—You require information or assistance with Cisco product capabilities, installation, or configuration. There is little or no effect on your business operations.

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• *iQ Magazine* is the quarterly publication from Cisco Systems designed to help growing companies learn how they can use technology to increase revenue, streamline their business, and expand services. The publication identifies the challenges facing these companies and the technologies to help solve them, using real-world case studies and business strategies to help readers make sound technology investment decisions. You can access iQ Magazine at this URL:

http://www.cisco.com/go/iqmagazine

or view the digital edition at this URL:

http://ciscoiq.texterity.com/ciscoiq/sample/

• Internet Protocol Journal is a quarterly journal published by Cisco Systems for engineering professionals involved in designing, developing, and operating public and private internets and intranets. You can access the Internet Protocol Journal at this URL:

http://www.cisco.com/ipj

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http://www.cisco.com/en/US/learning/index.html

### **Definition List**

AES—Advanced Encryption Standard CMVP—

Cryptographic Module Validation Program

CUCM—Cisco Unified Call Manager

CSP—Critical Security Parameter

DES—Data Encryption Standard

FIPS—Federal Information Processing Standard

HMAC—Hash Message Authentication Code

HTTP—Hyper Text Transfer Protocol KAT—

Known Answer Test

LED—Light Emitting Diode

MAC—Message Authentication Code

NIST—National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVRAM—Non-Volatile Random Access Memory

OSCP—Online Certificate Status Protocol RAM—

Random Access Memory

RNG—Random Number Generator

RSA—Rivest Shamir and Adleman method for asymmetric encryption

SHA—Secure Hash Algorithm

SSL—Secure Sockets Layer

Triple-DES—Triple Data Encryption Standard

TLS—Transport Layer Security

VOIP—Voice over IP Protocol

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